

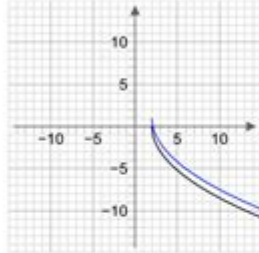
Transformations Of Functions Practice

Identify transformations of root functions given a parent function
Worksheet

Name: _____
Date: _____ Period: _____

1. Function h is a transformation of function g . h is graphed below in blue and g is graphed below in black.

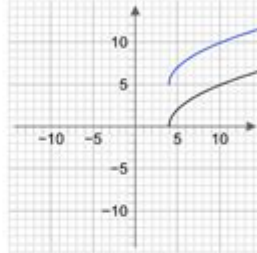
What is the formula for function h in terms of g ?



- ☐ $g(x) + 1$
- ☐ $g(x) - 1$
- ☐ $g(x + 1)$
- ☐ $g(x - 1)$

2. Function g is a transformation of function f . g is graphed below in blue and f is graphed below in black.

What is the formula for function g in terms of f ?



- ☐ $f(x) + 5$
- ☐ $f(x) - 5$
- ☐ $f(x + 5)$
- ☐ $f(x - 5)$

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Transformations of functions practice is an essential aspect of understanding how various mathematical functions behave and how they can be manipulated. In this article, we will explore the different types of transformations, provide examples, and offer practice problems to help reinforce your understanding. Whether you are a student preparing for an exam or just looking to refine your math skills, this guide will serve as a valuable resource.

Understanding Transformations of Functions

Transformations of functions refer to the changes that can be applied to the graphical representation of a function. These transformations can alter the position, size, or shape of the graph without changing the fundamental nature of the function. There are four primary types of transformations:

- **Vertical Shifts**
- **Horizontal Shifts**
- **Vertical Stretches and Compressions**
- **Reflections**

Each of these transformations can be represented mathematically, and understanding how to apply them is crucial for manipulating functions effectively.

1. Vertical Shifts

A vertical shift occurs when a function is moved up or down on the graph. This is achieved by adding or subtracting a constant value from the function.

- General Form: If $f(x)$ is the original function, the transformed function can be represented as:

- $f(x) + k$ (shifted up by k)
- $f(x) - k$ (shifted down by k)

- Example: Consider the function $f(x) = x^2$.
- The graph of $f(x) + 3 = x^2 + 3$ is the same shape as $f(x)$ but shifted up 3 units.
- The graph of $f(x) - 2 = x^2 - 2$ is the same shape as $f(x)$ but shifted down 2 units.

2. Horizontal Shifts

Horizontal shifts involve moving the graph of the function left or right. This transformation is achieved by adding or subtracting a constant value from the input variable x .

- General Form:

- $f(x + h)$ (shifted left by h)
- $f(x - h)$ (shifted right by h)

- Example: Using the same function $f(x) = x^2$:
- The graph of $f(x + 2) = (x + 2)^2$ is shifted left 2 units.
- The graph of $f(x - 3) = (x - 3)^2$ is shifted right 3 units.

3. Vertical Stretches and Compressions

Vertical stretches and compressions change the height of the graph without affecting its width. This transformation involves multiplying the function by a constant factor.

- General Form:
- $(a \cdot f(x))$ where $(a > 1)$ (vertical stretch)
- $(0 < a < 1)$ (vertical compression)
- Example: Using $(f(x) = x^2)$:
- The graph of $(f(x))$ when $(a = 2)$ becomes $(2f(x) = 2x^2)$, which stretches the graph vertically.
- The graph of $(f(x))$ when $(a = 0.5)$ becomes $(0.5f(x) = 0.5x^2)$, which compresses the graph vertically.

4. Reflections

Reflections flip the graph over a line, typically the x-axis or y-axis. This transformation is accomplished by multiplying the function by -1.

- General Form:
- $(-f(x))$ (reflection across the x-axis)
- $(f(-x))$ (reflection across the y-axis)
- Example: For the function $(f(x) = x^2)$:
- The graph of $(-f(x) = -x^2)$ is reflected across the x-axis.
- The graph of $(f(-x) = (-x)^2 = x^2)$ remains unchanged as it is symmetric about the y-axis.

