

Ct Scan Ordering Guide



CT/MRI Ordering Guide

To schedule an appointment: call 1 - 888 - 909 - XRAY or 443 - 481 - 5000.

This is for reference only. This does not imply protocol standards for all the radiology facilities. Information subject to change.

BODY PART	SIGNS/SYMPTOMS	EXAM TO ORDER
BRAIN	Trauma, CVA, Bleeding, Headache, Shunt Check, Alzheimer's, Memory Loss, TIA, Mental Status Change, Confusion	CT Head Without Contrast or MRI Brain Without Contrast (MRI for more severe symptoms or persistent symptoms after a CT Head without contrast was performed)
	Hearing Loss, Tumor, Elevated Prolactin Levels, Cranial Nerve Lesions, Dizziness, Vertigo, Multiple Sclerosis, AVM, Pituitary Lesions, Seizures, Infection	MRI Brain Without & With Contrast
	Stroke, CVA, TIA, Aneurysm	MRI Brain Without Contrast
SINUSES	Pain, Congestion, Sinusitis	CT Sinus Without Contrast
ORBITS	Trauma, Fracture, Foreign Body	CT Orbits Without Contrast
	Infection, Mass	CT Orbits With IV Contrast
	Grave's Disease, Exophthalmos, Proptosis, Pseudotumor, Vascular Lesions	MRI Orbits Without and With Contrast
FACIAL BONES	Trauma, Pain	CT Facial Bones Without Contrast
TEMPORAL BONES	Tinnitus, Cholesteatoma, Pain, Trauma	CT Temporal Bones Without Contrast
NECK	Mass, Adenopathy	CT Neck With IV Contrast
	Infection, Pain, Vocal Cord Paralysis	MRI Neck Without & With Contrast
CHEST	Hilar or Mediastinal Mass, Lung Cancer, Lymphoma, Sarcoid, Staging, Mesothelioma, Metastatic Work-Up	CT Chest With Contrast
	Nodule, Cough, Pain	CT Chest Without Contrast
	Interstitial Lung Disease, IPF, UIP, Sarcoid	CT Chest, High Resolution No Contrast
	Neural Tumor, Brachial Plexus Pathology	MRI Chest Without Contrast
ABDOMEN & PELVIS	Pain, Colitis, IBD, Crohns, Appendicitis, Abscess, Tumor, Cancer	CT ABD & Pelvis With Oral & IV Contrast
	Hematuria With Pain, Stone Survey	CT ABD & Pelvis Without Oral and IV Contrast
	Post Liver Embolization, Hemangioma, Hepatoma, Hepatitis, Cirrhosis, Pancreatitis, Pseudocyst	MRI Abdomen Without & With Contrast
	Biliary Obstruction, GB Stones, Jaundice, Abnormal Enzymes, Adrenal Mass	MRI Abdomen Without Contrast (MRCP)
	IBD, Occult GI Bleeding, Diffuse SBD (Gluten enteropathy)	CT Enterography
	Fibroid, Pre-Post Fibroid Embolization, Ovarian Mass, Endometrioma	MRI Pelvis Without & With Contrast
	Incomplete Colonoscopy or Screening	CT Colonography (Not covered by insurance. Must have physician's referral. Performed at the Weems Creek A.A.D. location.)

CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE IS AN ESSENTIAL RESOURCE FOR HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS, RADIOLOGISTS, AND PATIENTS ALIKE, ENSURING THAT THE PROCESS OF ORDERING AND PERFORMING COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY (CT) SCANS IS BOTH EFFICIENT AND EFFECTIVE. AS DIAGNOSTIC IMAGING TECHNOLOGY HAS ADVANCED, SO TOO HAS THE COMPLEXITY OF DECIDING WHEN AND HOW TO ORDER THESE SCANS. THIS ARTICLE SERVES AS A COMPREHENSIVE GUIDE TO UNDERSTANDING THE NUANCES OF CT SCAN ORDERING, THE INDICATIONS FOR VARIOUS TYPES OF SCANS, AND THE CONSIDERATIONS THAT PLAY A PIVOTAL ROLE IN OPTIMIZING PATIENT OUTCOMES.

