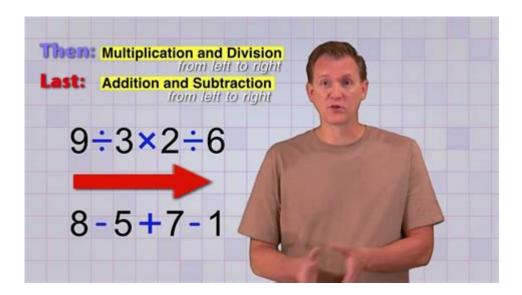
# **Math Antics Order Of Operations**



#### MATH ANTICS ORDER OF OPERATIONS

The order of operations in mathematics is a fundamental concept that dictates the sequence in which different mathematical operations should be performed to ensure consistency and accuracy in calculations. Often abbreviated as PEMDAS, the order of operations serves as a guideline for solving mathematical expressions that involve multiple operations. Understanding this concept is essential not only for students but for anyone engaged in mathematical problem-solving. This article delves into the principles of the order of operations, its significance, and practical examples to illustrate its application.

## WHAT IS THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS?

The order of operations is a set of rules that determines the correct sequence to evaluate a mathematical expression. When an expression contains more than one operation, the order of operations helps eliminate ambiguity and ensures that everyone arrives at the same result. The acronym PEMDAS stands for:

- 1. PARENTHESES
- 2. EXPONENTS
- 3. MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION (FROM LEFT TO RIGHT)
- 4. Addition and Subtraction (from left to right)

EACH OF THESE COMPONENTS PLAYS A CRUCIAL ROLE IN THE COMPUTATION PROCESS. LET'S BREAK THEM DOWN FURTHER.

## BREAKING DOWN PEMDAS

## 1. PARENTHESES

Parentheses are used to indicate which operations should be performed first in a mathematical expression. Whenever you see parentheses, you should solve the operation inside them before moving on to other operations.

#### FOR EXAMPLE:

- In the expression \(3 + (2 \times 5)\), you first calculate \(2 \times 5 = 10\), and then add 3, resulting in \(3 + 10 = 13\).

### 2. EXPONENTS

EXPONENTS INDICATE HOW MANY TIMES A NUMBER, KNOWN AS THE BASE, IS MULTIPLIED BY ITSELF. AFTER EVALUATING ANY OPERATIONS WITHIN PARENTHESES, THE NEXT STEP IS TO CALCULATE ANY EXPONENTS.

#### FOR EXAMPLE:

- In the expression  $(2^3 + 4)$ , you first calculate  $(2^3 = 8)$  and then add 4, leading to (8 + 4 = 12).

### 3. MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION

AFTER HANDLING PARENTHESES AND EXPONENTS, YOU PERFORM MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION FROM LEFT TO RIGHT. IT'S IMPORTANT TO NOTE THAT MULTIPLICATION DOES NOT TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER DIVISION; BOTH OPERATIONS ARE OF EQUAL RANK AND ARE PROCESSED IN THE ORDER THEY APPEAR FROM LEFT TO RIGHT.

#### FOR EXAMPLE:

- In the expression \(6 \div 2 \times 3\), you first divide \(6 \div 2 = 3\), and then multiply by 3, resulting in \(3 \times 3 = 9\).

### 4. ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

FINALLY, ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION ARE PERFORMED FROM LEFT TO RIGHT, SIMILAR TO MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION. AGAIN, THESE OPERATIONS ARE OF EQUAL RANK AND MUST BE PROCESSED IN THE ORDER THEY APPEAR.

#### FOR EXAMPLE:

- In the expression (7 - 2 + 4), you subtract first: (7 - 2 = 5), and then add 4, giving (5 + 4 = 9).