Combining Transformations

One of the most powerful aspects of transformations is the ability to combine them. When multiple transformations are applied, the order of operations matters.

Order of Transformations

The general order in which transformations should be applied is as follows:

1. Reflections
2. Stretches/Compressions
3. Horizontal Shifts
4. Vertical Shifts

Understanding this order will help you predict the final position and shape of the graph after all transformations have been applied.

Example of Combined Transformations

Let's consider the function $f(x) = x^2$ and apply the following transformations:

1. Reflect across the x-axis.
2. Stretch vertically by a factor of 3.
3. Shift horizontally to the right by 2 units.
4. Shift vertically up by 1 unit.

- Start with $f(x) = x^2$.
- Reflect: $-f(x) = -x^2$.
- Stretch: $-3f(x) = -3x^2$.
- Horizontal shift: $-3f(x - 2) = -3(x - 2)^2$.
- Vertical shift: $-3(x - 2)^2 + 1$.

The final transformed function is:

$$g(x) = -3(x - 2)^2 + 1$$

Practice Problems

To reinforce your understanding, here are some practice problems. Try applying the transformations discussed above.

1. Start with the function $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ and:

1. Reflect it across the y-axis.
2. Shift it down 4 units.
3. Compress it vertically by a factor of 0.5.

2. Begin with $f(x) = |x|$ and:

1. Shift it left by 3 units.
2. Stretch it vertically by a factor of 2.
3. Reflect it across the x-axis.

3. Consider $f(x) = \sin(x)$ and:

1. Stretch it vertically by a factor of 3.
2. Shift it right by $\frac{\pi}{2}$ units.

3. Reflect it across the x-axis.

Conclusion

Understanding and practicing transformations of functions is a fundamental skill in mathematics that has applications in algebra, calculus, and beyond. By mastering these concepts, you can gain a deeper insight into the behavior of functions and improve your problem-solving skills. Be sure to practice regularly, experiment with different functions, and apply the transformations in various contexts to solidify your understanding.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is a function transformation?

A function transformation refers to the process of changing the position, size, or shape of a function's graph through operations such as translation, reflection, stretching, or compression.

How do you translate a function vertically?

To translate a function vertically, you add or subtract a constant from the function's output. For example, for the function $f(x)$, the transformation $f(x) + k$ shifts the graph up by k units if k is positive and down if k is negative.

What effect does multiplying a function by a negative number have?

Multiplying a function by a negative number reflects the graph across the x-axis. For instance, if $f(x)$ is the original function, $-f(x)$ will show this reflection.

How can you stretch or compress a function vertically?

To stretch or compress a function vertically, you multiply the function by a constant greater than 1 to stretch it or a constant between 0 and 1 to compress it. For example, $k f(x)$ where $k > 1$ stretches the graph.

What is the result of a horizontal translation of a function?

A horizontal translation shifts the graph of the function left or right. This is done by adjusting the input variable, such as $f(x - h)$ for a right shift by h units or $f(x + h)$ for a left shift.

How do you determine the new vertex of a transformed quadratic function?

The new vertex of a transformed quadratic function can be found by applying the transformations sequentially to the original vertex of the function. For example, if the original vertex is (h, k) and the function is transformed to $f(x) = a(x - h')^2 + k'$, the new vertex is (h', k') .

What is a reflection transformation?

A reflection transformation flips the graph of a function over a specific axis. Reflecting over the x-axis involves negating the output (y-values), while reflecting over the y-axis involves negating the input (x-values).

Can transformations be combined? If so, how?

Yes, transformations can be combined by applying multiple transformations sequentially. For example, you can first translate a function vertically and then stretch it vertically, or reflect it and then translate it horizontally.

What is the impact of a horizontal compression on a function's graph?

A horizontal compression of a function occurs when the input variable is multiplied by a constant greater than 1. This transformation makes the graph of the function narrower, as it effectively speeds up the rate at which the output changes.

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