

History Of The Edmund Fitzgerald



The Edmund Fitzgerald is one of the most famous ships in Great Lakes maritime history, known for its tragic sinking during a storm on Lake Superior on November 10, 1975. The story of the Fitzgerald resonates with both the maritime community and the general public, immortalized by Gordon Lightfoot's haunting ballad, "The Wreck of the Edmund Fitzgerald." This article delves into the ship's construction, operational history, the events leading to its sinking, and the legacy it left behind.

Construction and Early Years

The Edmund Fitzgerald was built in 1958 by the Great Lakes Engineering Works in River Rouge, Michigan. It was commissioned by the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company and was named after the company's president, Edmund Fitzgerald. Here are some significant points regarding its construction and early years:

1. Specifications:

- Length: 729 feet (222.5 meters)
- Beam: 75 feet (22.9 meters)
- Depth: 39 feet (11.9 meters)
- Gross tonnage: 13,632 tons
- Deadweight tonnage: 26,000 tons

2. Design Features:

- The Fitzgerald was designed as a bulk carrier and was the largest ship on the Great Lakes at that time.
- It featured a double-hull design, which was intended to improve safety by reducing the risk of sinking.

3. Early Operations:

- The ship was launched on June 7, 1958, and began its maiden voyage on September 24 of the same

year.

- In its early years, the Fitzgerald primarily transported iron ore from mines in Minnesota to steel mills in Detroit and other cities.

Operational History

Throughout its operational life, the Edmund Fitzgerald quickly earned a reputation for reliability and efficiency.

Notable Voyages

- The ship completed more than 700 trips on the Great Lakes, carrying over 1.5 million tons of cargo.
- In 1971, the Fitzgerald set a record for the largest cargo ever carried on the Great Lakes, transporting 26,116 tons of iron ore in a single trip.

Challenges Faced

Despite its success, the Fitzgerald faced several challenges, including:

- Weather Conditions: The Great Lakes are notorious for their unpredictable weather patterns, which could turn from calm to violent in a matter of hours.
- Maintenance Issues: Over time, the ship required considerable maintenance to address wear and tear, particularly concerning its hull integrity.

The Final Voyage

The final voyage of the Edmund Fitzgerald commenced on November 9, 1975. It was tasked with transporting a load of taconite pellets from the mines of Duluth, Minnesota, to the Zug Island steel mill in Detroit.

Weather Conditions

As the ship set sail, it encountered increasingly severe weather conditions:

1. Forecast: A storm was brewing over Lake Superior, with warnings issued for high winds and waves.
2. Conditions: The winds reached speeds of up to 50 knots (approximately 58 mph), and the waves grew to heights of 35 feet during the storm.

Communication and Events Leading to the Sinking

- The Fitzgerald was in communication with other vessels and shore stations, including the Arthur M. Anderson, another freighter that was navigating the same storm.
- Captain Ernest McSorley and his crew of 29 men were aware of the challenging conditions but believed the ship was seaworthy enough to continue its journey.

On the evening of November 10, the Fitzgerald lost both its radar and radio communications. The ship began to take on water, and the crew's situation became increasingly dire.

Sinking of the Edmund Fitzgerald

At approximately 7:10 PM on November 10, 1975, the Edmund Fitzgerald sank in a matter of minutes in the cold waters of Lake Superior.

Eyewitness Accounts

- The Arthur M. Anderson, which was trailing the Fitzgerald, reported seeing the ship's lights flickering before it went dark.
- The ship sank approximately 17 miles from Whitefish Bay, with the wreckage lying in about 530 feet of water.

Search and Recovery

In the aftermath of the sinking, a massive search operation was launched:

- The U.S. Coast Guard and various other vessels participated in the search.
- Unfortunately, all 29 crew members were lost, making it one of the deadliest maritime disasters in Great Lakes history.

Aftermath and Investigation

Following the sinking of the Edmund Fitzgerald, investigations were conducted to determine the cause.

Investigation Findings

- The official investigation pointed to several factors contributing to the sinking, including:
- Inadequate maintenance of the ship's hull, which may have allowed water to enter the cargo hold.
- Severe weather conditions that exceeded the vessel's capabilities.

- Possible structural failure due to the ship's design and age.

Legacy and Cultural Impact

The legacy of the Edmund Fitzgerald extends far beyond its tragic sinking:

1. Memorials:

- Various memorials and tributes have been established to honor the lost crew members, including a memorial at Whitefish Point in Michigan.

2. Gordon Lightfoot's Song:

- The ship's story gained further prominence through Gordon Lightfoot's song "The Wreck of the Edmund Fitzgerald," released in 1976. The song became a cultural phenomenon, bringing attention to the tragedy.

3. Documentaries and Literature:

- Numerous documentaries, books, and articles have been produced exploring the ship's history and the events leading to its sinking.

