

Triangle Congruence Practice Problems

Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____

CONGRUENT TRIANGLE practice 2

Direction: State if the triangles are congruent by SSS, SAS, ASA, AAS, or HL. If the triangles are not congruent, write "no". *Triangles may not be drawn to scale.* For #10-12, finish the congruency statement.

1.	2.	3.
4.	5.	6.
7.	8.	9.
10. $\triangle BCA \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 	11. $\triangle JLK \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 	12. $\triangle QTR \cong \triangle \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

© Lindsay Bowden, 2018

Triangle congruence practice problems are essential for students to master the concepts of geometry. Understanding the different criteria for triangle congruence not only reinforces geometric principles but also enhances problem-solving skills. This article will explore various triangle congruence criteria, present practice problems, and provide solutions to strengthen your understanding of this vital topic in geometry.

Understanding Triangle Congruence Criteria

Before diving into practice problems, it's crucial to familiarize yourself with the different criteria that determine whether two triangles are

congruent. Congruent triangles are triangles that have the same size and shape, meaning their corresponding sides and angles are equal. The main criteria for triangle congruence include:

1. Side-Side-Side (SSS) Congruence Criterion

- If three sides of one triangle are equal to three sides of another triangle, then the triangles are congruent.

2. Side-Angle-Side (SAS) Congruence Criterion

- If two sides of one triangle and the included angle are equal to two sides of another triangle and the included angle, then the triangles are congruent.

3. Angle-Side-Angle (ASA) Congruence Criterion

- If two angles and the side between them in one triangle are equal to two angles and the side between them in another triangle, then the triangles are congruent.

4. Angle-Angle-Side (AAS) Congruence Criterion

- If two angles and a non-included side of one triangle are equal to two angles and the corresponding non-included side of another triangle, then the triangles are congruent.

5. Hypotenuse-Leg (HL) Congruence Criterion (for Right Triangles)

- If the hypotenuse and one leg of a right triangle are equal to the hypotenuse and one leg of another right triangle, then the triangles are congruent.

Practice Problems

Now that you are familiar with the triangle congruence criteria, it's time to practice. Below are various practice problems that will help reinforce your understanding of triangle congruence.

Problem Set 1: SSS Congruence

1. Triangle ABC has sides $AB = 5$ cm, $BC = 7$ cm, and $AC = 8$ cm. Triangle DEF

has sides $DE = 5$ cm, $EF = 7$ cm, and $DF = 8$ cm. Are triangles ABC and DEF congruent? Justify your answer using the SSS criterion.

2. Triangle GHI has sides $GH = 10$ m, $HI = 6$ m, and $GI = 8$ m. Triangle JKL has sides $JK = 10$ m, $KL = 6$ m, and $JL = 8$ m. Are triangles GHI and JKL congruent? Provide a detailed explanation.

Problem Set 2: SAS Congruence

3. Triangle MNO has sides $MN = 4$ inches, $NO = 3$ inches, and angle $M = 50^\circ$. Triangle PQR has sides $PQ = 4$ inches, $QR = 3$ inches, and angle $P = 50^\circ$. Are triangles MNO and PQR congruent? Explain your reasoning.

4. Triangle STU has sides $ST = 9$ cm, $TU = 5$ cm, and angle $T = 45^\circ$. Triangle VWX has sides $VW = 9$ cm, $WX = 5$ cm, and angle $W = 45^\circ$. Determine if triangles STU and VWX are congruent using the SAS criterion.

Problem Set 3: ASA Congruence

5. In triangle ABC, angle $A = 30^\circ$, angle $B = 60^\circ$, and side $AB = 10$ m. In triangle DEF, angle $D = 30^\circ$, angle $E = 60^\circ$, and side $DE = 10$ m. Are triangles ABC and DEF congruent? Justify your answer using the ASA criterion.

6. Triangle GHI has angles $G = 45^\circ$, $H = 45^\circ$, and side $GH = 7$ cm. Triangle JKL has angles $J = 45^\circ$, $K = 45^\circ$, and side $JK = 7$ cm. Show that triangles GHI and JKL are congruent.

Problem Set 4: AAS Congruence

7. Triangle MNO has angles $M = 70^\circ$, $N = 40^\circ$, and side $MN = 5$ cm. Triangle PQR has angles $P = 70^\circ$, $Q = 40^\circ$, and side $PQ = 5$ cm. Are triangles MNO and PQR congruent? Explain using the AAS criterion.

8. In triangle STU, angle $S = 50^\circ$, angle $T = 30^\circ$, and side $ST = 4$ m. In triangle VWX, angle $V = 50^\circ$, angle $W = 30^\circ$, and side $VW = 4$ m. Are triangles STU and VWX congruent? Provide justification.

Problem Set 5: HL Congruence (Right Triangles)

9. Triangle ABC is a right triangle with hypotenuse $AB = 13$ cm and leg $AC = 5$ cm. Triangle DEF is also a right triangle with hypotenuse $DE = 13$ cm and leg $DF = 5$ cm. Are triangles ABC and DEF congruent? Explain your reasoning using the HL criterion.

