# **Gcse Biology Questions And Answers**

# AQA GCSE Biology Paper 1 100% Correct Answers Verified questions 2023/2024

What does a nucleus do? - answer It contains genetic material and controls the activities of the cell

What does cytoplasm do? - answer It's a gel-like substance where most of the chemical reactions happen. It contains enzymes that control these chemical reactions

What does a cell membrane do? - answer It holds the cell together and controls what goes in and out

What do mitochondria do? - answer These are where most of the reactions for aerobic respiration occur. Respiration transfers energy that the cell needs to work

What do ribosomes do? - answer This is where protein synthesis takes place - where proteins are made in the cell

What do cell walls do? - answer They are made of cellulose and they support and strengthen the cell

What does a vacuole do? - answer It contains cell sap and helps maintain the shape of the cell

What do chloroplasts do? - answer This is where photosynthesis occurs, which makes food for the plant. They contain chlorophyll - a green pigment - which absorbs light needed for photosynthesis

What do bacterial cells contain? - answer Cytoplasm, cell membrane, cell wall, flagella, ribosomes, mitochondria, slime capsule, plasmids (small rings of DNA) and a single circular strand of DNA that floats freely in the cytoplasm

What do bacterial cells NOT contain? - answer A nucleus

GCSE Biology Questions and Answers are essential for students preparing for their examinations. The General Certificate of Secondary Education (GCSE) in Biology is a critical step for students in the UK, providing foundational knowledge in biological sciences. This comprehensive guide will explore common topics, typical questions you might encounter, and provide detailed answers to help students excel in their studies.

# **Understanding the GCSE Biology Curriculum**

The GCSE Biology curriculum is designed to cover various topics, including cell biology,

genetics, evolution, ecology, and human biology. Understanding the structure of these topics is crucial for exam preparation.

## **Key Topics**

- 1. Cell Biology
- Structure and function of cells
- Cell division (mitosis and meiosis)
- Transport in cells (osmosis, diffusion, and active transport)
- 2. Genetics
- DNA structure and function
- Inheritance patterns (dominant and recessive traits)
- Genetic variation and mutations
- 3. Evolution and Biodiversity
- Natural selection and adaptation
- Classification of living organisms
- Ecosystems and interdependence
- 4. Human Biology
- Organ systems (digestive, respiratory, circulatory)
- Homeostasis and regulation
- Health and disease (pathogens, immune response)
- 5. Ecology and Environment
- Energy flow in ecosystems
- Biomes and habitats
- Human impact on the environment

# **Common GCSE Biology Questions**

To help students prepare, here are some common GCSE Biology questions along with answers.

## **Cell Biology Questions**

Question 1: What are the main differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells?

#### Answer:

- Prokaryotic Cells:
- Lack a nucleus
- Smaller in size (typically 0.1 to 5.0 µm)
- Have a simpler structure
- Examples include bacteria

- Eukaryotic Cells:
- Have a defined nucleus
- Larger in size (typically 10 to 100  $\mu$ m)
- More complex with various organelles (e.g., mitochondria, endoplasmic reticulum)
- Examples include plant and animal cells

Question 2: Describe the process of osmosis.

#### Answer:

Osmosis is the movement of water molecules across a semi-permeable membrane from an area of lower solute concentration to an area of higher solute concentration. This process continues until equilibrium is reached. Key points to note:

- It is a passive process (requires no energy).
- It is crucial for maintaining cell turgor in plant cells.
- Factors affecting osmosis include temperature and the concentration gradient.

## **Genetics Questions**

Question 3: Explain Mendel's law of segregation.

#### Answer:

Mendel's law of segregation states that during the formation of gametes, the two alleles for a trait separate from each other. Each gamete carries only one allele for each gene. This law is fundamental in understanding inheritance patterns and can be illustrated using a simple Punnett square.

Question 4: What is the difference between homozygous and heterozygous genotypes?

#### Answer:

- Homozygous Genotype: Contains two identical alleles for a specific gene (e.g., AA or aa).
- Heterozygous Genotype: Contains two different alleles for a specific gene (e.g., Aa).

# **Evolution and Biodiversity Questions**

Question 5: What is natural selection?

#### Answer:

Natural selection is the process through which organisms better adapted to their environment tend to survive and produce more offspring. Key components of natural selection include:

- Variation: Individuals in a population have variations in traits.
- Competition: Organisms compete for limited resources.
- Survival of the Fittest: Those with advantageous traits are more likely to survive and reproduce.
- Adaptation: Over generations, these advantageous traits become more common in the population.

Question 6: How do adaptations help organisms survive?

