

Study Guide The Great Gatsby

The Great Gatsby Study Guide

Worth 15 Extra Credit Points!

You will be given your test in pieces—matching and multiple choice first, then short answer and short essay questions last. I have marked how many points each section is worth. **The test will start TUESDAY, April 20th. You will WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY to complete the test.**

Characters: Write a brief description of these characters: (10 points)

1. Nick:
2. Gatsby:
3. Myrtle:
4. George Wilson:
5. Wolfshiem:
6. Henry C. Gatz:
7. Dr. T.J. Eckleburg:
8. Daisy:
9. Tom:
10. Jordan:

Multiple Choice: Write the answers to the following questions. There will be 35 multiple choice questions; these are just a sample of some of the questions: (25 points)

11. Where is Gatsby's mansion located?
12. What is Jordan Baker's occupation?
13. What is Gatsby's home state?
14. Why did Gatsby drop out of college?
15. Where is the Valley of the Ashes located?
16. How are Daisy and Nick related?
17. In what year is *The Great Gatsby* set?
18. What did Fitzgerald call the 1920s?
19. Where did Nick and Tom go to school?
20. At the end of the novel, Daisy chooses to be with?

Short Answer: Answer the following questions with one word to two to three sentences, as needed. These are just a sample of some of the questions: (35 points)

21. What event preceded the "roaring twenties" and perhaps even contributed to it?
22. What characters in the novel are similar to the author and HOW are these characters similar to the author? List at least **TWO**:

Study Guide: The Great Gatsby

The Great Gatsby, written by F. Scott Fitzgerald and published in 1925, is a novel that explores themes of wealth, love, and the American Dream during the Jazz Age. It presents a vivid portrayal of the Roaring Twenties, characterized by social upheaval, materialism, and the pursuit of happiness. This study guide aims to provide an in-depth analysis of the novel, its characters, themes, and narrative techniques, making it an essential resource for students and readers alike.

Summary of The Great Gatsby

The Great Gatsby is narrated by Nick Carraway, a Yale graduate and veteran of World War I who moves to West Egg, Long Island, to work in the bond business. He is drawn into the world of his mysterious neighbor, Jay Gatsby, a wealthy man known for his extravagant parties and elusive past. As Nick becomes more involved with Gatsby, he learns about Gatsby's obsessive love for Daisy Buchanan, Nick's cousin and a married woman. The story unfolds against a backdrop of wealth, love, and moral decay, culminating in tragedy.

Setting

The novel is primarily set in the summer of 1922 and takes place in two fictional areas on Long Island: West Egg and East Egg.

- West Egg: Represents new money, where Gatsby resides. It symbolizes the excesses of the American Dream.
- East Egg: Home to the old-money elite, where characters like Tom and Daisy Buchanan live. It symbolizes tradition and social status.

The setting plays a crucial role in highlighting the contrasts between different social classes and the moral decay of society.

Characters

The Great Gatsby features a cast of memorable characters, each representing different aspects of society:

1. Jay Gatsby: The enigmatic protagonist who is deeply in love with Daisy Buchanan. His wealth and lavish parties mask his loneliness and yearning for the past.
2. Nick Carraway: The novel's narrator, who provides a moral lens through which the story is viewed. He is both an observer and participant in the events.
3. Daisy Buchanan: Nick's cousin, a beautiful woman who embodies the American Dream's allure but is ultimately shallow and self-absorbed.
4. Tom Buchanan: Daisy's wealthy, arrogant husband, who represents the brutal reality of the old-money elite.
5. Jordan Baker: A professional golfer and friend of Daisy's, she embodies the modern woman of the 1920s but is also cynical and dishonest.
6. Myrtle Wilson: Tom's mistress, who represents the struggles of the lower class and the desire for a better life.

Themes

The Great Gatsby is rich with themes that explore the complexities of human nature and society. Below are some of the key themes:

The American Dream

- Illusion vs. Reality: The novel critiques the idea of the American Dream by illustrating how it is often unattainable. Gatsby's rise to wealth is built on illusion, and his ultimate goal—Daisy—remains just out of reach.
- Materialism: The characters' obsession with wealth and status leads to moral decay. The pursuit of money overshadows genuine relationships and values.

Love and Relationships

- Unrequited Love: Gatsby's love for Daisy is central to the story, highlighting the theme of longing and the pain of unfulfilled desires.
- Infidelity: Tom's affair with Myrtle and Gatsby's obsession with Daisy reveal the complexities and often the futility of romantic relationships in a society driven by selfish desires.