10. Triangle XYZ is a right triangle with hypotenuse $XY = 10$ m and leg $XZ = 6$ m. Triangle PQR is a right triangle with hypotenuse $PQ = 10$ m and leg $PR = 6$ m. Determine if triangles XYZ and PQR are congruent using the HL criterion.

Solutions to Practice Problems

Now that you have attempted the problems, let's go through the solutions to solidify your understanding.

Solutions to Problem Set 1: SSS Congruence

1. Yes, triangles ABC and DEF are congruent by the SSS criterion since all their corresponding sides are equal.

2. Yes, triangles GHI and JKL are congruent by the SSS criterion, as all their sides are equal.

Solutions to Problem Set 2: SAS Congruence

3. Yes, triangles MNO and PQR are congruent by the SAS criterion because two sides and the included angle are equal.

4. Yes, triangles STU and VWX are congruent by the SAS criterion, as the two sides and the included angle are the same.

Solutions to Problem Set 3: ASA Congruence

5. Yes, triangles ABC and DEF are congruent by the ASA criterion since two angles and the included side are equal.

6. Yes, triangles GHI and JKL are congruent by the ASA criterion, as two angles and the included side are the same.

Solutions to Problem Set 4: AAS Congruence

7. Yes, triangles MNO and PQR are congruent by the AAS criterion, as two angles and a non-included side are equal.

8. Yes, triangles STU and VWX are congruent by the AAS criterion for the same reasons.

Solutions to Problem Set 5: HL Congruence (Right Triangles)

9. Yes, triangles ABC and DEF are congruent by the HL criterion because the hypotenuses and one leg are equal.

10. Yes, triangles XYZ and PQR are congruent by the HL criterion as they have equal hypotenuses and one corresponding leg.

Conclusion

In conclusion, triangle congruence practice problems are an essential part of mastering geometry. Understanding different congruence criteria allows students to analyze and determine the relationships between triangles effectively. Through practice, students can enhance their problem-solving skills and build a strong foundation in geometry that will serve them well in future mathematical endeavors. As you continue to work through problems, remember to apply the appropriate criteria and justify your reasoning clearly. Happy studying!

Frequently Asked Questions

What are the different methods to prove triangle congruence?

The different methods to prove triangle congruence include Side-Side-Side (SSS), Side-Angle-Side (SAS), Angle-Side-Angle (ASA), Angle-Angle-Side (AAS), and Hypotenuse-Leg (HL) for right triangles.

How do you apply the SAS criterion in triangle congruence problems?

To apply the SAS criterion, you need to show that two sides of one triangle are equal to two sides of another triangle and that the angle between those two sides is also equal.

What is the importance of corresponding parts in triangle congruence?

Corresponding parts of congruent triangles are equal, which allows us to conclude that if two triangles are congruent, all their corresponding sides and angles are equal.

Can two triangles be congruent if only one angle and two sides are known?

No, two triangles cannot be conclusively determined as congruent with only one angle and two sides known unless the included angle is provided, which is covered by the SAS criterion.

What are some common mistakes to avoid when solving triangle congruence problems?

Common mistakes include misidentifying corresponding parts, assuming triangles are congruent based on non-included angles, and failing to apply the correct congruence criteria.

How can diagram sketching help in solving triangle congruence problems?

Sketching diagrams can help visualize the relationships between sides and angles, making it easier to identify congruence criteria and understand the problem.

What role does the concept of parallel lines play in triangle congruence?

Parallel lines can create congruent alternate interior angles, which can be used in conjunction with triangle congruence criteria like ASA or AAS.

Find other PDF article:

<https://soc.up.edu.ph/50-draft/pdf?trackid=StG01-4305&title=recursive-formula-for-arithmetic-sequence-worksheet.pdf>

[Triangle Congruence Practice Problems](#)

Triangle -

Oct 16, 2009 · Triangle Jess

Triangle -

30 01 Triangle

()

May 21, 2022 · Carl Yaya

MATLAB Fill Triangle - Project

May 13, 2018 · MATLAB FILL TRIANGLE Project 2018-05-13

Triangle Project

Triangle Project Triangle Project "Project" Project

Project Triangle Strategy ...

2021 2 18 Project TRIANGLE STRATEGY ...

Triangle (Project)

Jan 6, 2009 · Triangle Project 180 Project 2009

Triangle (2371) - Project

Jan 30, 2010 · Triangle Project Jess Project

Triangle (FEM)

Oct 28, 2023 · Triangle 1943 Project

Triangle (Project)

Jul 15, 2024 · In the four-part series, a fire tears through a holiday home in a scenic Lancashire lake town. Detective Ember Manning must work out how it connects to a podcast journalist ...

Triangle - Project

Oct 16, 2009 · Triangle Project Jess Project ...

Triangle Project - Project

30 Project 01 Triangle Project ...

Triangle (Project)

May 21, 2022 · Carl Yaya Project ...

MATLAB Fill Triangle - Project

May 13, 2018 · MATLAB FILL TRIANGLE Project 2018-05-13

Triangle Project

Triangle Project Triangle Project "Project" Project ...

Master triangle congruence with our engaging practice problems! Enhance your skills and understanding. Discover how to solve these challenges effectively!

[Back to Home](#)