#### Answer:

Adaptations are traits that enhance an organism's ability to survive in its environment. Examples include:

- Structural Adaptations: Physical features like camouflage in animals or the thick fur of mammals in cold climates.
- Behavioral Adaptations: Actions that improve survival, such as migration in birds or nocturnal behavior in predators.
- Physiological Adaptations: Internal processes like temperature regulation in mammals or venom production in snakes.

## **Human Biology Questions**

Question 7: Name the main organs of the human circulatory system.

#### Answer:

The primary organs of the human circulatory system include:

- Heart: Pumps blood throughout the body.
- Blood Vessels: Includes arteries, veins, and capillaries.
- Blood: The fluid that transports oxygen, nutrients, and waste products.

Question 8: What is homeostasis, and why is it important?

#### Answer:

Homeostasis is the process by which the body maintains a stable internal environment despite changes in external conditions. It is crucial for:

- Maintaining optimal conditions for enzyme action.
- Regulating temperature, pH, and ion concentrations.
- Ensuring proper functioning of cells and organs.

## **Ecology and Environment Questions**

Question 9: What is a food chain, and how does it differ from a food web?

#### Answer:

- Food Chain: A linear sequence showing how energy and nutrients flow from one organism to another, starting from producers to various levels of consumers (e.g., grass  $\rightarrow$  rabbit  $\rightarrow$  fox).
- Food Web: A complex network of interconnected food chains that illustrates how different organisms are related in an ecosystem.

Question 10: How do human activities impact biodiversity?

#### Answer:

Human activities significantly impact biodiversity through:

- Habitat Destruction: Urbanization and deforestation lead to loss of habitats for many

#### species.

- Pollution: Contaminants can harm living organisms and disrupt ecosystems.
- Climate Change: Altered climate patterns affect species distribution and survival.
- Overexploitation: Unsustainable hunting, fishing, and harvesting reduce populations of certain species.

# Tips for Preparing for GCSE Biology Exams

Here are some useful tips to help you prepare effectively for your GCSE Biology exams:

- 1. Understand the Exam Format:
- Familiarize yourself with the types of questions (multiple choice, short answer, extended response).
- Review past papers to understand the question styles and marking schemes.
- 2. Create a Study Schedule:
- Allocate specific times for each topic to ensure comprehensive coverage.
- Break down complex concepts into manageable sections.
- 3. Use Revision Aids:
- Flashcards for key terms and definitions.
- Diagrams to visualize processes (e.g., cell division, the circulatory system).
- Videos and online resources for interactive learning.
- 4. Practice with Past Papers:
- Solve past exam questions under timed conditions.
- Review mark schemes to understand how to structure answers.
- 5. Form Study Groups:
- Join or form study groups to discuss topics and quiz each other.
- Teaching concepts to peers can reinforce your understanding.
- 6. Seek Help When Needed:
- Don't hesitate to ask teachers or tutors for clarification on difficult topics.
- Use online forums and study resources for additional support.
- 7. Stay Healthy and Balanced:
- Ensure you get enough rest, nutrition, and exercise to keep your mind and body in optimal condition for studying.

By focusing on these areas and practicing frequently, students can enhance their understanding of GCSE Biology topics and improve their performance in exams. The right preparation will lead to greater confidence and success in achieving desired grades.

# **Frequently Asked Questions**

# What are the main differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells?

Prokaryotic cells are smaller, simpler, and do not have a nucleus or membrane-bound organelles, whereas eukaryotic cells are larger, more complex, and contain a nucleus and organelles.

### What is the function of the cell membrane?

The cell membrane controls the movement of substances in and out of the cell, providing protection and maintaining the internal environment.

## How do enzymes function in biological reactions?

Enzymes are biological catalysts that speed up chemical reactions by lowering the activation energy required, allowing reactions to occur more quickly and efficiently.

# What is the process of photosynthesis?

Photosynthesis is the process by which green plants use sunlight, carbon dioxide, and water to produce glucose and oxygen, occurring mainly in the chloroplasts.

## What are the stages of the cell cycle?

The cell cycle consists of interphase (G1, S, G2 phases) and mitotic phase (mitosis and cytokinesis), where the cell grows, duplicates its DNA, and divides.

# What is genetic variation and why is it important?

Genetic variation refers to differences in DNA among individuals in a population, which is crucial for evolution as it provides the raw material for natural selection.

## How do vaccines work to protect against disease?

Vaccines stimulate the immune system to recognize and fight specific pathogens by introducing a harmless component of the pathogen, enabling the body to develop immunity.

# What role do decomposers play in an ecosystem?

Decomposers break down dead organic matter, recycling nutrients back into the soil and maintaining the balance of ecosystems by enabling new growth.

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