Spring Boot 2 To 3 Migration Guide



Spring Boot 2 to 3 migration guide is an essential resource for developers looking to upgrade their applications to leverage the latest features, improvements, and security updates introduced in Spring Boot 3. As with any major version change, the migration process involves understanding the differences between versions, addressing deprecated features, and making necessary changes to ensure compatibility. This guide provides a comprehensive overview of the steps, changes, and considerations involved in migrating from Spring Boot 2 to Spring Boot 3.

OVERVIEW OF CHANGES IN SPRING BOOT 3

Before diving into the migration process, it's crucial to understand the significant changes and new features introduced in Spring Boot 3. Key highlights include:

- JAVA 17 AS THE MINIMUM REQUIREMENT: SPRING BOOT 3 REQUIRES JAVA 17 OR HIGHER, WHICH MEANS APPLICATIONS MUST BE UPDATED ACCORDINGLY.
- JAKARTA EE 9: Spring Boot 3 has transitioned from Java EE to Jakarta EE 9, leading to package name changes from 'Javax.' to 'Jakarta.'.
- Spring Framework 6: This version of Spring Boot is built on Spring Framework 6, which brings various enhancements, including AOT (Ahead-Of-Time) compilation support.

• IMPROVED OBSERVABILITY: Spring Boot 3 introduces built-in support for observability, making it easier to monitor and troubleshoot applications.

PREPARATION FOR MIGRATION

Before starting the migration process, it's vital to prepare your application and development environment. Follow these steps to ensure a smooth transition:

1. REVIEW DEPENDENCIES

EVALUATE ALL THE DEPENDENCIES IN YOUR PROJECT. ENSURE THAT ALL LIBRARIES AND FRAMEWORKS YOU ARE USING ARE COMPATIBLE WITH SPRING BOOT 3. SOME COMMONLY USED LIBRARIES MIGHT NOT YET SUPPORT THE NEW JAKARTA EE NAMESPACE, SO CHECK FOR UPDATES OR ALTERNATIVES.

2. UPDATE YOUR BUILD TOOL

IF YOU ARE USING MAVEN OR GRADLE AS YOUR BUILD TOOL, MAKE SURE YOU UPDATE THE SPRING BOOT PLUGIN VERSION IN YOUR 'POM.XML' OR 'BUILD.GRADLE' FILE. FOR MAVEN, IT LOOKS LIKE THIS:

3. CHECK JAVA VERSION

VERIFY THAT YOUR PROJECT IS SET TO USE JAVA 17 OR HIGHER. UPDATE YOUR 'POM.XML' OR 'BUILD.GRADLE' FILES ACCORDINGLY TO SPECIFY THE JAVA VERSION.

FOR MAVEN:

""XML

17

17

17

FOR GRADLE:

