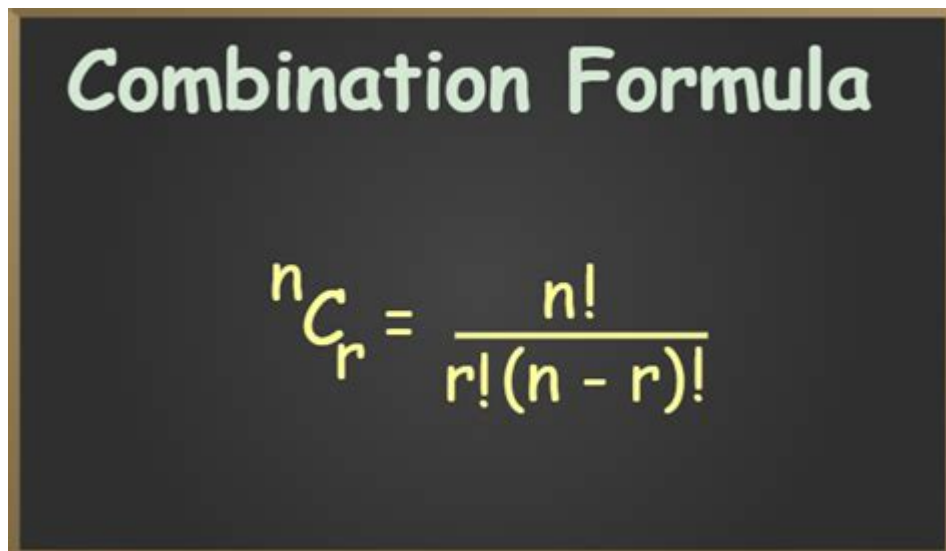


# Permutation And Combination In Mathematics



Combination Formula

$${}^nC_r = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$$

**Permutation and combination in mathematics** are fundamental concepts that deal with the arrangement and selection of objects. These two principles are vital in various fields, including statistics, probability, and combinatorial mathematics. Understanding permutations and combinations enables mathematicians, scientists, and statisticians to solve complex problems involving arrangements and selections efficiently. This article delves into the definitions, formulas, applications, and differences between permutations and combinations, along with examples to illustrate their practical applications.

## Definitions

### Permutation

A permutation refers to an arrangement of objects in a specific order. When the order of selection is important, we use permutations. For example, if we have a set of objects and we want to know how many ways we can arrange these objects, we would calculate the permutations.

### Combination

A combination, on the other hand, is a selection of objects without regard to the order. When the order of selection does not matter, we use combinations. For example, if we want to know how many ways we can choose a group of objects from a larger set, we would calculate the combinations.

# Formulas

## Permutations

The formula for calculating permutations of  $(n)$  objects taken  $(r)$  at a time is given by:

$$P(n, r) = \frac{n!}{(n - r)!}$$

Where:

- $(n!)$  ( $n$  factorial) is the product of all positive integers up to  $(n)$ .
- $(r)$  is the number of objects to arrange.

For example, if we have 5 books and want to know how many ways we can arrange 3 of them, we calculate  $(P(5, 3))$ :

$$P(5, 3) = \frac{5!}{(5 - 3)!} = \frac{5!}{2!} = \frac{120}{2} = 60$$

## Combinations

The formula for calculating combinations of  $(n)$  objects taken  $(r)$  at a time is given by:

$$C(n, r) = \frac{n!}{r!(n - r)!}$$

Where:

- $(r!)$  is the factorial of  $(r)$ .
- $(n)$  and  $(r)$  have the same meanings as defined previously.

For example, if we want to select 3 books from a collection of 5, we calculate  $(C(5, 3))$ :

$$C(5, 3) = \frac{5!}{3! \cdot (5 - 3)!} = \frac{5!}{3! \cdot 2!} = \frac{120}{6 \cdot 2} = 10$$

# Applications of Permutations and Combinations

Permutations and combinations have extensive applications across various domains:

## 1. Probability Theory

In probability, permutations and combinations help calculate the likelihood of different outcomes. For instance, when determining the probability of drawing a specific hand in poker, combinations are used to find the total number of possible hands.

