

Special Education Law And Advocacy Training

Wrightslaw Special Education Law & Advocacy Conference with Wayne Steedman, Esq.

December 6, 2018 | 9:00am* – 4:30pm
The Children's Center
6800 NW 39th Expressway OKC, OK 73008

One-day special education law and advocacy programs focusing on four areas:

- Special education law, rights and responsibilities
- Tests and measurements to measure progress & regression
- SMART IEPs
- Introduction to tools & strategies for effective advocacy



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For more information & registration:
www.wrightslawok2018.eventbrite.com

Registration begins at 8:30am & Training begins at 9:00am

*Please note that due to costs, no shows will be invoiced \$35

For questions you may
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Special education law and advocacy training is a critical area of focus for educators, parents, and professionals working with children who have disabilities. Understanding the legal rights of students with special needs and the obligations of educational institutions is essential to ensuring that all children receive a quality education tailored to their unique needs. This article will explore the intricacies of special education law, the importance of advocacy, and the available training options for those looking to enhance their understanding and skills in this crucial field.

Understanding Special Education Law

Special education law primarily revolves around the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), which mandates that children with disabilities receive a free appropriate public education (FAPE). The law

outlines the rights of students and their families and sets forth the responsibilities of schools. Understanding these laws is vital for advocates, educators, and parents.

Key Components of Special Education Law

1. **Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE):** Every child with a disability is entitled to FAPE, which means that schools must provide necessary services and accommodations at no cost to the family.
2. **Individualized Education Program (IEP):** An IEP is a customized plan developed for each student with a disability, detailing the specific educational goals and services required to meet their needs.
3. **Least Restrictive Environment (LRE):** This principle ensures that students with disabilities are educated alongside their non-disabled peers to the maximum extent appropriate.
4. **Parent and Student Rights:** Parents have the right to be involved in the decision-making process regarding their child's education, including attending meetings and reviewing educational records.
5. **Dispute Resolution:** Special education law provides mechanisms for resolving disputes between parents and schools, including mediation and due process hearings.

The Importance of Advocacy in Special Education

Advocacy in special education is crucial for ensuring that students with disabilities receive the support and resources they need to thrive. Advocacy can take many forms, from direct support for individual students to broader efforts aimed at influencing policy and practice at the local, state, or national level.

Roles of Advocates

- **Educators:** Teachers and school staff play a vital role in advocating for their students. They must understand the legal requirements and work to create an inclusive environment.
- **Parents:** Parents are often the first advocates for their children. They must be knowledgeable about their rights and the services available to their children.
- **Professional Advocates:** These individuals may work for non-profit organizations or as independent consultants, helping families navigate the complexities of special education law and advocating for systemic change.
- **Policy Makers:** Advocates also work to influence legislation and policy related to special education, ensuring that the needs of students with disabilities are considered in educational reform.

Special Education Advocacy Training

Training in special education law and advocacy equips individuals with the knowledge and skills necessary to effectively support students with disabilities. Various organizations and institutions offer training programs, workshops, and resources designed for different audiences.

Types of Training Programs

1. **Workshops and Seminars:** Many organizations provide one-day or multi-day workshops that cover essential topics in special education law and advocacy. These sessions may include guest speakers, case studies, and practical activities.
2. **Online Courses:** With the rise of digital education, numerous online platforms offer courses on special education law. These courses often provide flexibility, allowing participants to learn at their own pace.
3. **Degree Programs:** Some universities offer degree programs specializing in special education or disability advocacy. These programs can provide a comprehensive understanding of the legal framework, policy issues, and best practices in advocacy.
4. **Certification Programs:** Various professional organizations offer certification programs in special education advocacy. These programs typically require participants to complete a series of courses and demonstrate competency in advocacy skills.
5. **Peer Support Networks:** Joining a local or national advocacy group can provide individuals with valuable resources, networking opportunities, and ongoing training in special education law.

