

Old Testament Survey Questions And Answers

Questions on Exodus

Exodus 1

1. Why did the new Pharaoh put taskmasters over Israel?
Because he did not know Joseph (8) and the Israelites were so numerous he perceived them as a threat (10)
2. What cities did the children of Israel build?
Pithom and Raamses (Ramases) (11)
3. What did Pharaoh command the Hebrew midwives to do?
To kill the newborn babies (15-16)

Exodus 2

1. Of what tribe was Moses?
Levi (1, 10)
2. Who became the nurse of Moses?
His mother (7-10)
3. Whom did Moses marry?
Zipporah (21)

Exodus 3

1. What was the occupation of Moses' father-in-law?
Priest (1)
2. In what did God appear to Moses?
In a burning bush (2-4)
3. Who did God say he was?
The God of Moses' father, the God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob (6); "I AM WHO I AM"; "I AM" (14)

Exodus 4

1. Why did God choose Aaron to help Moses?
Because Moses complained of not being eloquent (10-16)

Old Testament survey questions and answers serve as an invaluable resource for anyone seeking to deepen their understanding of one of the most influential texts in history. The Old Testament, also known as the Hebrew Bible, is a foundational scripture for Judaism and Christianity, filled with rich narratives, laws, poetry, and prophecies. This article aims to provide a comprehensive survey of common questions and answers related to the Old Testament, covering its structure, themes, historical context, and key figures.

Understanding the Old Testament

The Old Testament is divided into several sections, each with distinct characteristics and themes. The main divisions include:

- **The Pentateuch:** The first five books (Genesis, Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers, Deuteronomy), which detail the creation, the patriarchs, and the law.
- **The Historical Books:** These books (Joshua through Esther) narrate Israel's history from conquest to exile.
- **The Wisdom Literature:** Comprising books like Job, Psalms, Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, and Song of Solomon, these explore themes of wisdom, suffering, and worship.
- **The Prophetic Books:** Encompassing major (Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ezekiel) and minor prophets (Hosea through Malachi), these books convey God's messages through prophets.

Common Old Testament Survey Questions

To better understand the Old Testament, here are some frequently asked questions, along with their answers:

1. What is the significance of the Old Testament in religious

traditions?

The Old Testament holds a central place in both Judaism and Christianity. For Jews, it is the sacred text that contains the laws, teachings, and history of their people. In Christianity, the Old Testament lays the groundwork for understanding the New Testament, as it contains prophecies and foreshadowing of Jesus Christ's coming.

2. Who wrote the Old Testament?

The authorship of the Old Testament is traditionally attributed to various figures. For instance, Moses is traditionally credited with writing the Pentateuch. However, many scholars believe that multiple authors contributed over centuries. The historical books and prophetic writings also include diverse voices reflecting different contexts and concerns.

3. What are the major themes of the Old Testament?

The Old Testament encompasses several major themes, including:

1. **Covenant:** The agreements made between God and His people, notably with Noah, Abraham, and Moses.
2. **Sacrifice and Atonement:** The laws and practices surrounding sacrifices as a means of atoning for sin.
3. **Faithfulness:** The call for Israel to remain faithful to God amidst trials and temptations.
4. **Justice and Righteousness:** The importance of justice in human relationships and social

structures.

5. **Prophecy:** Messages from prophets calling for repentance and foretelling future events.

4. What is the historical context of the Old Testament?

The Old Testament was written over many centuries, reflecting the historical contexts of various periods. Key events include:

- **The Patriarchal Period:** The stories of Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, and Joseph.
- **The Exodus:** The Israelites' escape from Egypt and journey to the Promised Land.
- **The Monarchy:** The establishment of kings, including Saul, David, and Solomon.
- **The Exile:** The Babylonian conquest and the resulting exile of the Israelites.

These historical events shape the narratives and laws found within the Old Testament.

5. How do the Old Testament laws apply today?

The Old Testament contains numerous laws, especially within the books of Exodus, Leviticus, and Deuteronomy. While many of these laws were specific to ancient Israel, principles of justice, mercy, and ethical living continue to be relevant. Many Christians view the moral teachings of the Old Testament as foundational, while Jewish law remains integral to Jewish life.

6. What role do the Psalms play in the Old Testament?

The Psalms, a collection of songs and prayers, serve multiple purposes:

- **Worship:** Psalms are used in both private and communal worship settings.
- **Expression of Emotion:** They capture a wide range of human emotions, from joy to despair.
- **Teaching:** Many Psalms contain theological insights and reflections on God's character.

The Psalms have had a lasting influence on Christian worship and are often cited in both prayer and liturgy.

Key Figures in the Old Testament

The Old Testament features numerous significant figures, each playing crucial roles in God's unfolding plan. Here are some of the most prominent:

1. Adam and Eve

The first humans created by God, Adam and Eve, embody the theme of disobedience and the resulting consequences of sin.

2. Noah

Noah is known for his faithfulness in building the ark and preserving life during the Great Flood. His story emphasizes God's judgment and mercy.

3. Abraham

Regarded as the father of faith, Abraham's covenant with God marks a pivotal point in biblical history. His willingness to sacrifice Isaac exemplifies profound faith.

4. Moses

Moses is a central figure in the Exodus narrative, leading the Israelites out of slavery in Egypt and receiving the Ten Commandments on Mount Sinai.

5. David

The second king of Israel, David, is known for his heart for God, his psalms, and his complex reign, which included both triumphs and failures.

6. Isaiah

As a major prophet, Isaiah's messages of warning and hope provide insight into God's plans for Israel and the future Messiah.

Conclusion

Engaging with **Old Testament survey questions and answers** is a valuable pursuit for anyone interested in theology, history, or literature. The Old Testament is not just a collection of ancient texts; it is a profound narrative that continues to inspire and challenge people today. By exploring its themes, historical contexts, and key figures, readers can gain a deeper appreciation for its enduring impact on faith and culture.

In summary, the Old Testament offers a rich tapestry of stories and teachings that resonate through time. Whether approached as a religious document, a historical record, or a literary masterpiece, it invites readers to explore its depths and discover its relevance in today's world.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the significance of the Old Testament in Christianity?

The Old Testament is foundational to Christianity as it contains the sacred scriptures of the Hebrew Bible, providing the context for the New Testament and the teachings of Jesus. It includes prophecies, laws, and narratives that shape Christian theology.

How many books are there in the Old Testament?

There are 39 books in the Old Testament according to the Protestant canon, while the Catholic and Orthodox traditions include additional books, bringing their total to 46 and 51, respectively.

What are the main divisions of the Old Testament?

The Old Testament is typically divided into four main sections: the Pentateuch (Torah), Historical Books, Wisdom Literature, and the Prophets.

Who are the major prophets in the Old Testament?

The major prophets in the Old Testament include Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ezekiel, and Daniel. These books contain significant prophecies and messages from God to the people of Israel.

What is the role of the Psalms in the Old Testament?

The Psalms serve as a collection of songs and prayers that express a range of human emotions, including praise, lament, and thanksgiving. They are used in both personal and corporate worship.

What themes are prevalent in the Old Testament?

Common themes in the Old Testament include covenant, redemption, law, faithfulness, justice, and the nature of God. These themes illustrate God's relationship with humanity and His plan for salvation.

How does the Old Testament depict the character of God?

The Old Testament portrays God as holy, just, merciful, and loving. It emphasizes His sovereignty over creation, His faithfulness to His promises, and His desire for a relationship with His people.

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