

Electrical Formulas Cheat Sheet

Electrical Code Academy, Inc.

To Find	AC/DC FORMULAS			
	DC	AC		
		115, 115V or 220 V	115, 208, 230, or 240 V	51 - All Voltages
1 HP known	$\frac{746 \text{ Watts}}{E \times \text{PF}}$	$\frac{746 \text{ Watts}}{E \times \text{PF}}$	$\frac{746 \text{ Watts}}{E \times \text{PF}}$	$\frac{746 \text{ Watts}}{E \times \text{PF}}$
1 KW known	$\frac{1000 \text{ Watts}}{E \times \text{PF}}$	$\frac{1000 \text{ Watts}}{E \times \text{PF}}$	$\frac{1000 \text{ Watts}}{E \times \text{PF}}$	$\frac{1000 \text{ Watts}}{E \times \text{PF}}$
1 KVA known	$\frac{1000 \text{ VA}}{E}$	$\frac{1000 \text{ VA}}{E}$	$\frac{1000 \text{ VA}}{E}$	$\frac{1000 \text{ VA}}{E}$
HP	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{746}$	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{746}$	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{746}$	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{746}$
KVA	$\frac{E \times I}{1000}$	$\frac{E \times I}{1000}$	$\frac{E \times I}{1000}$	$\frac{E \times I}{1000}$
HP output	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{746}$	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{746}$	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{746}$	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{746}$

Parallel and Series - Formulas

	Capacitor	Resistor	Inductor
Series	$\frac{1}{C} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2}$	$R = R_1 + R_2$	$L = L_1 + L_2$
Parallel	$C = C_1 + C_2$	$\frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2}$	$\frac{1}{L} = \frac{1}{L_1} + \frac{1}{L_2}$
Fundamental Formula	$\Delta I' = \frac{Q}{C}$	$\Delta I' = IR$	$E_L = -L \frac{dI}{dt}$

Find: (1) Secondary Amps T
(2) Primary Volt-Amps
(3) Primary Amps T

Primary: 120V, 120V, 4.4A
Secondary: 240V, 240V, 2.2A

W = VA x EFF
VA = W / EFF

(1) Secondary Amps: 240 watts / 24 volts = 10A
(2) Primary Volt-Amps: 240 watts x 4.4 = 1056 VA
(3) Primary Amps: 1056 VA / 120 volts = 8.8A

$E = \text{Voltage} / I = \text{Amps} / \text{PF} = \text{Power factor} / \text{EFF} = \text{Efficiency} / \text{HP} = \text{Horsepower}$

To Find	Direct Current	Alternating Current		
		Single Phase	Two Phase* Four-Wire	Three Phase
Amps when Horsepower is known	$\frac{HP \times 746}{E \times \text{EFF}}$	$\frac{HP \times 746}{E \times \text{EFF} \times 2}$	$\frac{HP \times 746}{E \times \text{EFF} \times 1.73}$	$\frac{HP \times 746}{E \times \text{EFF} \times 1.73}$
Amps when Kilowatts are known	$\frac{KW \times 1000}{E \times \text{EFF}}$	$\frac{KW \times 1000}{E \times \text{EFF} \times 2}$	$\frac{KW \times 1000}{E \times \text{EFF} \times 1.73}$	$\frac{KW \times 1000}{E \times \text{EFF} \times 1.73}$
Amps when "KVA" is known	$\frac{KVA \times 1000}{E}$	$\frac{KVA \times 1000}{E \times 2}$	$\frac{KVA \times 1000}{E \times 1.73}$	$\frac{KVA \times 1000}{E \times 1.73}$
Kilowatts	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{1000}$	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{1000 \times 2}$	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{1000 \times 1.73}$	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{1000 \times 1.73}$
Kilowatt-Amps "KVA"	$\frac{E \times I}{1000}$	$\frac{E \times I}{1000 \times 2}$	$\frac{E \times I}{1000 \times 1.73}$	$\frac{E \times I}{1000 \times 1.73}$
Horsepower (Output)	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{746}$	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{746 \times 2}$	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{746 \times 1.73}$	$\frac{E \times I \times \text{PF}}{746 \times 1.73}$

Efficiency = Secondary Watts Output / Primary VA Input
Secondary Watts Output = Primary VA Input x Efficiency
Primary VA Input = Secondary Watts Output / Efficiency

*Dryers - 220-54

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Electrical formulas cheat sheet is an essential resource for students, engineers, and anyone working with electrical systems. Understanding the fundamental principles of electricity and how to apply them is crucial for solving problems in various fields, including electronics, power systems, and telecommunications. This article will provide you with a comprehensive overview of key electrical formulas, their applications, and some practical tips to help you navigate through your electrical studies and projects.

Basic Electrical Concepts

Before diving into the formulas, it's important to grasp some foundational concepts in electricity. Here are a few key terms:

- **Voltage (V):** The electrical potential difference between two points. Measured in volts (V).
- **Current (I):** The flow of electric charge in a circuit. Measured in amperes (A).
- **Resistance (R):** The opposition to current flow in a circuit. Measured in

ohms (Ω).

- **Power (P):** The rate at which electrical energy is consumed or produced. Measured in watts (W).
- **Capacitance (C):** The ability of a system to store an electric charge. Measured in farads (F).
- **Inductance (L):** The property of a conductor to oppose changes in current. Measured in henries (H).

