## Us History 1302 Exam 3

HIST 1302: History of the United States, 1865 to Present Exam #2 Study Guide

Multiple Choice Questions - 30 multiple choice questions @ 2 points each Matching & True/False Questions - 10 questions @ 2 point each

Questions will assess students' ability to 1) place terms in historical context, 2) provide specific and multifaceted details, and 3) highlight its historical significance that demonstrates comprehension and analysis of lectures and required readings.

Eugene V. Debs	National Woman's Party	Espionage & Sedition Acts
Settlement Houses	Marcus Garvey	The Square Deal
War Industries Board	2 <sup>nd</sup> Ku Klux Klan	Storyville
Longview Race Riot	18th Amendment	Committee on Public Information
Harlem Hellfighters	1913 Women's March	Characteristics of Progressives
Wilson's Fourteen Points	Treaty of Versailles	Works Progress Administration
Agricultural Adjustment Act	Social Security Act	Lend-Lease Bill
America First Committee	Yalta Conference	Jane Addams
Eleanor Roosevelt	FDR's Court-Packing Plan	Tensions Between Allied Powers in WWII
Operation Overlord	Battle of Midway	Fireside Chats
Emergency Banking Act	Tenement Houses	Chinese Exclusion Act
Woman's Christian Temperance Union	Booker T. Washington	W.E.B. DuBois

Written Response Portion of Exam

Primary Source Interpretation - 1 @ 20 points

Students will write a short answer response of at least 5-7 sentences analyzing a primary source image. Students should focus on answering the following questions:

What is the historical context of the image (The Progressive Era, The Great War, 1920s, Great Depression, The New Deal, World War II)? What is the

**US History 1302 Exam 3** is a pivotal examination that covers significant events, movements, and transformations in American history from the Reconstruction era following the Civil War through contemporary times. This period is marked by profound social, political, and economic changes that have shaped the United States into the nation it is today. In this article, we will explore key themes and topics that are essential for understanding this critical chapter in American history, making it a valuable resource for students preparing for their exams.

## Reconstruction Era (1865-1877)

### Overview of Reconstruction

The Reconstruction era was initiated after the Civil War with the aim of rebuilding the South and integrating formerly enslaved people into American society. This period was characterized by:

- The passage of the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments, which abolished slavery, guaranteed citizenship rights, and secured voting rights for African American men, respectively.
- Various Reconstruction Acts, which established military governance in the South and required states to create new constitutions that guaranteed

universal male suffrage.

- The emergence of organizations like the Freedmen's Bureau, which provided assistance to freed slaves and impoverished whites.

## Challenges and Opposition

Despite these advancements, Reconstruction faced significant challenges:

- 1. Resistance from Southern Whites: Many white Southerners opposed Reconstruction policies, leading to the formation of groups like the Ku Klux Klan that sought to undermine African American rights through violence and intimidation.
- 2. Political Conflicts: The period was marked by intense political strife, including the impeachment of President Andrew Johnson, who opposed many Reconstruction measures.
- 3. Economic Hardships: The South faced economic devastation, and sharecropping emerged as a system that kept many African Americans in a cycle of poverty.

## The Gilded Age (1870s-1900)

## **Economic Expansion and Industrialization**

The Gilded Age was a time of rapid economic growth, marked by the rise of industrialization. Key aspects include:

- The expansion of railroads, which facilitated national markets and the movement of goods.
- The rise of major industrialists like Andrew Carnegie and John D. Rockefeller, who dominated the steel and oil industries, respectively.
- An influx of immigrants that provided labor for factories and contributed to urban growth.

## Labor Movements and Social Change

As industries grew, so did the labor movement. Significant events included:

- The formation of labor unions, such as the American Federation of Labor (AFL), advocating for workers' rights and better working conditions.
- Strikes like the Haymarket Affair (1886) and the Pullman Strike (1894), which highlighted the tensions between labor and management.

## Progressive Era (1890s-1920s)

### Social and Political Reforms

The Progressive Era emerged as a response to the challenges of industrialization and urbanization. Key reforms included:

- Women's Suffrage: The movement gained momentum, culminating in the passage of the 19th Amendment in 1920, which granted women the right to vote.
- Prohibition: The 18th Amendment, enacted in 1920, prohibited the manufacture and sale of alcohol, reflecting the temperance movement's influence.
- Regulatory Reforms: Legislation, such as the Pure Food and Drug Act and the Meat Inspection Act, aimed to protect consumers from unsafe products.

## Key Figures of the Progressive Movement

Prominent leaders and thinkers emerged during this time, including:

- Theodore Roosevelt, who championed trust-busting and conservation efforts.
- Jane Addams, a social reformer who co-founded Hull House, providing services for immigrants and the poor.
- W.E.B. Du Bois, a civil rights activist who co-founded the NAACP and advocated for African American rights.

