

# Us History Unit 1 Study Guide Answer Key

## WHI Midterm Study Guide **KEY**

### Unit 1: Beginnings of Civilization

1. What is Prehistory? **The time before written history**
2. What is the correct sequence of the Stone Ages? **(1) Paleolithic (2) Mesolithic (3) Neolithic**
3. What is a Hunter Gatherer? **People who move and find or hunt for food**
4. What was Homo Habilis known for? **Using Stone Tools**
5. Describe a Neanderthal: **Usually accepted as subset of *Homo Sapiens*, Remains discovered in 1850s in the Neander Valley, Germany, stocky bodies with thick bones, necks, and wide shoulders.**
6. What was the Neolithic Revolution? **An agriculture revolution, people started farming**
7. Which major Neolithic city currently under excavation is located in modern day Turkey? **Catalhoyuk**
8. What is Stonehenge? (What does it look like?) **A Neolithic structure located in England. It is made of large stones in a circle of arches.**

### Unit 2: River Valley Civilizations

9. What was Hammurabi known for? **His code of law**
10. What was Cuneiform, who developed it? **The first form of writing, Sumerians**
11. What is Polytheism? **Belief in many Gods**
12. What is Monotheism? **Belief in one God**
13. What is the Rosetta Stone? Why was it important? **A stone slab with a decree written in Egyptian Hieroglyphics and two types of Greek. It allowed historians to decode Egyptian hieroglyphics for the first time.**
14. Why was the Nile River important? **Provided water, fertile soil and transportation**
15. What does Mesopotamia mean? **Land between the rivers**
16. What is the Fertile Crescent? **Arc of land with fertile soil**
17. What is an Empire? **A single political unit or state with one leader**
18. What is a city-state? **A large city that is self-sufficient and self-governed**
19. Founder and sacred text of Judaism? **Abraham, Torah**
20. Who led the Jews out of slavery in Egypt? **Moses**
21. Who created the world's first alphabet? **The Phoenicians**

### Unit 3: Early Asian Civilizations

22. What were the first two major cities of the Indian Civilization? **Harappa and Mohenjo-Daro.**
23. What were the mountains that separated India from the rest of Asia and what was the pass that became the migration and invasion route? **Hindu-Kush and Himalayas. Khyber Pass**
24. What were the major rivers in the Indus Valley Region? **Indus and Ganges**
25. Describe the following aspects of Hinduism:
  - a. Reincarnation – **The cycle of moving forwards or backwards in a cycle of life, death, and rebirth**
  - b. Karma – **all thoughts and actions result in future consequences**
  - c. Vedas & Upanishads – **sacred texts of Hinduism**
26. What are the sacred beliefs of Buddhism and what do they talk about? **The Four Noble Truths and the Eight Fold Path. Living good lives and giving up the desire for material goods to reach nirvana.**
27. Who was the founder of Buddhism? **Siddhartha Gautama**
28. Who started the Hindu Caste System and what were the levels? **The Aryans**
  - a. Brahmin (priests)
  - b. Kshatriyas (warriors/gov officials)
  - c. Vaishyas (skilled)
  - d. Sudras (unskilled)
  - e. Pariahs (untouchables)
29. What is a Dynasty? **A kingdom or empire ruled by people of the same family**

## US History Unit 1 Study Guide Answer Key

Studying US history can be a daunting task, especially when it comes to understanding the early developments that shaped the United States. Unit 1 often focuses on pre-Columbian societies, European exploration, colonization, and the various interactions between Native Americans and European settlers. This study guide answer key is designed to help students navigate through these complex topics, providing clarity and context for each concept.

## Overview of Unit 1

Unit 1 typically covers a broad range of topics, including:

1. Pre-Columbian America
2. European Exploration
3. Colonization of North America
4. Interactions Between Native Americans and Europeans
5. The Development of Colonial Societies

Understanding these topics is crucial for grasping the foundational events that led to the establishment of the United States.

## **Pre-Columbian America**

Before the arrival of Europeans, North America was home to a diverse array of indigenous cultures.

### **Key Civilizations**

- Mound Builders: These societies, such as the Adena and Hopewell, constructed large earthen mounds for ceremonial and burial purposes.
- Pueblos: Located in the Southwestern United States, they built intricate dwellings and were known for their pottery and agricultural practices.
- Mississippian Culture: Known for their large, complex urban centers like Cahokia, they engaged in extensive trade and agriculture.

### **Societal Structures**

- Most societies were organized around kinship and communal living.
- Trade networks existed between different tribes, facilitating cultural exchange.

## **European Exploration**

The Age of Exploration brought Europeans to the Americas, driven by a desire for new trade routes, wealth, and territorial expansion.