Understanding these terms will help you better comprehend the formulas that follow.

Key Electrical Formulas

Ohm's Law

Ohm's Law is one of the most fundamental principles in electrical engineering. It relates voltage, current, and resistance in a circuit.

$$V = I \times R$$

- Where:
- V = Voltage (volts)
- I = Current (amperes)
- R = Resistance (ohms)

This formula is essential for calculating one of the three variables when the other two are known.

Power Formulas

Power in an electrical circuit can be calculated using various formulas depending on the known quantities.

1. Basic Power Formula:

$$P = V \times I$$

- Where:
- P = Power (watts)
- V = Voltage (volts)
- I = Current (amperes)

2. Using Resistance:

Using Ohm's Law, power can also be expressed as:

$$P = I^2 \times R$$

$$P = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

These formulas allow you to calculate power based on either current and resistance or voltage and resistance.

Capacitance Formulas

Capacitance is crucial in circuits involving capacitors. The formulas related to capacitance include:

1. Capacitance:

$$C = \frac{Q}{V}$$

- Where:
- C = Capacitance (farads)
- Q = Charge (coulombs)
- V = Voltage (volts)

2. Energy Stored in a Capacitor:

$$E = \frac{1}{2} C V^2$$

- Where:
- E = Energy (joules)

Inductance Formulas

Inductance is essential when dealing with coils and inductors in circuits.

1. Inductance:

$$L = \frac{N \Phi}{I}$$

- Where:
- L = Inductance (henries)
- N = Number of turns in the coil
- Φ = Magnetic flux (webers)
- I = Current (amperes)

2. Energy Stored in an Inductor:

$$E = \frac{1}{2} L I^2$$

- Where:

- E = Energy (joules)

AC Circuit Formulas

In alternating current (AC) circuits, different parameters come into play. Here are some key formulas:

1. Impedance:

$$Z = \sqrt{R^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2}$$

- Where:

- Z = Impedance (ohms)

- R = Resistance (ohms)

- X_L = Inductive reactance (ohms)

- X_C = Capacitive reactance (ohms)

2. Reactance:

- Inductive Reactance:

$$X_L = 2 \pi f L$$

- Capacitive Reactance:

$$X_C = \frac{1}{2 \pi f C}$$

- Where:

- f = Frequency (hertz)

- L = Inductance (henries)

- C = Capacitance (farads)

Series and Parallel Circuit Formulas

Understanding how to calculate equivalent resistance, capacitance, and inductance in series and parallel configurations is vital.

1. Series Circuits:

- Total Resistance:

$$R_{\text{total}} = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 + \dots$$

- Total Capacitance:

$$\frac{1}{C_{\text{total}}} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} + \frac{1}{C_3} + \dots$$

2. Parallel Circuits:

- Total Resistance:

$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{total}}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \dots$$

- Total Capacitance:

$$C_{\text{total}} = C_1 + C_2 + C_3 + \dots$$

Tips for Using the Electrical Formulas Cheat Sheet

1. **Understand the Variables:** Familiarize yourself with what each variable represents and its unit of measurement. This understanding is crucial for using the formulas accurately.
2. **Practice:** Regularly solving problems and applying these formulas will help solidify your knowledge. Practice with various scenarios to understand how each formula applies in different contexts.
3. **Use Visual Aids:** Diagrams can help visualize circuits, making it easier to apply the formulas. Draw circuit diagrams when solving problems to keep track of components and their relationships.
4. **Keep a Physical Copy:** Having a printed cheat sheet can be handy during studies or projects. Writing the formulas down can also help reinforce your memory of them.
5. **Study in Groups:** Collaborating with peers can enhance your understanding. Explaining concepts and formulas to others can reinforce your own knowledge.

Conclusion

An **electrical formulas cheat sheet** is a valuable tool for anyone working or studying in the field of electrical engineering. By familiarizing yourself with the core formulas related to voltage, current, resistance, capacitance, inductance, and power, you can improve your problem-solving skills and deepen your understanding of electrical systems. Remember that regular practice and application of these formulas will enhance your proficiency, making your studies or work in electrical engineering more effective and enjoyable.

Frequently Asked Questions

What are the most important electrical formulas included in a cheat sheet?

Key electrical formulas include Ohm's Law ($V = I \times R$), Power ($P = V \times I$), Kirchhoff's Laws, and the formulas for series and parallel circuits.

How can I effectively use an electrical formulas cheat sheet for studying?

To effectively use a cheat sheet, focus on understanding the concepts behind each formula, practice solving problems, and use the cheat sheet as a quick reference during exercises or exams.

Are there any online resources for downloading electrical formulas cheat sheets?

Yes, many educational websites and platforms like SparkFun, All About Circuits, and various engineering forums offer downloadable electrical formulas cheat sheets in PDF format.

What is the significance of including units in an electrical formulas cheat sheet?

Including units is crucial as it helps ensure accuracy in calculations, prevents errors, and reinforces the relationship between quantities, such as volts, amps, and ohms.

Can I create my own personalized electrical formulas cheat sheet?

Absolutely! Customizing your own cheat sheet allows you to focus on the formulas that are most relevant to your studies or projects, and it can enhance your understanding by including personal notes and examples.

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