

# How To Write A Dissertation Literature Review



How to write a dissertation literature review is a crucial aspect of the dissertation process. A well-crafted literature review demonstrates your depth of understanding in your research area, highlights the significance of your study, and justifies your research questions or hypotheses. This article will guide you through the essential steps to write a comprehensive and effective literature review for your dissertation.

## Understanding the Purpose of a Literature Review

Before diving into the writing process, it's important to understand what a literature review is and its purpose in a dissertation.

- **Contextualizes your research:** It situates your study within the existing body of knowledge, illustrating how your work contributes to the field.
- **Identifies gaps:** A literature review uncovers gaps in the current research, which your dissertation aims to fill.
- **Establishes credibility:** It demonstrates your familiarity with the subject matter, showcasing your

ability to engage with previous works critically.

- **Guides methodology:** By reviewing how other researchers have approached similar problems, you can refine your own research design and methodology.

## Steps to Writing a Dissertation Literature Review

Writing a literature review can be a daunting task, but breaking it down into manageable steps can simplify the process.

### 1. Define Your Research Question or Hypothesis

Your literature review should be guided by a clear research question or hypothesis. This will help you focus your search for relevant literature and make it easier to determine which studies are pertinent to your work.

### 2. Conduct a Comprehensive Literature Search

A robust literature review is based on a thorough search of relevant sources. Here are some tips for conducting your search:

1. **Use multiple databases:** Explore academic databases such as Google Scholar, JSTOR, PubMed, and others relevant to your field.
2. **Employ relevant keywords:** Use a combination of keywords and phrases that relate to your

research question to find relevant articles.

3. **Check references:** Review the references of key papers to discover additional sources that may not have appeared in your initial search.
4. **Stay organized:** Keep track of your sources and notes in a reference management tool like Zotero, Mendeley, or EndNote.

### 3. Evaluate and Select Relevant Literature

Once you have gathered a substantial amount of literature, it's important to evaluate and select the most pertinent studies. Consider the following criteria:

- **Relevance:** Does the study directly relate to your research question?
- **Quality:** Assess the credibility of the source. Peer-reviewed articles are often more reliable than non-peer-reviewed works.
- **Recency:** Depending on your field, more recent studies may provide updated information or methodologies.
- **Theoretical framework:** Identify if the studies leverage similar theories or models that you intend to use.

## 4. Organize the Literature Review

Once you've selected the relevant literature, the next step is to organize it logically. There are several common structures you might consider:

- **Chronological:** Present the literature in the order it was published, which can illustrate the evolution of the research topic.
- **Thematic:** Organize the review by themes or topics, allowing for a more in-depth discussion of specific aspects.
- **Methodological:** Group studies based on the research methods employed, which can highlight different approaches to the same research question.
- **Geographical or contextual:** If applicable, organize literature based on geographical areas or specific contexts.

## 5. Write the Literature Review

With your organization in place, you can begin writing your literature review. Here are some tips:

- **Start with an introduction:** Provide context for your review, including your research question and the significance of the topic.
- **Summarize and synthesize:** Instead of merely summarizing each study, synthesize the information. Discuss how the studies relate to one another and to your research question.

- **Be critical:** Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of the studies. Consider their limitations and how they might affect your research.
- **Conclude with implications:** Summarize the key findings and discuss how they inform your research. Highlight the gaps you intend to address.

## 6. Revise and Edit

After completing your draft, take the time to revise and edit your literature review thoroughly. Consider the following:

- **Clarity and coherence:** Ensure that your writing flows logically and that your arguments are clearly articulated.
- **Formatting:** Adhere to the required formatting style (APA, MLA, Chicago, etc.) as specified by your institution.
- **Proofreading:** Check for grammatical errors, typos, and inconsistencies in citation.

## Common Pitfalls to Avoid

Writing a literature review can be challenging, and there are several common pitfalls to avoid:

- **Being overly descriptive:** Avoid simply summarizing studies without critical analysis. Your review

should synthesize and evaluate the literature.

- **Ignoring gaps in the literature:** Failing to identify gaps can weaken your review and your research's justification.
- **Overlooking older studies:** While recent studies are important, older foundational studies can provide essential context.
- **Neglecting to organize:** A disorganized review can confuse readers. Ensure a clear structure to enhance readability.

## Conclusion

Writing a dissertation literature review is a vital component of your research journey. By following the steps outlined above, you can create a well-structured and comprehensive literature review that not only supports your dissertation but also enhances your understanding of your research area.

Remember, this is an opportunity to engage deeply with existing research, identify gaps, and position your work within the broader academic discourse. Take the time to refine your review, and it will serve as a strong foundation for your dissertation.

## Frequently Asked Questions

### What is the purpose of a literature review in a dissertation?

The purpose of a literature review in a dissertation is to provide a comprehensive overview of existing research on a topic, identify gaps in the literature, and justify the need for your study.

## **How do I start my literature review?**

Begin your literature review by defining your research question or hypothesis, then outline key themes and topics that are relevant to your study to guide your search for literature.

## **What types of sources should I include in my literature review?**

Include a variety of sources such as peer-reviewed journal articles, books, theses, and credible online resources to ensure a well-rounded analysis of the topic.

## **How do I organize my literature review?**

Organize your literature review thematically, chronologically, or methodologically, depending on what best highlights the relationships and trends in the research.

## **How long should a dissertation literature review be?**

The length of a dissertation literature review varies by discipline and institution, but it typically ranges from 20% to 40% of the total dissertation length.

## **What is a critical analysis in a literature review?**

A critical analysis involves evaluating the strengths and weaknesses of existing studies, discussing their relevance to your research, and identifying gaps or contradictions in the literature.

## **How do I cite sources in my literature review?**

Cite sources according to the citation style specified by your institution (e.g., APA, MLA, Chicago), ensuring that you include all relevant bibliographic information for each reference.

## **What common mistakes should I avoid in my literature review?**

Common mistakes include summarizing sources without critical analysis, failing to connect literature to your research question, and not maintaining a clear structure.

## How often should I update my literature review?

You should update your literature review throughout your research process, especially as you discover new studies or if your research question evolves.

## Can I use my literature review in future publications?

Yes, the literature review can serve as a foundation for future publications, but ensure that you revise and adapt it to fit the new context and audience.

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## How To Write A Dissertation Literature Review

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