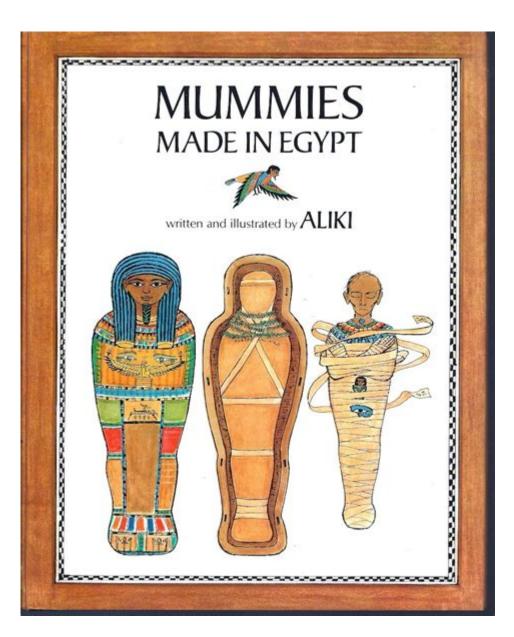
Mummies Made In Egypt By Aliki



Mummies Made in Egypt by Aliki are a fascinating exploration into the ancient practices of embalming and mummification that have captivated historians, archaeologists, and enthusiasts alike. Aliki, a talented author and illustrator, brings to life the intricate processes and cultural significance of mummies in ancient Egyptian society through her engaging storytelling and vivid illustrations. This article delves into the history of mummification in Egypt, the process itself, the cultural implications, and the contributions of Aliki in making this subject accessible to younger audiences.

The Historical Context of Mummification in Ancient Egypt

Mummification dates back to the early dynastic period of ancient Egypt,

around 3150 BCE. It was a practice deeply intertwined with the Egyptians' beliefs about the afterlife, spirituality, and the preservation of the body.

The Beliefs About the Afterlife

The ancient Egyptians had a complex belief system regarding life after death. They believed that the soul (Ba) would continue to exist after the body died, and to ensure the soul's safe passage to the afterlife, the body needed to be preserved. Key beliefs included:

- The Concept of Ma'at: This principle of harmony and balance governed both the earthly and divine realms and was crucial to the afterlife journey.
- The Judgment of the Dead: A ceremony where the heart of the deceased was weighed against the feather of Ma'at to determine their fate in the afterlife.
- The Importance of the Body: The physical body was seen as a vessel for the soul, and its preservation was essential for the deceased to enjoy the afterlife.