Example Physical Exam Documentation

NUR 245

Complete Physical Examination

Date: 06/20/18

Student: Samuel Kollmorgen

Patient Initials: H.K. Age: 25 Gender: Male

Occupation: Student

General Survey of Patient

- 1. Appears stated age: Pt seems appropriate for stated age
- 2. Level of consciousness: Pt is alert and oriented x3
- 3. Skin color: PWD, appropriate appearance for stated age and ethnicity
- 4. Nutritional status: Stated dietary intake is adequate, pt seems well nourished.
- 5. Posture and position: Upright, erect posture. No abnormalities detected.
- 6. Obvious physical deformities: No obvious physical deformities seen.
- 7. Mobility: Normal gait and posture, pt is mobile w/o assistive device.
- 8. Facial expression: No signs of distress, pain, or anxiety. Face symmetrical.
- 9. Mood and affect: Pt is content and displays a normal affect.
- 10. Speech: Pt's speech is appropriate and understandable.
- 11. Hearing: Pt does not state to have any issues hearing.
- 12. Personal hygiene: Pt is well groomed and appropriately dressed.

Measurements and Vital Signs

- 1. Weight: 178 lbs
- 2. Height: 70 in.
- 3. Body mass index: 25.5
- 4. Vision using Snellen eye chart: 20/20 bilaterally with corrective lenses.
- 5. Radial pulse, rate, and rhythm: 78, 2+ radial pulses RRR
- 6. Respirations, rate, depth: 16, Normal work of breathing
- 7. Blood pressure: 136/72 right arm, sitting.
- 8. Temperature (if indicated): N/A
- 9. Pain assessment: 0/10

Skin

1. Hand and nails: No clubbing or deformities, cap refill < 2 sec, skin PWD, nail beds pink.

Color and pigmentation: Color tan-pink, even pigmentation, no lesions noted.

Temperature: Warm Moisture: Dry Texture: Smooth

Turgor: Good turgor, no signs of tenting. Any lesions: No notable lesions.

Head and Face

Example physical exam documentation is a critical component of the medical record that captures a patient's health status at a specific point in time. This documentation serves multiple purposes, including facilitating effective communication among healthcare providers, providing a baseline for future comparisons, and supporting clinical decision-making. Accurate documentation reflects the comprehensive assessment of a patient and ensures that all relevant findings are recorded systematically.

In this article, we will discuss the various aspects of physical exam documentation, including its importance, components, and an example format that healthcare professionals can follow.

Importance of Physical Exam Documentation

Physical exam documentation is essential for several reasons:

- 1. Communication: It provides a clear and concise summary of the patient's condition that can be easily shared among healthcare providers, ensuring continuity of care.
- 2. Legal Protection: Proper documentation serves as a legal record of the care provided, protecting healthcare professionals in case of disputes or malpractice claims.
- 3. Clinical Decision-Making: It aids in clinical decision-making by allowing healthcare providers to track changes in a patient's condition over time.
- 4. Quality Assurance: Documentation can be used to monitor the quality of care and adherence to clinical guidelines.
- 5. Research and Data Collection: Well-documented physical exams contribute to clinical research and quality improvement initiatives.

Components of Physical Exam Documentation

A thorough physical exam documentation should include the following components:

1. Patient Identification

- Full name
- Date of birth
- Medical record number
- Date of examination
- Time of examination

2. Chief Complaint

- A brief statement describing the reason for the visit, usually in the patient's own words.

3. History of Present Illness (HPI)

- Detailed narrative that outlines the progression of the current illness, including onset, duration, location, severity, and associated symptoms.

4. Review of Systems (ROS)

- A systematic review of each body system to identify any additional symptoms the patient may be experiencing.

5. Physical Examination Findings

- Detailed observations regarding various systems and regions of the body, including:
- General Appearance
- Vital Signs (Blood Pressure, Heart Rate, Respiratory Rate, Temperature)
- Head, Eyes, Ears, Nose, Throat (HEENT)
- Neck
- Cardiovascular
- Respiratory
- Gastrointestinal
- Genitourinary
- Musculoskeletal
- Neurological
- Skin

6. Assessment

- A summary of the clinical findings along with the healthcare provider's clinical impression or diagnosis.

7. Plan

- A comprehensive plan outlining further diagnostic tests, treatments, referrals, and follow-up recommendations.