Class and Social Status

- Old Money vs. New Money: The tension between West Egg and East Egg illustrates the divide between those who inherit wealth and those who seek it. This divide is a source of conflict in the relationships among characters.
- The American Class System: Fitzgerald critiques the rigid class structure of 1920s America, demonstrating that wealth does not equate to morality or happiness.

Isolation and Loneliness

- Gatsby's Isolation: Despite his wealth and parties, Gatsby is fundamentally alone, illustrating that material success does not guarantee companionship or fulfillment.
- Nick's Perspective: Nick's outsider status allows him to observe the empty lives of the wealthy, emphasizing the loneliness that pervades their lives.

Narrative Techniques

F. Scott Fitzgerald employs various narrative techniques that enhance the story's depth and complexity:

First-Person Narration

- Nick Carraway's first-person perspective provides a subjective view of events, allowing readers to connect with his thoughts and emotions. His insights serve to critique the characters' actions.

Symbolism

Several symbols enrich the narrative:

- The Green Light: Represents Gatsby's hope for a future with Daisy, embodying the unattainable American Dream.
- The Valley of Ashes: Symbolizes the moral and social decay resulting from the uninhibited pursuit of wealth, contrasting with the opulence of the Eggs.
- The Eyes of Dr. T.J. Eckleburg: Often interpreted as the eyes of God watching over the moral decay of society, suggesting a loss of spiritual values.

Foreshadowing

Fitzgerald uses foreshadowing to build tension and hint at future events. For instance, the ominous descriptions of the weather often signal the emotional tone of the upcoming scenes.

Key Quotes

Here are some significant quotes from *The Great Gatsby* that encapsulate its themes and character insights:

1. "In my younger and more vulnerable days my father gave me some advice that I've been turning over in my mind ever since." - This quote sets the reflective tone of the novel and introduces Nick's character.
2. "So we beat on, boats against the current, borne back ceaselessly into the past." - This line captures the struggle against time and the futility of trying to recreate the past.
3. "Gatsby believed in the green light, the orgastic future that year by year recedes before us." - A powerful metaphor for the elusive nature of dreams

and aspirations.

Conclusion

The Great Gatsby remains a profound commentary on the nature of the American Dream, societal values, and human relationships. Through its rich symbolism, complex characters, and incisive themes, the novel invites readers to reflect on the moral ambiguities of wealth and the pursuit of happiness. As students and readers engage with this text, they will uncover layers of meaning that resonate with contemporary issues, making The Great Gatsby a timeless literary masterpiece. Whether studying for an exam or simply seeking to deepen their understanding, this study guide serves as a comprehensive resource for navigating the intricate world Fitzgerald has created.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the significance of the green light in 'The Great Gatsby'?

The green light represents Gatsby's hopes and dreams for the future, particularly his desire for Daisy and the American Dream itself.

How does Nick Carraway serve as a narrator in the novel?

Nick serves as a first-person narrator whose perspective shapes the reader's understanding of the other characters and events, providing both an insider's view and a critical distance.

What role does social class play in 'The Great Gatsby'?

Social class is a central theme, highlighting the divide between old money (East Egg) and new money (West Egg), and illustrating how it affects relationships and aspirations.

What does the Valley of Ashes symbolize?

The Valley of Ashes symbolizes the moral and social decay resulting from the uninhibited pursuit of wealth, as well as the loss of the American Dream for many.

How does Fitzgerald portray the American Dream in

the novel?

Fitzgerald critiques the American Dream by depicting its corruption and the illusion that wealth leads to happiness, ultimately showing that it is unattainable for many characters.

What is the importance of the character Daisy Buchanan?

Daisy represents both Gatsby's idealized love and the emptiness of the American Dream, embodying beauty and privilege but also moral ambiguity.

How does the setting influence the events of the story?

The contrasting settings of East Egg and West Egg, as well as New York City, highlight social divides and influence character interactions and conflicts throughout the narrative.

What is the relationship between Gatsby and Tom Buchanan?

Gatsby and Tom are rivals for Daisy's affection, representing different social classes and ideals, with Tom embodying the established elite and Gatsby representing the self-made man.

What does the ending of 'The Great Gatsby' suggest about the future?

The ending suggests a bleak outlook, indicating that despite Gatsby's dreams and efforts, the American Dream is fundamentally flawed and unreachable, leaving a sense of disillusionment.

How does the use of symbolism enhance the themes in 'The Great Gatsby'?

Fitzgerald's use of symbolism, such as the green light, the Valley of Ashes, and the eyes of Dr. T.J. Eckleburg, deepens the exploration of themes like aspiration, decay, and the moral ambiguity of society.

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Unlock the secrets of F. Scott Fitzgerald's classic with our comprehensive study guide for The Great Gatsby. Learn more to enhance your understanding today!

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