## The Roaring Twenties (1920-1929)

### **Cultural and Economic Boom**

The 1920s were characterized by significant cultural shifts and economic prosperity. Key features included:

- The Jazz Age, with the emergence of jazz music and cultural icons like Louis Armstrong and Duke Ellington.
- The Harlem Renaissance, a cultural movement celebrating African American literature and arts, led by figures such as Langston Hughes and Zora Neale Hurston.
- A consumer economy that promoted mass production and consumption, exemplified by the rise of automobiles and household appliances.

## Social Changes and Contradictions

Despite the prosperity, the 1920s also faced contradictions:

- 1. Racial Tensions: The resurgence of the Ku Klux Klan and race riots highlighted ongoing racial strife.
- 2. Prohibition: The illegal production and distribution of alcohol led to the rise of organized crime and speakeasies.
- 3. Women's Changing Roles: The flapper culture represented a shift in women's societal roles, yet traditional views still persisted.

## The Great Depression and New Deal (1929-1939)

## The Great Depression

The stock market crash of 1929 marked the beginning of the Great Depression, with devastating effects on the economy:

- Unemployment soared to nearly 25%, and banks failed, leading to widespread poverty and suffering.
- Dust Bowl conditions exacerbated agricultural hardships, displacing thousands of farmers.

### The New Deal

In response to the crisis, President Franklin D. Roosevelt implemented the New Deal, a series of programs aimed at recovery:

- Relief Programs: Initiatives like the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) provided jobs and relief for the unemployed.
- Reform Legislation: The Social Security Act established a safety net for the elderly, while the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) regulated the stock market to prevent future crashes.
- Economic Recovery: Programs like the Works Progress Administration (WPA) focused on infrastructure projects to stimulate economic growth.

## World War II and Its Aftermath (1939-1945)

### U.S. Involvement in the War

The United States initially maintained neutrality in WWII but was drawn in after the attack on Pearl Harbor in 1941. Key elements include:

- Mobilization of the economy for war production, leading to job creation and technological advancements.
- The military integration of women and minorities, with groups like the Women's Army Corps (WAC) and the Tuskegee Airmen serving valiantly.

### Post-War America

After WWII, the U.S. emerged as a global superpower. Major developments included:

- The establishment of the United Nations in 1945 to promote international cooperation.
- The beginning of the Cold War, characterized by tensions between the U.S. and the Soviet Union.

### Conclusion

As students prepare for the US History 1302 Exam 3, it is crucial to grasp the interconnectedness of these historical periods and their impacts on modern America. Understanding the complexities of Reconstruction, industrialization, social reforms, and global conflicts provides a comprehensive view of the forces that have shaped the United States. By studying these themes, students will not only excel in their exams but also gain insight into the ongoing narrative of American history.

## Frequently Asked Questions

## What were the main causes of the Great Depression in the United States?

The main causes of the Great Depression included the stock market crash of 1929, bank failures, reduction in consumer spending, and drought conditions that affected agriculture, particularly in the Dust Bowl regions.

## How did World War II impact the U.S. economy?

World War II significantly boosted the U.S. economy by increasing industrial production, creating jobs, and leading to technological advancements. The war effort reduced unemployment and ultimately helped pull the nation out of the Great Depression.

# What was the significance of the Civil Rights Act of 1964?

The Civil Rights Act of 1964 was a landmark legislation that prohibited discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. It aimed to end segregation in public places and banned employment discrimination, marking a major victory for the Civil Rights Movement.

## What was the purpose of the Marshall Plan?

The Marshall Plan, initiated in 1948, aimed to aid the economic recovery of

European nations after World War II by providing financial assistance to rebuild their economies, preventing the spread of communism and stabilizing the region.

## What role did the United States play in the Korean War?

The United States played a significant role in the Korean War by leading a United Nations coalition to assist South Korea in resisting the invasion by North Korea, ultimately resulting in a stalemate and the division of Korea along the 38th parallel.

## What were the key events of the Watergate scandal?

Key events of the Watergate scandal included the break-in at the Democratic National Committee headquarters, the subsequent cover-up by the Nixon administration, the revelation of the White House tapes, and President Nixon's eventual resignation in 1974.

## How did the Vietnam War affect American society?

The Vietnam War profoundly affected American society by sparking widespread protests, increasing distrust in the government, and leading to changes in U.S. foreign policy. It also brought about a greater awareness of issues related to veterans' rights and anti-war sentiments.

# What was the impact of the Roe v. Wade decision in 1973?

The Roe v. Wade decision in 1973 had a significant impact by establishing a woman's legal right to have an abortion, thereby shaping the national debate on reproductive rights and influencing subsequent legislation and court cases regarding women's rights.

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