

# Perform A Vertical Analysis On The Following Information

Perform a vertical analysis on the following information. (Round your answers to 1 decimal place.)

	2018		2017	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Cash	\$ 257,600		\$ 705,600	
Accounts receivable	441,600		165,600	
Inventory	717,600		615,600	
Long-term assets	3,183,200		2,113,200	
Total assets	\$ 4,600,000		\$ 3,600,000	

Perform a vertical analysis on the following information to gain a clearer understanding of a company's financial performance. Vertical analysis is a financial analysis method where each line item in a financial statement is listed as a percentage of a base figure within the statement. This technique is commonly used in analyzing income statements and balance sheets. By performing a vertical analysis, stakeholders can assess the relative size of various financial components, allowing for easier comparisons over time or between different companies.

## Understanding Vertical Analysis

Vertical analysis simplifies the understanding of financial statements by expressing each line item as a percentage of a total. For income statements, this percentage is typically calculated against total revenue, while for balance sheets, it's against total assets.

## The Purpose of Vertical Analysis

The main purposes of vertical analysis include:

1. **Comparative Analysis:** It allows for comparisons between companies of different sizes or within different periods.
2. **Trend Analysis:** Helps in identifying trends in financial data over time.
3. **Performance Evaluation:** Provides insight into the operational efficiency of a business.
4. **Budgeting and Forecasting:** Aids in setting future budgets and financial forecasts.

# Steps to Perform Vertical Analysis

To perform vertical analysis effectively, follow these systematic steps:

1. **Select the Financial Statement:** Choose whether to analyze the income statement or the balance sheet.
2. **Identify the Base Figure:** Determine the total figure for the statement (total revenue for income statements, total assets for balance sheets).
3. **Calculate Percentages:** Divide each line item by the base figure and multiply by 100 to get the percentage.
4. **Create a New Table:** Construct a new table that reflects these percentages for easy visualization and comparison.
5. **Interpret the Results:** Analyze the results to draw conclusions about the company's financial health.

## Example of Vertical Analysis on an Income Statement

Let's consider a hypothetical income statement for a company named XYZ Corp for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023:

- Total Revenue: \$500,000
- Cost of Goods Sold (COGS): \$300,000
- Gross Profit: \$200,000
- Operating Expenses: \$100,000
- Operating Income: \$100,000
- Net Income: \$70,000

## Performing Vertical Analysis on the Income Statement

Using total revenue as the base figure, we can express each line item as a percentage of total revenue:

- Total Revenue: \$500,000 (100%)
- Cost of Goods Sold:  $\$300,000 / \$500,000 = 60\%$
- Gross Profit:  $\$200,000 / \$500,000 = 40\%$
- Operating Expenses:  $\$100,000 / \$500,000 = 20\%$
- Operating Income:  $\$100,000 / \$500,000 = 20\%$
- Net Income:  $\$70,000 / \$500,000 = 14\%$

After calculating these percentages, we can create a vertical analysis table:

Item	Amount	Percentage of Total Revenue
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Vertical Analysis of Income Statement		
Total Revenue	\$500,000	100%
Cost of Goods Sold	\$300,000	60%
Gross Profit	\$200,000	40%
Operating Expenses	\$100,000	20%
Operating Income	\$100,000	20%
Net Income	\$70,000	14%

## Interpreting the Results

From the vertical analysis of the income statement, several insights can be drawn:

- **Cost Structure:** XYZ Corp has a COGS of 60%, which is relatively high. This indicates that a significant portion of revenue is consumed by the cost of goods sold, suggesting the company may need to find ways to reduce costs or increase pricing to improve margins.
- **Profitability:** The gross profit margin is 40%, which is a healthy figure, indicating that after covering the costs of goods sold, the company retains 40% of its revenue as gross profit.
- **Expense Management:** Operating expenses are at 20%, which is relatively low compared to both COGS and gross profit. This suggests effective cost management in operations.
- **Net Income Margin:** The net income margin is 14%, providing an overall view of profitability after all expenses. This percentage shows that the company retains 14 cents of every dollar earned as profit.

## Example of Vertical Analysis on a Balance Sheet

Now let's analyze a hypothetical balance sheet for XYZ Corp as of December 31, 2023:

- Total Assets: \$1,000,000
- Total Liabilities: \$600,000
- Total Equity: \$400,000

## Performing Vertical Analysis on the Balance Sheet

Using total assets as the base figure, we can express each line item as a percentage of total assets:

- Total Assets: \$1,000,000 (100%)
- Total Liabilities:  $\$600,000 / \$1,000,000 = 60\%$
- Total Equity:  $\$400,000 / \$1,000,000 = 40\%$

We can create a vertical analysis table as follows:

Item	Amount	Percentage of Total Assets
Total Assets	\$1,000,000	100%
Total Liabilities	\$600,000	60%
Total Equity	\$400,000	40%

## Interpreting the Results

From the vertical analysis of the balance sheet, we can draw several conclusions:

- Leverage: The company has a liability ratio of 60%, indicating that 60% of the company's assets are financed through debt. This is a relatively high leverage ratio, which may pose financial risk if the company faces downturns in revenue.
- Equity Position: Total equity is 40%, suggesting that the company has a solid equity base. This is important for investors and creditors as it reflects the net worth of the company.
- Financial Stability: The balance between liabilities and equity indicates that while the company is leveraging its assets, it also has a substantial equity position, which can help in weathering financial challenges.

## Conclusion

Performing a vertical analysis is a valuable method for stakeholders to gain insights into a company's financial performance and stability. Whether analyzing an income statement or a balance sheet, vertical analysis provides a meaningful way to assess the relative size of financial components and their implications for the business. It not only aids in comparative analysis but also serves as a tool for trend analysis, performance evaluation, budgeting, and forecasting.

By understanding how to perform and interpret vertical analysis, investors, managers, and other stakeholders can make more informed financial decisions, assess operational efficiency, and evaluate the overall financial health of a company. Whether for internal management or for external reporting, mastering vertical analysis is an essential skill in the world of finance.

## Frequently Asked Questions





**perform** -

Jun 14, 2023 · perform performance performing performed performed ...

*show act perform*

Jan 30, 2015 · perform The singer performed beautifully. The children performed a ...

Learn how to perform a vertical analysis on the following information effectively. Enhance your financial analysis skills today! Discover how to excel.

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