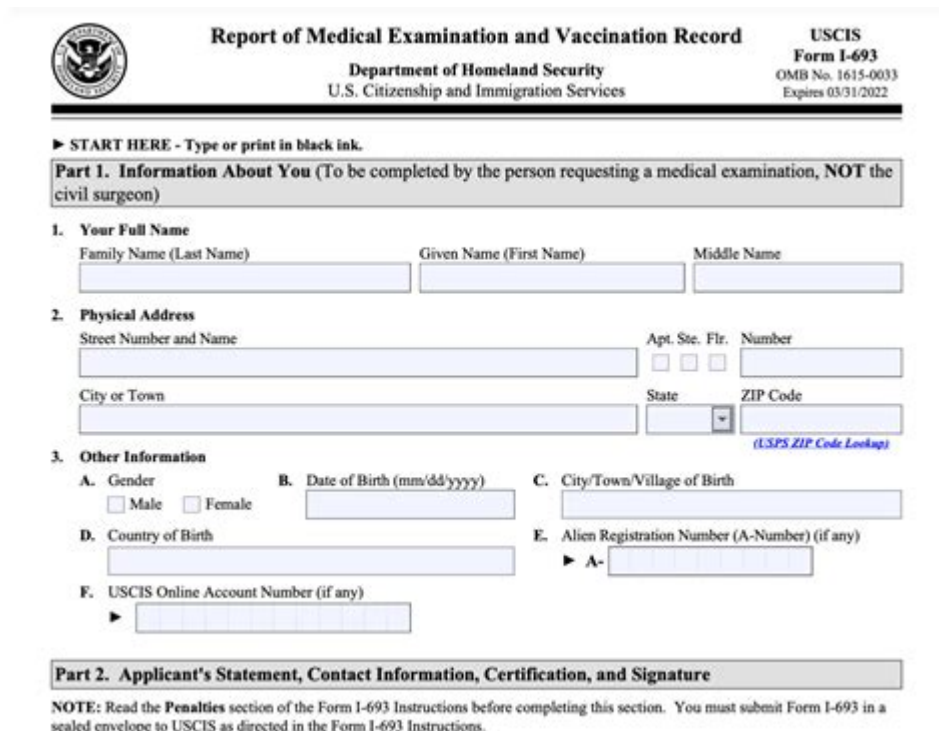


Uscis I 693 Medical Exam



The image shows the USCIS Form I-693, "Report of Medical Examination and Vaccination Record". The form is titled "Report of Medical Examination and Vaccination Record" and "USCIS Form I-693". It is issued by the "Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services". The form number is "Form I-693" and the OMB No. is "1615-0033". It expires on "03/31/2022".

Part 1. Information About You (To be completed by the person requesting a medical examination, NOT the civil surgeon)

1. Your Full Name
Family Name (Last Name) Given Name (First Name) Middle Name

2. Physical Address
Street Number and Name Apt. Ste. Flr. Number
City or Town State ZIP Code
(USPS ZIP Code Lookup)

3. Other Information
A. Gender ☐ Male ☐ Female
B. Date of Birth (mm/dd/yyyy)
C. City/Town/Village of Birth
D. Country of Birth
E. Alien Registration Number (A-Number) (if any)
F. USCIS Online Account Number (if any)

Part 2. Applicant's Statement, Contact Information, Certification, and Signature

NOTE: Read the Penalties section of the Form I-693 Instructions before completing this section. You must submit Form I-693 in a sealed envelope to USCIS as directed in the Form I-693 Instructions.

USCIS I-693 Medical Exam is a crucial component of the immigration process for individuals seeking to adjust their status in the United States. The medical exam is required by U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) to ensure that applicants do not have health conditions that could pose a threat to public health or safety. This article will delve into what the I-693 medical exam entails, the process involved, its significance, and tips for applicants to navigate this requirement successfully.

Understanding the USCIS I-693 Medical Exam

The I-693 medical exam is a mandatory evaluation for individuals applying for certain immigration benefits, particularly those seeking to become lawful permanent residents (green card holders). This exam is primarily focused on assessing the applicant's health status to identify any communicable diseases or medical conditions that might affect their eligibility for immigration.

Why is the I-693 Medical Exam Required?

There are several reasons why the USCIS requires the I-693 medical exam:

- Public Health Protection:** The primary goal is to prevent the spread of communicable diseases in the U.S. The exam helps identify applicants with diseases that could pose a public health risk.
- Assessment of Vaccination Status:** The exam checks whether applicants have received the required vaccinations, which are necessary for public health safety.

3. Evaluation of Mental Health: The exam may also evaluate any mental health conditions that could affect the individual's ability to function in society.

4. Legal Compliance: Completing the I-693 medical exam is a legal requirement for many immigration processes, ensuring that applicants are compliant with U.S. immigration laws.

The Components of the I-693 Medical Exam

The I-693 medical exam consists of several key components, all aimed at providing a comprehensive assessment of the applicant's health.

1. Medical History Review

During the examination, the civil surgeon will conduct a thorough review of the applicant's medical history. This includes:

- Previous illnesses
- Surgeries
- Current medications
- Any chronic conditions
- Family medical history

This information helps the civil surgeon determine if further tests or evaluations are necessary.

