

# How To Write Letters In Japanese



Hiragana

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**How to write letters in Japanese** can be both an exciting and daunting task for those interested in the language and culture. Writing letters in Japanese is not just about conveying a message; it also embodies the rich traditions, etiquette, and nuances of communication in Japan. Whether you are writing a formal letter to a business partner or a casual note to a friend, understanding the structure and conventions is essential. In this article, we will explore the basics of writing letters in Japanese, including the different styles, formats, and expressions to help you craft your messages effectively.

# The Basics of Japanese Letter Writing

Writing letters in Japanese involves several key elements that may differ significantly from Western writing styles. Understanding these basics can enhance the clarity and appropriateness of your communication.

## Understanding the Structure

Japanese letters typically follow a specific format, which can be categorized into three main parts:

1. Date and Address: The date is written at the top right corner, followed by the recipient's name and address on the left side.
2. Salutation: This is the greeting that introduces the letter, often reflecting the relationship between the sender and recipient.
3. Body: The main content of the letter, where you express your thoughts, feelings, or information you wish to convey.
4. Closing and Signature: This includes a polite closing phrase followed by your name.

## Types of Japanese Letters

There are various types of letters in Japanese, each serving a different purpose. Here are some common types:

- **Formal Letters (敬書, Keisho):** Used for business communications, these letters adhere to strict etiquette and formal language.
- **Casual Letters (便紙, Benji):** Informal letters written to friends or family, allowing for relaxed language and expressions.
- **Thank-You Letters (御礼状, Orei-jou):** Special letters expressing gratitude, often sent after receiving a gift or favor.
- **Apology Letters (謝罪状, Shazai-jou):** Used to express regret and seek forgiveness, these letters require careful wording to convey sincerity.

## Writing a Formal Letter

When writing a formal letter in Japanese, it is crucial to follow conventional standards and show respect. Here's a step-by-step guide:

## 1. Date and Address

- Write the date at the top right corner in the format: Year (年), Month (月), Day (日). For example, "2023年10月1日".
- Below the date, write the recipient's name, followed by their title or position if applicable.
- Include the recipient's address aligned to the left.

## 2. Salutation

- Use appropriate titles such as "拝啓" (Haikei) to begin your letter. This phrase is often used in formal letters and means "Dear [Recipient]."

## 3. Main Body

- Start with a polite inquiry about the recipient's well-being, such as "お元気ですか?" (Ogenki desu ka? - How are you?).
- Clearly state your purpose for writing. Use polite language and avoid overly casual expressions.
- Provide necessary details in a structured manner. Consider using paragraphs to separate distinct ideas.

## 4. Closing and Signature

- Conclude with a courteous closing phrase like "敬啓" (Keigu), which means "Sincerely."
- Sign your name directly below the closing phrase. If you are printing the letter, you can include your title or position.

## Writing a Casual Letter

Casual letters allow for more relaxed language and personal touches. Here's how to write one:

### 1. Date and Address

- Similar to formal letters, write the date on the top right.
- The recipient's name can be written without titles, often using a casual form.

### 2. Salutation

- Use a friendly greeting like "やー" (Yā - Hi) or "こんにちは" (Konnichiwa - Hello).

### 3. Main Body

- Start with a casual inquiry, such as "さきんどうしている?" (Saikin dō shite iru? - How have you been lately?).
- Express your thoughts freely, sharing personal anecdotes, jokes, or news.
- Feel free to use slang and colloquial expressions to create a more personal tone.

### 4. Closing and Signature

- End with a warm closing, such as "じゃね" (Ja ne - See you) or "またね" (Mata ne - Later).
- Sign your name, perhaps adding a small doodle or drawing to personalize your letter further.

## Common Expressions Used in Japanese Letters

Knowing some common expressions can enhance your letters, making them more engaging and culturally appropriate. Here are some phrases divided by context:

### Formal Expressions

- "ゴブサタシテオリマス" (Gobusatashite orimasu) - "I apologize for not being in touch."
- "オイスガシイトコロモシイwakeアリマセン" (Oisogashii tokoro mōshiwake arimasen) - "I apologize for bothering you during your busy time."
- "ナニトゾヨロシクオネガイモシイゲマス" (Nani tozo yoroshiku onegai mōshiagemasu) - "I sincerely request your assistance."