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JAVA {

SOURCECOMPATIBILITY = JAVAVERSION.VERSION_17

TARGETCOMPATIBILITY = JAVAVERSION.VERSION_17
}
```

MIGRATION STEPS

ONCE YOU HAVE PREPARED YOUR ENVIRONMENT, FOLLOW THESE STEPS TO MIGRATE YOUR APPLICATION SUCCESSFULLY.

1. UPDATE PACKAGE NAMES

AS MENTIONED EARLIER, SPRING BOOT 3 HAS MOVED TO JAKARTA EE 9, WHICH MEANS YOU'LL NEED TO CHANGE PACKAGE NAMES IN YOUR CODEBASE. FOR EXAMPLE:

- CHANGE 'JAVAX.PERSISTENCE.' TO 'JAKARTA.PERSISTENCE.'
- CHANGE 'JAVAX.SERVLET.' TO 'JAKARTA.SERVLET.'
- CHANGE 'JAVAX.WS.RS.' TO 'JAKARTA.WS.RS.'

THIS CAN BE A SIGNIFICANT CHANGE, SO IT'S ADVISABLE TO USE IDE SUPPORT OR SEARCH-AND-REPLACE TOOLS TO UPDATE ALL INSTANCES CONSISTENTLY.

2. REVIEW CONFIGURATION PROPERTIES

Some configuration properties may have changed or been removed. Review the official Spring Boot 3 documentation to identify any changes that affect your application. Pay close attention to properties related to security, data sources, and third-party integrations.

3. UPDATE TO SPRING FRAMEWORK 6 FEATURES

Take advantage of New Spring Framework 6 features, such as AOT compilation. If your application supports it, consider enabling AOT to improve startup time and memory usage. This is particularly beneficial for cloud deployments and serverless architectures.

4. HANDLE DEPRECATED APIS

CHECK FOR ANY DEPRECATED APIS IN YOUR CODE. SPRING BOOT 3 MAY HAVE DEPRECATED OR REMOVED METHODS AND CLASSES FROM PREVIOUS VERSIONS. REVIEW THE MIGRATION GUIDE PROVIDED BY SPRING TO IDENTIFY THESE AND REPLACE THEM WITH THE RECOMMENDED ALTERNATIVES.

5. TEST YOUR APPLICATION

ONCE YOU HAVE MADE THE NECESSARY CHANGES, THOROUGHLY TEST YOUR APPLICATION. IT IS ESSENTIAL TO RUN BOTH UNIT TESTS AND INTEGRATION TESTS TO ENSURE THAT ALL FUNCTIONALITIES WORK AS EXPECTED. LOOK OUT FOR ANY RUNTIME EXCEPTIONS OR UNEXPECTED BEHAVIORS.

POST-MIGRATION CONSIDERATIONS

AFTER SUCCESSFULLY MIGRATING YOUR APPLICATION TO SPRING BOOT 3, CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING ASPECTS TO OPTIMIZE YOUR APPLICATION FURTHER:

1. UTILIZE NEW FEATURES

EXPLORE THE NEW FEATURES INTRODUCED IN SPRING BOOT 3, SUCH AS NATIVE IMAGE GENERATION SUPPORT AND ENHANCED OBSERVABILITY FEATURES. IMPLEMENT THESE FEATURES TO IMPROVE PERFORMANCE AND MONITORING.

2. UPDATE DOCUMENTATION

Make sure to update any internal documentation to reflect the changes made during the migration. This will help onboard new developers and maintain clarity regarding the application's architecture.

3. MONITOR APPLICATION PERFORMANCE

After deploying your application, closely monitor its performance. Utilize Spring Boot's built-in metrics and logging to track application health and performance. Adjust configurations as necessary based on monitoring insights.

CONCLUSION

MIGRATING FROM SPRING BOOT 2 TO 3 IS A SIGNIFICANT ENDEAVOR THAT REQUIRES CAREFUL PLANNING AND EXECUTION. BY FOLLOWING THIS **SPRING BOOT 2 TO 3 MIGRATION GUIDE**, DEVELOPERS CAN ENSURE A SMOOTH TRANSITION AND TAKE FULL ADVANTAGE OF THE NEW FEATURES AND IMPROVEMENTS. AS ALWAYS, THOROUGH TESTING AND VALIDATION ARE INTEGRAL TO THE MIGRATION PROCESS, ENSURING THAT APPLICATIONS REMAIN RELIABLE AND EFFICIENT AFTER THE UPGRADE. EMBRACE THE CHANGES BROUGHT BY SPRING BOOT 3 TO ENHANCE YOUR APPLICATION'S CAPABILITIES AND PERFORMANCE.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT ARE THE MAJOR CHANGES IN SPRING BOOT 3 COMPARED TO SPRING BOOT 2?

Spring Boot 3 introduces support for Jakarta EE 9, which involves package name changes from 'Javax.' to 'Jakarta.'. Additionally, there are upgrades to Spring Framework 6, which enhances native compilation with GraalVM and requires Java 17 or higher.

HOW DO I UPDATE MY DEPENDENCIES WHEN MIGRATING FROM SPRING BOOT 2 TO 3?

YOU NEED TO UPDATE YOUR MAVEN OR GRADLE DEPENDENCIES TO USE THE SPRING BOOT 3 BOM. ENSURE THAT ALL SPRING-RELATED LIBRARIES ARE COMPATIBLE WITH SPRING BOOT 3 AND REPLACE ANY 'JAVAX' DEPENDENCIES WITH THEIR 'JAKARTA' EQUIVALENTS.

WHAT STEPS SHOULD I TAKE TO TEST MY APPLICATION AFTER MIGRATING TO SPRING

Воот 3?

AFTER MIGRATING, RUN YOUR EXISTING UNIT AND INTEGRATION TESTS TO IDENTIFY ANY BREAKING CHANGES. PAY SPECIAL ATTENTION TO AREAS THAT INVOLVE JAKARTA EE COMPONENTS, AS THEY MAY REQUIRE ADJUSTMENTS. ALSO, CONSIDER USING THE SPRING BOOT 3 TEST FEATURES TO FACILITATE TESTING.

ARE THERE ANY CONFIGURATION CHANGES REQUIRED WHEN MIGRATING TO SPRING BOOT 3?

YES, YOU MAY NEED TO UPDATE YOUR APPLICATION PROPERTIES OR YAML CONFIGURATIONS IF THEY REFERENCE DEPRECATED SETTINGS. REVIEW THE SPRING BOOT 3 DOCUMENTATION FOR ANY CHANGES IN CONFIGURATION PROPERTIES.

WHAT SHOULD I DO IF MY APPLICATION RELIES ON THIRD-PARTY LIBRARIES THAT HAVEN'T BEEN UPDATED FOR SPRING BOOT 3?

CHECK FOR NEWER VERSIONS OF THOSE LIBRARIES THAT SUPPORT JAKARTA EE 9. IF THEY'RE STILL NOT UPDATED, CONSIDER FINDING ALTERNATIVES OR CONTACTING THE MAINTAINERS FOR AN UPDATE. YOU MAY ALSO NEED TO REFACTOR PARTS OF YOUR APPLICATION TO REDUCE RELIANCE ON THOSE LIBRARIES.

IS THERE A SPECIFIC MIGRATION TOOL OR GUIDE PROVIDED BY SPRING FOR THIS TRANSITION?

THE SPRING TEAM PROVIDES A COMPREHENSIVE MIGRATION GUIDE IN THE SPRING BOOT DOCUMENTATION, WHICH OUTLINES CHANGES, DEPRECATIONS, AND STEPS TO RESOLVE COMMON MIGRATION ISSUES. ADDITIONALLY, THERE ARE COMMUNITY TOOLS THAT CAN ASSIST WITH THE MIGRATION PROCESS.

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"Ready to upgrade? Our Spring Boot 2 to 3 migration guide provides step-by-step instructions and tips. Discover how to make the transition seamless!" $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)$

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