## 2. Statistics

Statistical analysis often employs permutations and combinations to manage data samples, especially in surveys and polls where the selection of samples is crucial for accurate results.

## 3. Cryptography

In cryptography, permutations are essential for creating secure keys and codes. The arrangement of characters in a password can significantly impact its security.

## 4. Game Theory

Game theory utilizes permutations and combinations to analyze the strategies available to players, particularly in games involving a finite set of moves or choices.

## Differences Between Permutations and Combinations

Understanding the distinctions between permutations and combinations is crucial for applying these concepts correctly:

- Order:
  - Permutations consider the order of arrangement. Changing the order of selection results in a different permutation.
  - Combinations disregard the order. Changing the order of selection does not create a new combination.
- Usage:
  - Use permutations when the problem requires arranging all or part of a set.

- Use combinations when the problem involves selecting items from a set without concern for the arrangement.
- Mathematical Expression:
- Permutations are calculated using  $P(n, r)$ .
- Combinations are calculated using  $C(n, r)$ .

## Examples of Permutations and Combinations

To further understand these concepts, let's explore some examples:

### Example 1: Permutation

Suppose there are 4 friends: Alice, Bob, Charlie, and David. If they want to line up for a photo, how many different arrangements can they have?

Using the permutation formula:

$$P(4, 4) = \frac{4!}{(4 - 4)!} = \frac{4!}{0!} = \frac{24}{1} = 24$$

Thus, there are 24 different ways to arrange the 4 friends.

### Example 2: Combination

Imagine a committee is to be formed from a group of 10 people. If we need to select 3 members for the committee, how many ways can this be done?

Using the combination formula:

$$C(10, 3) = \frac{10!}{3!(10 - 3)!} = \frac{10!}{3! \cdot 7!} = \frac{3628800}{6 \cdot 5040} = 120$$

Therefore, there are 120 different ways to choose 3 members from the group of 10.

## Conclusion

In conclusion, permutations and combinations are essential mathematical tools that allow us to tackle problems involving arrangements and selections. Comprehending the differences between these two concepts, along with their respective formulas and applications, is crucial for anyone working in

mathematics, statistics, or fields that require data analysis. Mastering permutations and combinations also lays a solid foundation for understanding more advanced topics in combinatorial mathematics and probability theory. By practicing these concepts, one can develop a deeper appreciation for the intricacies of mathematical arrangements and selections, which are prevalent in everyday life and various professional fields.

## **Frequently Asked Questions**

### **What is the difference between permutation and combination?**

Permutation refers to the arrangement of items in a specific order, while combination refers to the selection of items without regard to the order.

### **How do you calculate permutations of n items taken r at a time?**

The formula for permutations is  $P(n, r) = n! / (n - r)!$ , where  $n$  is the total number of items,  $r$  is the number of items to arrange, and  $!$  denotes factorial.

### **What is the formula for combinations?**

The formula for combinations is  $C(n, r) = n! / (r! (n - r)!)$ , where  $n$  is the total number of items and  $r$  is the number of items to choose.

### **When should you use permutations instead of combinations?**

Use permutations when the order of selection matters, such as arranging seats or creating passwords, whereas combinations are used when the order does not matter, like selecting a committee.

### **Can you provide an example of a permutation problem?**

Sure! If you have 5 books and want to arrange 3 of them on a shelf, the number of permutations is  $P(5, 3) = 5! / (5 - 3)! = 60$ .

### **Can you provide an example of a combination problem?**

Certainly! If you want to choose 2 fruits from a basket containing 4 different fruits, the number of combinations is  $C(4, 2) = 4! / (2! (4 - 2)!) = 6$ .

### **What are some real-world applications of**

## permutations and combinations?

Permutations and combinations are used in various fields such as cryptography, statistical analysis, game theory, and logistics for planning and decision-making.

## How do you handle cases where items are repeated in permutations?

For permutations with repeated items, use the formula  $P(n; n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k) = n! / (n_1! n_2! \dots n_k!)$ , where  $n$  is the total number of items and  $n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k$  are the counts of each repeated item.

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$$\square\square\square\square combination \square permutation \square\square\square\square\square \dots - \square\square$$

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[illegible]

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