2. Physical Examination

The physical exam typically includes:

- Vital Signs: Measurement of blood pressure, heart rate, and temperature.
- General Appearance: Assessment of the applicant's overall health and physical condition.
- Body Systems Examination: Evaluation of the respiratory, cardiovascular, and gastrointestinal systems, among others.

3. Required Vaccinations

The USCIS has specific vaccination requirements that applicants must meet. The civil surgeon will verify the applicant's vaccination history and administer any necessary vaccines. Common vaccinations include:

- Measles, Mumps, Rubella (MMR)
- Tetanus and Diphtheria (Td/Tdap)
- Varicella (chickenpox)
- Influenza
- Hepatitis B

Applicants should provide documentation of previous vaccinations, if available.

4. Tuberculosis Testing

A vital component of the I-693 medical exam is testing for tuberculosis (TB). This is typically done through:

- Tuberculin Skin Test (TST): A small amount of tuberculin is injected under the skin, and the site is checked after 48-72 hours for a reaction.
- Interferon Gamma Release Assays (IGRAs): A blood test that can also be used for TB screening.

If the initial tests indicate a positive result, further evaluations, such as a chest X-ray, may be required.

Steps to Complete the I-693 Medical Exam

Completing the USCIS I-693 medical exam involves several steps, which can help streamline the process for applicants.

Step 1: Find a Designated Civil Surgeon

Applicants must locate a USCIS-designated civil surgeon to conduct the medical exam. This can be done through the USCIS website, which has a searchable database of civil surgeons based on location.

Step 2: Schedule an Appointment

Once a civil surgeon is identified, the applicant should schedule an appointment. It's advisable to call ahead and inquire about:

- Availability
- Costs associated with the exam
- Required documents to bring (e.g., vaccination records, medical history)

Step 3: Prepare for the Exam

Before attending the appointment, applicants should:

- Gather necessary documents, including any previous medical records and vaccination certificates.
- Prepare a list of current medications.
- Be ready to discuss health history openly and honestly.

Step 4: Attend the Medical Exam

During the appointment, the civil surgeon will conduct the exam and may require laboratory tests or vaccinations. It's essential to be honest during the medical history review, as any undisclosed health conditions can lead to complications in the immigration process.

Step 5: Receive Form I-693

After the examination and any necessary tests, the civil surgeon will complete Form I-693 and place it in a sealed envelope. This envelope must remain sealed and be submitted to USCIS as part of the immigration application process.

Common Challenges and Tips for a Smooth Process

While the I-693 medical exam is generally straightforward, applicants may encounter some challenges. Here are some common issues and tips to overcome them.

1. Missing Vaccination Records

Challenge: Many applicants may not have complete vaccination records, which can delay the process.

Tip: Contact healthcare providers to request vaccination records ahead of time. If records cannot be obtained, the civil surgeon can administer the required vaccines.

2. Language Barriers

Challenge: Language differences may complicate communication during the medical exam.

Tip: If needed, bring a friend or family member who can help translate. Some civil surgeons may also offer translation services.

3. Understanding Medical Terminology

Challenge: Medical terminology can be confusing, leading to misunderstandings.

Tip: Don't hesitate to ask the civil surgeon to explain terms or procedures you do not understand.

4. Emotional Stress

Challenge: The medical exam may cause anxiety or stress for some applicants.

Tip: Prepare mentally for the exam and remind yourself that it is a standard procedure. Bring a support person if it helps you feel more comfortable.

Conclusion

The USCIS I-693 Medical Exam is a vital step in the immigration process, ensuring that applicants are healthy and do not pose a risk to public health. By understanding the components of the exam, preparing effectively, and addressing potential challenges, applicants can navigate this requirement more smoothly. It is essential to approach the medical exam with transparency and to communicate openly with the civil surgeon to facilitate a successful outcome. Ultimately, completing the I-693 medical exam is an important milestone in the journey toward lawful permanent residence in the United States.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the USCIS Form I-693?

USCIS Form I-693 is the Report of Medical Examination and Vaccination Record that is required for individuals applying for adjustment of status to demonstrate they meet the health-related requirements.

Who needs to submit Form I-693?

Form I-693 must be submitted by individuals applying for a green card, including those adjusting status from within the U.S. and those applying from abroad.

What does the medical examination for Form I-693 include?

The medical examination includes a physical exam, a review of medical history, and tests for communicable diseases such as tuberculosis, syphilis, and gonorrhea.

Where can I find a civil surgeon for the I-693 medical exam?

You can find a designated civil surgeon by visiting the USCIS website and using their searchable database, or by asking your immigration attorney for recommendations.

How long is the I-693 medical exam valid?

The Form I-693 is valid for two years from the date of the civil surgeon's signature, but it must be submitted to USCIS before the expiration date.

What vaccinations are required for the I-693 medical exam?

Required vaccinations typically include those for measles, mumps, rubella, polio, tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, and influenza, depending on age and medical history.

Do I need to bring anything to my I-693 medical exam?

Yes, you should bring a government-issued ID, vaccination records, and any relevant medical records to your medical examination.

Can I submit Form I-693 after my green card application?

Yes, you can submit Form I-693 after filing your green card application, but it must be submitted before USCIS makes a decision on your case.

What happens if I don't submit Form I-693?

Failure to submit Form I-693 will result in delays or denials of your green card application, as it is a necessary component of the adjustment of status process.

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"Discover how to navigate the USCIS I-693 medical exam process effortlessly. Get tips

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