

Isosceles And Equilateral Triangles

Worksheet Answer Key

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

4-5

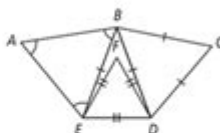
Practice

Form G

Isosceles and Equilateral Triangles

Complete each statement. Explain why it is true.

- $\angle DBC \cong \angle CDB$
 $\angle BCD$; all the angles of an equilateral triangle are congruent.
- $\angle BED \cong \angle FDE$
 $\angle BDE$; the base angles of an isosceles triangle are congruent.
- $\angle FED \cong \angle DFE$
 $\angle EDF$; all the angles of an equilateral triangle are congruent.
- $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{BE}$
 $\overline{EA}$; all the sides of an equilateral triangle are congruent.

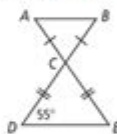
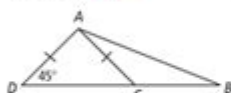


Algebra Find the values of x and y .

- 65; 50
- 45; 90
- 55; 70
- 30; 20
- 70; 20
- 45; 45

Use the properties of isosceles and equilateral triangles to find the measure of the indicated angle.

- $m\angle ACB$ 135
- $m\angle DBC$ 20
- $m\angle ABC$ 55
- Equilateral $\triangle ABC$ and isosceles $\triangle DBC$ share side BC . If $m\angle BDC = 34$ and $BD = BC$, what is the measure of $\angle ABD$? (Hint: it may help to draw the figure described.) 172



Isosceles and Equilateral Triangles Worksheet Answer Key

Understanding the properties of triangles, particularly isosceles and equilateral triangles, is critical for students studying geometry. Worksheets focused on these specific types of triangles help reinforce key concepts and provide practice in identifying and calculating their properties. This article will delve into the characteristics of isosceles and equilateral triangles, provide examples of typical problems found in worksheets, and present an answer key to enhance comprehension and learning.

Understanding Triangle Types

Triangles are categorized based on their side lengths and angles. Two specific types of triangles that students often encounter are isosceles and equilateral triangles.

Isosceles Triangles

An isosceles triangle is defined as a triangle with at least two sides of equal length. This property leads to several important characteristics:

- Equal Angles: The angles opposite the equal sides are also equal. This means that if two sides are equal, the angles opposite those sides will be the same.
- Height: The height of an isosceles triangle can be dropped from the apex (the vertex opposite the base) to the midpoint of the base, forming two right triangles.
- Area Calculation: The area can be calculated using the formula $\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height}$.

Equilateral Triangles

An equilateral triangle is a special case of an isosceles triangle where all three sides are equal. The properties of equilateral triangles include:

- Equal Sides: All sides are of the same length.
- Equal Angles: Each interior angle measures 60 degrees.
- Symmetry: Equilateral triangles are symmetrical along any of their altitudes.
- Area Calculation: The area can be calculated using the formula $\text{Area} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times \text{side}^2$.

Typical Problems in Worksheets

Worksheets designed to practice isosceles and equilateral triangle concepts often include various types of problems. These problems may range from identifying triangle types to calculating area, perimeter, and angles. Here are some common types of questions you might find:

Identifying Triangle Types

1. Determine the type of triangle given the side lengths:
 - Example: Side lengths are 5 cm, 5 cm, and 8 cm. What type of triangle is this?
 - Answer: Isosceles triangle (two sides are equal).
2. Classify the triangle based on angles:
 - Example: Angles measuring 60°, 60°, and 60°. What type of triangle is this?

- Answer: Equilateral triangle (all angles are equal).

Calculating Area and Perimeter

1. Calculate the area of an isosceles triangle:

- Given: Base = 10 cm, Height = 8 cm.
- Formula: $\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height} = \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 8 = 40 \text{ cm}^2$.

2. Find the perimeter of an equilateral triangle:

- Given: Side length = 6 cm.
- Formula: $\text{Perimeter} = 3 \times \text{side} = 3 \times 6 = 18 \text{ cm}$.

Solving for Angles

1. Find the missing angle in an isosceles triangle:

- Given: Two angles are 50° each. What is the third angle?
- Calculation: $180^\circ - (50^\circ + 50^\circ) = 80^\circ$.

2. Calculate angles in an equilateral triangle:

- Given: All sides are equal. What are the angles?
- Answer: Each angle measures 60° .

Answer Key for Isosceles and Equilateral Triangles Worksheet

Here is a sample answer key for common problems related to isosceles and equilateral triangles:

1. Identify Triangle Type:

- Problem: Side lengths are 7 cm, 7 cm, and 10 cm.
- Answer: Isosceles triangle.
- Problem: Angles are 30° , 30° , and 120° .
- Answer: Isosceles triangle.

2. Calculate Area:

- Problem: Isosceles triangle with base = 12 cm and height = 5 cm.
- Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 12 \times 5 = 30 \text{ cm}^2$.
- Problem: Equilateral triangle with side = 4 cm.
- Area = $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 4^2 = 4\sqrt{3} \approx 6.93 \text{ cm}^2$.

3. Find Perimeter:

- Problem: Isosceles triangle with sides 5 cm, 5 cm, and 8 cm.
- Perimeter = $5 + 5 + 8 = 18 \text{ cm}$.
- Problem: Equilateral triangle with side = 10 cm.

- Perimeter = $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ cm})$.

4. Solving for Angles:

- Problem: Isosceles triangle with angles of 70° and 70° .

- Missing angle = $(180^\circ - (70^\circ + 70^\circ) = 40^\circ)$.

- Problem: Equilateral triangle.

- All angles = 60° .

Conclusion

The study of isosceles and equilateral triangles is essential for grasping the foundational concepts of geometry. By engaging with worksheets that focus on these triangles, students can develop their skills in identifying triangle types, calculating area and perimeter, and solving for unknown angles. The provided answer key serves as a valuable resource for students to verify their understanding and improve their problem-solving abilities. As students gain confidence with isosceles and equilateral triangles, they will be better prepared for more complex geometric concepts in their academic journey.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the difference between isosceles and equilateral triangles?

An isosceles triangle has at least two sides of equal length, while an equilateral triangle has all three sides equal and all angles measuring 60 degrees.

How can I identify an isosceles triangle in a worksheet problem?

Look for two sides marked with the same length or two angles marked as equal; this indicates it is an isosceles triangle.

What types of problems might be included in an isosceles and equilateral triangles worksheet?

Problems may include calculating the perimeter, area, or angles of the triangles, as well as identifying properties and relationships between the sides and angles.

Is there a specific formula for finding the area of an equilateral triangle?

Yes, the area of an equilateral triangle can be calculated using the formula $A = (\sqrt{3}/4) a^2$, where 'a' is the length of a side.

What should I do if I want to check my answers on the isosceles and equilateral triangles worksheet?

You can refer to the provided answer key, which usually includes step-by-step solutions to verify your calculations and reasoning.

Are there any online resources for practicing isosceles and equilateral triangle problems?

Yes, many educational websites offer worksheets and interactive exercises on triangles, which can help reinforce your understanding.

What are some common misconceptions about isosceles and equilateral triangles?

A common misconception is that all triangles with two equal sides are equilateral; however, only triangles with all three sides equal are classified as equilateral.

Why is it important to understand the properties of isosceles and equilateral triangles?

Understanding these properties is fundamental in geometry as they play a crucial role in proofs, problem-solving, and real-world applications like architecture and design.

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