## WHY IS ORDER OF OPERATIONS IMPORTANT?

THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS IS CRUCIAL FOR SEVERAL REASONS:

- 1. Consistency: By following the order of operations, mathematicians and students can ensure that calculations are performed consistently, leading to the same results regardless of who performs the calculations.
- 2. CLARITY: WHEN SOLVING COMPLEX EXPRESSIONS, THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS PROVIDES A CLEAR PATHWAY FOR SOLVING PROBLEMS, REDUCING CONFUSION ABOUT WHICH OPERATION TO PERFORM NEXT.
- 3. FOUNDATION FOR ADVANCED MATHEMATICS: A SOLID UNDERSTANDING OF THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS IS A STEPPING STONE FOR MORE ADVANCED MATHEMATICAL CONCEPTS, INCLUDING ALGEBRA, CALCULUS, AND BEYOND.

## COMMON MISTAKES WITH ORDER OF OPERATIONS

DESPITE ITS IMPORTANCE, MANY STUDENTS STRUGGLE WITH THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS, OFTEN MAKING MISTAKES THAT CAN LEAD TO INCORRECT RESULTS. HERE ARE SOME COMMON PITFALLS:

- 1. Ignoring Parentheses: Failing to calculate expressions within parentheses first can lead to significant errors. For instance, in the expression  $(4 + 2 \times (3 + 1))$ , if one ignores the parentheses, they might calculate  $(4 + 2 \times 3 = 10)$  instead of the correct  $(4 + 2 \times 4 = 12)$ .
- 2. MISUNDERSTANDING MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION: Some STUDENTS FORGET THAT MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION SHOULD BE PROCESSED FROM LEFT TO RIGHT. IN THE EXPRESSION  $(8 \pm 2)$ , many might mistakenly multiply first.
- 3. Confusing Addition and Subtraction: Similarly, students may perform addition before subtraction, which can lead to incorrect answers. For example, in (5 3 + 2), not following the left-to-right rule would yield (2 + 2 = 4) instead of the correct (5 3 = 2) followed by (2 + 2 = 4).

## PRACTICAL EXAMPLES

LET'S TAKE A CLOSER LOOK AT SOME PRACTICAL EXAMPLES TO BETTER UNDERSTAND THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS:

### EXAMPLE 1

```
EVALUATE (3 + 6) \times (5 + 4) \div 3 - 7.
```

- STEP 1: PARENTHESES FIRST:
- -(5 + 4 = 9)
- STEP 2: REWRITE THE EXPRESSION:
- $(3 + 6) \times 9 \div 3 7)$
- STEP 3: MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION FROM LEFT TO RIGHT:
- $(6 \times 9 = 54)$
- $-(54 \div 3 = 18)$
- STEP 4: REWRITE THE EXPRESSION:
- -(3 + 18 7)
- STEP 5: ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION FROM LEFT TO RIGHT:
- (3 + 18 = 21)
- -\(21-7=14\)

THE FINAL ANSWER IS  $\setminus (14)$ .

## EXAMPLE 2

```
EVALUATE (2^3 + 5) \times (4 - 2) - 6 \div 3.
```

- STEP 1: PARENTHESES:
- (4 2 = 2)
- STEP 2: REWRITE THE EXPRESSION:
- $-(2^3 + 5) \times 2 6 \div 3$
- STEP 3: EXPONENTS:
- $-(2^3 = 8)$
- STEP 4: REWRITE THE EXPRESSION:
- $(8 + 5 \times 2 6 \div 3)$
- STEP 5: MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION:

```
-\(5\TIMES 2 = 10\)
-\(6 ÷ 3 = 2\)

- Step 6: Rewrite the expression:
-\(8 + 10 - 2\)

- Step 7: Addition and Subtraction:
-\(8 + 10 = 18\)
-\(18 - 2 = 16\)
```

THE FINAL ANSWER IS (16).

### FINAL THOUGHTS

Understanding the order of operations is crucial in mathematics. The PEMDAS acronym serves as an effective tool for remembering the sequence of operations, helping to eliminate confusion and ensuring that calculations yield consistent results. By practicing the order of operations with various expressions, students can master this essential mathematical concept, paving the way for success in future mathematical endeavors. Whether you're a student, teacher, or simply someone who engages with numbers, remembering to follow the order of operations will lead to clearer thinking and more accurate results in your mathematical pursuits.

## FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

### WHAT IS THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS IN MATHEMATICS?

THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS IS A SET OF RULES THAT DETERMINES THE SEQUENCE IN WHICH CALCULATIONS ARE PERFORMED. THE COMMON ACRONYM USED IS PEMDAS, WHICH STANDS FOR PARENTHESES, EXPONENTS, MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION (FROM LEFT TO RIGHT), ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION (FROM LEFT TO RIGHT).

#### WHY IS THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS IMPORTANT?

THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS IS CRUCIAL BECAUSE IT ENSURES THAT EVERYONE INTERPRETS MATHEMATICAL EXPRESSIONS IN THE SAME WAY, LEADING TO CONSISTENT AND ACCURATE RESULTS. WITHOUT THIS STANDARDIZATION, DIFFERENT INTERPRETATIONS COULD LEAD TO VARYING ANSWERS.

## CAN YOU GIVE AN EXAMPLE OF HOW TO APPLY THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS?

Certainly! For the expression  $3+6\times(5+4)\div3-7$ , you would first solve the parentheses: 5+4=9. Then, the expression becomes  $3+6\times9\div3-7$ . Next, perform the multiplication and division from left to right:  $6\times9=54$  and then  $54\div3=18$ . Finally, you would complete the addition and subtraction from left to right: 3+18-7=14.

## WHAT HAPPENS IF YOU DON'T FOLLOW THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS?

If you don't follow the order of operations, you may arrive at incorrect answers. For example, without following the rules, one might compute  $3+6\times 2$  incorrectly as  $(3+6)\times 2=18$  instead of the correct answer of 15.

### WHAT ARE SOME COMMON MISCONCEPTIONS ABOUT THE ORDER OF OPERATIONS?

A COMMON MISCONCEPTION IS THAT MULTIPLICATION ALWAYS COMES BEFORE ADDITION. WHILE IT'S TRUE THAT MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION ARE PERFORMED FROM LEFT TO RIGHT, THE SAME APPLIES TO ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION. THEY ARE ON THE SAME LEVEL, SO YOU PERFORM THEM IN THE ORDER THEY APPEAR FROM LEFT TO RIGHT.

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Le mathématicien autrichien Hans Hahn étudie à l'université de Vienne où il est très ami avec 3 autres futurs grands scientifiques, Paul Ehrenfest, Heinrich Tietze et Herglotz. ... Afficher sa ...

#### **Testy matematyczne**

Testy dla uczniów i nie tylko. Sprawdź swoją wiedzę matematyczną.

Exercices corrigés - Calcul exact d'intégrales

Déterminer toutes les primitives des fonctions suivantes, sur un intervalle bien choisi :  $\$  {array} {lll} \displaystyle f 1 (x)=5x^3-3x+7&\displaystyle f 2 (x ...

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#### Exercices corrigés - Déterminants

Ressources de mathématiques On considère les matrices suivantes :  $T = (1\ 0\ 0\ 3\ 1\ 0\ 0\ -\ 2\ 1)$  et  $A = (1\ -\ 10\ 11\ -\ 3\ 6\ 5\ -\ 6\ 12\ 8)$ . Déterminer la matrice  $B = TA\ B = TA$  et calculer le déterminant de ...

#### Exercices corrigés - Intégrales curvilignes

On pourra d'abord montrer que la forme différentielle est fermée, et utiliser le théorème de Poincaré. Pour la recherche des primitives, on résoudra successivement les équations aux ...

#### Exercices corrigés - Intégrales multiples

On commence par écrire le domaine d'une meilleure facon. On a en effet :

Exercices corrigés -Équations différentielles linéaires du premier ...

Exercices corrigés - Équations différentielles linéaires du premier ordre - résolution, applications

#### Exercices corrigés - Exercices - Analyse

Analyse complexe Formules intégrales de Cauchy - Inégalités de Cauchy - Applications Conditions de Cauchy-Riemann Grands théorèmes : principe du maximum, application ...

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