### **Key Figures**

- Christopher Columbus: Credited with the “discovery” of America in 1492, though he believed he had reached Asia.
- Juan Ponce de León: Explored Florida in search of the Fountain of Youth.
- Hernán Cortés: Conquered the Aztec Empire in Mexico, opening the door for further Spanish colonization.

# Motivations for Exploration

1. Economic interests: Desire for gold, spices, and other resources.
2. Religious goals: Spread of Christianity and competition among European powers.
3. Political ambitions: Establishment of empires and territorial claims.

# Colonization of North America

The establishment of colonies marked the beginning of significant European presence in North America.

## Key Colonial Powers

- Spain: Established the first European settlements, including St. Augustine in Florida and Santa Fe in New Mexico.
- France: Focused on fur trading and established settlements in Canada and along the Mississippi River.
- England: Established Jamestown in 1607, the first permanent English settlement.

## Types of Colonies

- Royal Colonies: Directly controlled by the monarchy (e.g., Virginia).
- Proprietary Colonies: Granted to individuals or groups by the monarchy (e.g., Pennsylvania).
- Self-Governing Colonies: Operated with a degree of independence (e.g., Rhode Island).

# Interactions Between Native Americans and Europeans

The arrival of Europeans had profound effects on Native American societies.

## Impact of European Colonization

- Disease: European diseases, such as smallpox, devastated indigenous populations.
- Land Displacement: Europeans often claimed land for their colonies, leading to conflict with Native Americans.
- Cultural Exchange: Both groups exchanged goods, ideas, and technologies, though often under coercive circumstances.

## Key Events and Conflicts

1. Pueblo Revolt (1680): An uprising of Pueblo people against Spanish colonizers in present-day New Mexico.
2. King Philip's War (1675-1676): A conflict between Native Americans and English settlers in New England, resulting in significant casualties on both sides.

## The Development of Colonial Societies

As colonies took shape, distinct regional characteristics emerged.

### New England Colonies

- Economy: Based on shipbuilding, fishing, and small-scale farming.
- Society: Communities were often tightly-knit with a focus on religious conformity.

### Middle Colonies

- Economy: Known as the "breadbasket" of America for its grain production.
- Society: More diverse, with a mix of ethnicities and religions.

### Southern Colonies

- Economy: Reliant on plantation agriculture, utilizing slave labor for crops like tobacco and cotton.
- Society: Featured a strict social hierarchy based on land ownership and wealth.

## Conclusion

Understanding the foundational aspects of early American history is crucial for comprehending the evolution of the United States. Unit 1 provides insights into the complex interactions between diverse cultures, the motivations for colonization, and the establishment of different societal structures.

As students prepare for exams or discussions based on this study guide, they should focus on the key figures, events, and themes outlined in this document. Engaging with the material through discussions, essays, or presentations can further enhance understanding and retention of these crucial historical concepts.

In summary, the early history of the United States is characterized by exploration,

colonization, and the rich tapestry of cultures that contributed to the nation's foundation. By mastering these topics, students will be better equipped to analyze subsequent developments in American history.

## **Frequently Asked Questions**

### **What major events are covered in US History Unit 1?**

US History Unit 1 typically covers events from pre-Columbian societies, European exploration, colonization, and the early interactions between Native Americans and Europeans.

### **How did the Columbian Exchange impact both the New World and the Old World?**

The Columbian Exchange led to the transfer of plants, animals, and diseases between the Americas and Europe, significantly altering diets, economies, and populations on both sides.

### **What were the primary motivations for European exploration in the 15th and 16th centuries?**

The primary motivations included the search for new trade routes, the desire for wealth, the spread of Christianity, and national competition.

### **What role did the Mayflower Compact play in American democracy?**

The Mayflower Compact established a form of self-governance and is considered a foundational document for American democracy, emphasizing the importance of consent and majority rule.

### **What were the characteristics of early colonial life in America?**

Early colonial life was marked by agriculture, trade, a reliance on indentured servitude, and interactions with Native Americans, with significant regional differences in economy and society.

### **How did the Enlightenment influence American colonial thought?**

The Enlightenment introduced ideas of reason, individual rights, and questioning authority, influencing colonial leaders and contributing to revolutionary sentiments.

## What was the significance of the First Great Awakening in American history?

The First Great Awakening was a religious revival that emphasized personal faith and emotional connection to God, fostering a sense of unity and challenging established religious authority.

## How did the French and Indian War set the stage for the American Revolution?

The French and Indian War increased British debt, leading to higher taxes on the colonies, and created tensions over territorial claims, which fueled colonial resentment against British rule.

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