### Casual Expressions

- "ゲンキニシテる?" (Genki ni shiteru? - Are you doing well?)
- "さきんどう?" (Saikin wa dō? - How's it going lately?)
- "またあそぶね" (Mata asobō ne - Let's hang out again soon.)

## Tips for Writing Letters in Japanese

To enhance your letter-writing skills in Japanese, consider the following tips:

- **Practice Regularly:** The more you write, the more comfortable you will become with the language and structure.
- **Read Examples:** Familiarize yourself with sample letters to understand different styles and formats.

- **Get Feedback:** Share your letters with native speakers to receive constructive criticism and improve your writing.
- **Use Appropriate Language:** Be mindful of the level of formality required for your audience; adjust your language accordingly.

## Conclusion

Writing letters in Japanese is an art that combines language skills with cultural understanding. By mastering the structure, style, and etiquette of Japanese letters, you can convey your messages with clarity and respect. Whether you are writing a formal business correspondence or a casual note to a friend, the principles discussed in this article will guide you in crafting effective and meaningful letters. So pick up your pen and start writing – your Japanese letter-writing journey awaits!

## Frequently Asked Questions

### What are the basic components of a letter in Japanese?

A basic Japanese letter typically includes a date, a salutation, the body of the letter, a closing phrase, and the sender's name.

### How do you address someone in a Japanese letter?

In Japanese letters, you typically use honorifics such as '-san' after the person's name. For example, if you are writing to Tanaka, you would write 'Tanaka-san'.

### What is the correct way to start a letter in Japanese?

You can start a letter with '[]' (haikei) for formal letters, or simply '[]' (konnichiwa) for informal ones. The choice depends on your relationship with the recipient.

### How do you express gratitude in a Japanese letter?

You can express gratitude by using phrases like '[]' (osewa ni natte orimasu) which means 'Thank you for your continued support.'

### What phrases are commonly used to close a Japanese letter?

Common closing phrases include '[]' (keigu) for formal letters and '[]' (sore de wa) for informal ones, followed by your name.

### Should I use kanji, hiragana, or katakana in a Japanese letter?

It is best to use a combination of kanji and hiragana for most letters. Use katakana primarily for foreign names or words.

## What is the significance of the date in a Japanese letter?

The date is usually placed at the top of the letter, as it helps to establish the context and timing of your correspondence.

## Are there specific cultural norms to consider when writing a Japanese letter?

Yes, it's important to be mindful of formality, use polite language, and express respect towards the recipient. Avoid overly casual language unless you have a close relationship.

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## How To Write Letters In Japanese

ATTEMPTED WRITE TO READONLY MEMORY□□□□□ □□...

Oct 2, 2024 · 0x000000BE "ATTEMPTED\_WRITE\_TO\_READONLY\_MEMORY"

**write for** **write to** **□□□ - □□□□**

Apr 21, 2016 · write to 请写, 写Please remind me to write to my mother tomorrow. 请提醒我明天给我母亲写信.  
写. write for 为He does not just write for fun; write is his bread and butter. 他不仅仅是为乐而写, 写是他的生计.  
请写, 写.

**write**□□□□□□□□□□□□\_□□□□

Nov 30, 2016 · write wrote write written write [raɪt] [raɪt] v. 1 write a book 2 write a book report 3 write a composition 4 write a film script ...

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offset write off

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Nov 23, 2024 · write off [REDACTED] offset [REDACTED] [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED]

**diskgenius** (diskgenius ...

Jun 28, 2024 · diskgenius DiskGenius ...

**write down**

Dec 2, 2023 · Write down 1 On the morning before starting the fast, write down your starting weight . State when you logged on, and remember to write down the time you log off.

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Jul 31, 2024 · write off Write-off -

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Oct 2, 2024 · 0x000000BE "ATTEMPTED\_WRITE\_TO\_READONLY\_MEMORY" ...

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Apr 21, 2016 · write to Please remind me to write to my mother tomorrow. . write for He does not just ...

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Nov 23, 2024 · write off offset

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Aug 24, 2024 · cm<sup>2</sup> cm<sup>2</sup> 1. - “ ” \_ “c” ...

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Jul 31, 2024 · write off Write-off -

we write -

we write 1 We Write We Write 2 ...

**write. as** -

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