Conclusion

The Edmund Fitzgerald remains a poignant symbol of the perils of maritime navigation on the Great Lakes. The ship's tragic end serves as a stark reminder of the unpredictable nature of Lake Superior and the bravery of those who work in the shipping industry. While the vessel may have sunk, its legacy continues to endure, fostering a deeper appreciation for the history and culture of the Great Lakes. The stories of the 29 crew members lost that fateful night remind us of the human element behind maritime trade and the risks faced by those who navigate the waters of this vast and beautiful region.

Frequently Asked Questions

What was the Edmund Fitzgerald originally built for?

The Edmund Fitzgerald was originally built as an iron ore bulk carrier for transporting taconite pellets from Lake Superior to steel mills in the lower Great Lakes.

When was the Edmund Fitzgerald launched?

The Edmund Fitzgerald was launched on June 8, 1958.

What was the tragic event that happened to the Edmund Fitzgerald?

The Edmund Fitzgerald sank in Lake Superior during a storm on November 10, 1975, leading to the

loss of all 29 crew members on board.

What contributed to the sinking of the Edmund Fitzgerald?

The sinking was attributed to a combination of severe weather conditions, including high winds and large waves, as well as possible structural issues with the ship.

What is the significance of the song 'The Wreck of the Edmund Fitzgerald'?

The song, written and performed by Gordon Lightfoot, was released in 1976 and brought widespread attention to the tragedy, becoming one of the most famous maritime disaster songs in history.

Where can the wreck of the Edmund Fitzgerald be found?

The wreck of the Edmund Fitzgerald lies approximately 17 miles from Whitefish Point in Lake Superior, at a depth of about 530 feet.

What legacy did the Edmund Fitzgerald leave in maritime history?

The Edmund Fitzgerald's sinking raised awareness about the dangers of Great Lakes shipping and led to changes in safety regulations for vessels operating in the region.

How has the Edmund Fitzgerald been memorialized over the years?

The Edmund Fitzgerald has been memorialized through various means, including annual memorial services, documentaries, books, and the establishment of the Great Lakes Shipwreck Museum at Whitefish Point.

Find other PDF article:

<https://soc.up.edu.ph/51-grid/pdf?docid=Jsl34-4473&title=role-of-teacher-in-early-childhood-education.pdf>

History Of The Edmund Fitzgerald

Check or delete your Chrome browsing history

Your History lists the pages you've visited on Chrome in the last 90 days. It doesn't store: If you're signed in to Chrome and sync your ...

Delete your activity - Computer - Google Account Help

Delete your activity automatically You can automatically delete some of the activity in your Google Account. On your computer, ...

Access & control activity in your account - Google Help

Under "History settings," click My Activity. To access your activity: Browse your activity, organized by day and time. To find specific ...

history **herstory** -

From Middle English, from Old French estoire, estorie (“chronicle, history, story”) (French histoire), from Latin historia, from ...

Find your Google purchase history - Google Pay Help

Find your Google purchase history You can get a list of your charges and transactions for Google purchases and subscriptions. Find ...

Check or delete your Chrome browsing history

Your History lists the pages you've visited on Chrome in the last 90 days. It doesn't store: If you're signed in to Chrome and sync your history, then your History also shows pages you've visited ...

Delete your activity - Computer - Google Account Help

Delete your activity automatically You can automatically delete some of the activity in your Google Account. On your computer, go to your Google Account. At the left, click Data & privacy. ...

Access & control activity in your account - Google Help

Under "History settings," click My Activity. To access your activity: Browse your activity, organized by day and time. To find specific activity, at the top, use the search bar and filters. Manage ...

history **herstory** -

From Middle English, from Old French estoire, estorie (“chronicle, history, story”) (French histoire), from Latin historia, from Ancient Greek ἱστορία (historía, “learning through research, narration ...

Find your Google purchase history - Google Pay Help

Find your Google purchase history You can get a list of your charges and transactions for Google purchases and subscriptions. Find transactions for Google products Go to ...

Manage your Google Maps Timeline

Timeline helps you go back in time and remember where you've been by automatically saving your visits and routes to your Google Maps Timeline on each of your signed-in devices. You ...

View or delete your YouTube search history - Google Help

You can manage your search history by deleting individual searches or clearing or pausing search history. Learn more about your data in YouTube and managing your YouTube activity.

Update billing and payments for YouTube TV

If you signed up for YouTube TV through a mobile carrier or internet provider, you'll be billed by them. Learn more about how integrated billing works. To review your payment history, follow ...

Find & manage your recent chats in Gemini Apps

On your computer, go to gemini.google.com. If your chats are hidden, at the top, click Menu . On the side panel, find your pinned and recent chats.

edge ...

History WebAssistDatabase db Navicat ...

Explore the fascinating history of the Edmund Fitzgerald

[Back to Home](#)