UNDERSTANDING CT SCANS

CT SCANS, OR COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY SCANS, ARE ADVANCED IMAGING TECHNIQUES THAT UTILIZE X-RAYS AND COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY TO PRODUCE CROSS-SECTIONAL IMAGES OF THE BODY. THESE SCANS ARE INVALUABLE IN DIAGNOSING VARIOUS MEDICAL CONDITIONS, GUIDING TREATMENT PLANS, AND MONITORING THE PROGRESSION OF DISEASES.

How CT Scans Work

1. X-RAY GENERATION: A CT SCANNER EMITS A SERIES OF X-RAY BEAMS FROM MULTIPLE ANGLES AROUND THE PATIENT.
2. IMAGE RECONSTRUCTION: DETECTORS CAPTURE THE X-RAYS AFTER THEY PASS THROUGH THE BODY, AND A COMPUTER RECONSTRUCTS THESE DATA INTO DETAILED IMAGES.
3. CROSS-SECTIONAL VIEWS: THESE IMAGES PROVIDE CROSS-SECTIONAL VIEWS OF ORGANS, TISSUES, AND STRUCTURES, ALLOWING FOR A COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT.

Types of CT Scans

- STANDARD CT: TYPICALLY USED FOR BRAIN, CHEST, ABDOMEN, AND PELVIS IMAGING.
- CT ANGIOGRAPHY: SPECIALIZED FOR VISUALIZING BLOOD VESSELS AND DIAGNOSING VASCULAR CONDITIONS.
- CT COLONOGRAPHY: A NON-INVASIVE TEST FOR COLON CANCER SCREENING.
- HIGH-RESOLUTION CT: OFTEN USED FOR LUNG IMAGING TO DETECT INTERSTITIAL LUNG DISEASES.

Indications for Ordering a CT Scan

BEFORE ORDERING A CT SCAN, HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS MUST ASSESS THE CLINICAL INDICATIONS. COMMON REASONS FOR CT SCAN ORDERING INCLUDE:

1. TRAUMA EVALUATION: IDENTIFYING INJURIES IN PATIENTS WHO HAVE EXPERIENCED ACCIDENTS.
2. CANCER DETECTION AND STAGING: ASSESSING TUMORS, THEIR SIZE, AND SPREAD.
3. INFECTION DIAGNOSIS: DETECTING ABSCESES OR OTHER INFECTIONS.
4. GUIDING INTERVENTIONS: ASSISTING IN PROCEDURES SUCH AS BIOPSIES OR DRAINAGES.
5. FOLLOW-UP IMAGING: MONITORING KNOWN CONDITIONS OVER TIME.

Clinical Guidelines for CT Scan Ordering

PROVIDERS SHOULD ADHERE TO ESTABLISHED CLINICAL GUIDELINES TO ENSURE APPROPRIATE USE OF CT SCANS. THE FOLLOWING PROTOCOLS HELP IN DETERMINING WHETHER A CT SCAN IS NECESSARY:

- AMERICAN COLLEGE OF RADIOLOGY (ACR) APPROPRIATENESS CRITERIA: THESE CRITERIA PROVIDE EVIDENCE-BASED RECOMMENDATIONS FOR IMAGING STUDIES BASED ON CLINICAL SCENARIOS.
- NATIONAL COMPREHENSIVE CANCER NETWORK (NCCN) GUIDELINES: OFFER SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS FOR IMAGING IN ONCOLOGY.

Considerations Before Ordering a CT Scan

SEVERAL FACTORS SHOULD BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT PRIOR TO ORDERING A CT SCAN. THESE CONSIDERATIONS ENSURE PATIENT SAFETY AND OPTIMIZE DIAGNOSTIC EFFICACY.

Patient Factors

- AGE: PEDIATRIC PATIENTS MAY REQUIRE DIFFERENT APPROACHES COMPARED TO ADULTS DUE TO SENSITIVITY TO RADIATION.
- HISTORY OF ALLERGIES: PATIENTS WITH A HISTORY OF IODINE ALLERGIES MAY NEED ALTERNATIVE IMAGING OPTIONS.
- PREGNANCY: AVOIDING RADIATION EXPOSURE DURING PREGNANCY IS CRUCIAL, MAKING MRI OR ULTRASOUND PREFERABLE WHEN POSSIBLE.

TECHNICAL FACTORS

- RADIATION DOSE: MINIMIZING EXPOSURE TO RADIATION IS ESSENTIAL. PROVIDERS SHOULD CONSIDER THE ALARA PRINCIPLE (AS LOW AS REASONABLY ACHIEVABLE).
- CONTRAST USE: ASSESS WHETHER INTRAVENOUS CONTRAST IS NECESSARY FOR THE SCAN AND EVALUATE RENAL FUNCTION PRIOR TO ADMINISTRATION.