8. Signature and Credentials

- The documentation should be signed by the healthcare provider along with their credentials and designation.

Example Physical Exam Documentation

Below is an example format of physical exam documentation that healthcare professionals can adapt for their use.

Patient Identification:

- Name: John Doe

- Date of Birth: 01/15/1985

Medical Record Number: 123456
Date of Examination: 10/01/2023
Time of Examination: 10:00 AM

Chief Complaint:

Patient presents with a complaint of persistent cough for the past two weeks.

History of Present Illness (HPI):

Mr. Doe is a 38-year-old male who reports a dry cough that started approximately two weeks ago. The cough worsens at night and is occasionally accompanied by a mild sore throat. He denies any fever, chills, or shortness of breath. He has a history of seasonal allergies but has not experienced any recent allergy symptoms. No known sick contacts.

Review of Systems (ROS):

- Constitutional: Denies fever, weight loss, or fatigue.
- Respiratory: Reports persistent cough; denies wheezing or hemoptysis.
- Cardiovascular: Denies chest pain or palpitations.
- Gastrointestinal: Denies nausea, vomiting, or diarrhea.
- Neurological: Denies headaches, dizziness, or changes in vision.
- Musculoskeletal: Denies joint pain or muscle aches.

Physical Examination Findings:

- General Appearance: Alert and oriented, in no acute distress.
- Vital Signs:
- Blood Pressure: 120/80 mmHg
- Heart Rate: 72 bpm
- Respiratory Rate: 16 breaths/min
- Temperature: 98.6°F
- HEENT:
- Head: Normocephalic, atraumatic.
- Eyes: PERRLA, EOMI.
- Ears: No erythema or discharge.
- Nose: Clear, no nasal discharge.
- Throat: Mild erythema, no exudate.
- Neck: No lymphadenopathy, trachea midline.
- Cardiovascular: Regular rate and rhythm, no murmurs.
- Respiratory: Clear to auscultation bilaterally; no wheezes or crackles.
- Gastrointestinal: Soft, non-tender, no hepatosplenomegaly.
- Genitourinary: Deferred.
- Musculoskeletal: Full range of motion, no swelling or tenderness.
- Neurological: Cranial nerves II-XII intact, strength 5/5 in all extremities.
- Skin: Warm, dry, no rashes or lesions.

Assessment:

- 1. Persistent cough likely secondary to viral upper respiratory infection.
- 2. Mild pharyngitis.
- 3. History of seasonal allergies, currently asymptomatic.

Plan:

- 1. Symptomatic treatment with cough suppressants as needed.
- 2. Advise the patient to increase fluid intake and rest.
- 3. Educate on the use of saline nasal spray for nasal dryness.
- 4. Follow up in one week or sooner if symptoms worsen.
- 5. Consider allergy evaluation if symptoms persist beyond two weeks.

Signature and Credentials:

- Dr. Jane Smith, MD
- Family Medicine

Conclusion

Effective physical exam documentation is vital for patient care and the integrity of medical records. By adhering to a structured approach that includes all necessary components, healthcare providers can ensure that they capture a comprehensive picture of the patient's health status. The example provided in this article serves as a guideline for practitioners aiming to improve the clarity and completeness of their documentation. Ultimately, thorough documentation not only enhances patient care but also fosters a culture of accountability and professionalism in healthcare settings.

Frequently Asked Questions

What are the key components of a physical exam documentation?

Key components include patient demographics, chief complaint, history of present illness, review of systems, physical exam findings, assessment, plan, and any patient instructions.

How can electronic health records (EHR) improve physical exam documentation?

EHR can enhance documentation by allowing for standardized templates, easy access to patient history, real-time updates, and improved accuracy through automated data entry and decision support tools.

What are common mistakes to avoid in physical exam documentation?

Common mistakes include incomplete or vague descriptions, failure to document vital signs, not updating changes in patient condition, and using non-standard abbreviations that may lead to misinterpretation.

Why is it important to document the patient's vital signs during a physical exam?

Documenting vital signs is crucial as they provide essential information about the patient's current health status and can help identify potential issues or changes in condition that require immediate attention.

How does thorough physical exam documentation benefit patient care?

Thorough documentation enhances continuity of care, facilitates communication among healthcare providers, supports accurate diagnoses and treatment plans, and serves as a legal record of the patient's medical history.

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Example Physical Exam Documentation

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