Essential Skills for Advocacy

To be an effective advocate in special education, individuals need to develop a range of skills. Here are some essential skills that can enhance advocacy efforts:

- **Communication:** The ability to communicate clearly and effectively with educators, policymakers, and families is crucial. Advocates must be able to articulate their points and present information in an understandable way.
- **Negotiation:** Advocacy often involves negotiating services and supports for students. Strong negotiation skills can help advocates reach agreements that benefit their clients.
- **Knowledge of Law:** A thorough understanding of special education law is essential for effective advocacy. This includes staying updated on changes in legislation and understanding how laws apply to specific situations.
- **Problem-Solving:** Advocates must be able to think critically and develop creative solutions to challenges that arise in the education system.
- **Empathy:** Understanding the emotional and social aspects of advocacy is

vital. Advocates should approach their work with empathy and sensitivity to the unique experiences of families.

Resources for Further Learning

For those interested in expanding their knowledge of special education law and advocacy, numerous resources are available:

- **Books:** There are many books written on the subject of special education law and advocacy. Recommended titles include "The Complete Guide to Special Education Law" and "Advocacy for Students with Disabilities."
- **Websites:** Organizations such as the Council for Exceptional Children (CEC) and the National Disability Rights Network (NDRN) provide valuable information and resources for advocates.
- **Local Organizations:** Many local advocacy groups offer resources, training, and support for families navigating special education.
- **Online Forums:** Participating in online forums and social media groups can connect advocates with others who share similar interests and challenges.

Conclusion

Special education law and advocacy training are integral to ensuring that children with disabilities receive the education and support they need to thrive. As the landscape of special education continues to evolve, ongoing education and advocacy efforts remain essential. By understanding the law, honing advocacy skills, and utilizing available resources, individuals can make a meaningful impact on the lives of students with disabilities and their families. Whether you are a parent, educator, or professional advocate, investing time in training and knowledge acquisition will empower you to be a more effective supporter of special education rights.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is special education law?

Special education law refers to the body of regulations and statutes that govern the education of students with disabilities, ensuring they receive appropriate services and support under laws like the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).

Why is advocacy training important for special education?

Advocacy training is crucial for special education as it equips parents, educators, and professionals with the skills to effectively represent the needs and rights of students with disabilities, ensuring they receive the services they are entitled to.

What are the key components of special education law?

Key components of special education law include the principles of free appropriate public education (FAPE), individualized education programs (IEPs), least restrictive environment (LRE), and procedural safeguards for students and their families.

How can parents advocate for their child in special education?

Parents can advocate for their child by understanding their rights, collaborating with educators, participating in IEP meetings, documenting concerns, and seeking support from advocacy organizations if needed.

What role do special education advocates play?

Special education advocates support families by providing guidance on navigating the education system, helping to develop IEPs, and ensuring compliance with special education laws to protect the rights of students with disabilities.

What training is available for special education advocates?

Training for special education advocates typically includes workshops, seminars, and certifications that cover legal frameworks, effective advocacy strategies, understanding IEPs, and conflict resolution techniques.

What is the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)?

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) is a federal law that ensures students with disabilities have access to free appropriate public education (FAPE) and mandates the creation of individualized education programs (IEPs).

How can schools improve their compliance with special education laws?

Schools can improve compliance by providing staff training on special education law, regularly reviewing IEPs, involving parents in the decision-making process, and establishing clear communication channels with all stakeholders.

What are procedural safeguards in special education?

Procedural safeguards are legal protections provided under special education law that ensure parents and students are informed of their rights, including the right to participate in decision-making and access dispute resolution processes.

What resources are available for special education advocacy training?

Resources for special education advocacy training include nonprofit organizations, local advocacy groups, online courses, webinars, and materials provided by the U.S. Department of Education and other educational agencies.

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Unlock the essentials of special education law and advocacy training. Discover how to empower students and navigate legal complexities. Learn more today!
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