COST AND ACCESSIBILITY

- INSURANCE COVERAGE: UNDERSTANDING THE PATIENT'S INSURANCE PLAN CAN AFFECT THE DECISION TO ORDER A CT SCAN.
- FACILITY AVAILABILITY: THE LOCATION AND AVAILABILITY OF CT IMAGING SERVICES CAN INFLUENCE TIMELINESS AND PATIENT CONVENIENCE.

PREPARING FOR A CT SCAN

PREPARATION BEFORE A CT SCAN CAN VARY BASED ON THE TYPE OF SCAN AND THE USE OF CONTRAST. PATIENTS SHOULD BE INFORMED ABOUT SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS, WHICH MAY INCLUDE:

1. FASTING: PATIENTS MAY BE REQUIRED TO FAST FOR SEVERAL HOURS BEFORE THE SCAN, ESPECIALLY IF CONTRAST MATERIAL IS USED.
2. MEDICATION REVIEW: DISCLOSE ALL MEDICATIONS, INCLUDING OVER-THE-COUNTER DRUGS AND SUPPLEMENTS.
3. HYDRATION: STAYING HYDRATED IS ESSENTIAL, PARTICULARLY WHEN CONTRAST IS USED, TO SUPPORT KIDNEY FUNCTION.
4. CLOTHING: PATIENTS SHOULD WEAR LOOSE-FITTING CLOTHING WITHOUT METAL FASTENERS TO FACILITATE IMAGING.

PATIENT COMMUNICATION

EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION IS CRUCIAL FOR ALLEVIATING PATIENT ANXIETY AND ENSURING COMPLIANCE WITH PREPARATION GUIDELINES. HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS SHOULD:

- PROVIDE CLEAR INSTRUCTIONS REGARDING PREPARATION.
- EXPLAIN THE PROCEDURE, DURATION, AND WHAT TO EXPECT DURING THE SCAN.
- ADDRESS ANY CONCERNS REGARDING RADIATION EXPOSURE OR CONTRAST USE.

INTERPRETING CT SCAN RESULTS

ONCE A CT SCAN IS COMPLETED, RADIOLOGISTS ANALYZE THE IMAGES AND PROVIDE A REPORT TO THE REFERRING PHYSICIAN. UNDERSTANDING THE NUANCES OF THIS PROCESS CAN HELP IN PATIENT MANAGEMENT.

KEY COMPONENTS OF A CT REPORT

1. FINDINGS: DESCRIPTION OF ANY ABNORMALITIES OR NOTABLE CONDITIONS FOUND IN THE IMAGES.
2. IMPRESSION: SUMMARY OF THE KEY FINDINGS AND THEIR CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE.
3. RECOMMENDATIONS: SUGGESTIONS FOR FURTHER IMAGING OR FOLLOW-UP TESTS IF NECESSARY.

FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS BASED ON RESULTS

1. IMMEDIATE INTERVENTIONS: IF A CRITICAL CONDITION IS DETECTED, TIMELY INTERVENTIONS MAY BE NECESSARY.
2. REFERRAL TO SPECIALISTS: BASED ON FINDINGS, THE PATIENT MAY NEED TO SEE A SPECIALIST FOR FURTHER EVALUATION OR TREATMENT.
3. MONITORING: IN CASES WHERE FOLLOW-UP IMAGING IS INDICATED, SCHEDULE SUBSEQUENT SCANS TO TRACK CHANGES.

CONCLUSION

THE CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE SERVES AS AN INVALUABLE TOOL FOR HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS, ENSURING THAT THE DECISION TO ORDER A CT SCAN IS MADE THOUGHTFULLY AND BASED ON CLINICAL EVIDENCE. BY UNDERSTANDING THE INDICATIONS, CONSIDERATIONS, AND PROTOCOLS SURROUNDING CT SCANS, PROVIDERS CAN ENHANCE PATIENT CARE, OPTIMIZE RESOURCES, AND ULTIMATELY IMPROVE DIAGNOSTIC OUTCOMES. AS TECHNOLOGY CONTINUES TO EVOLVE, STAYING INFORMED ABOUT BEST PRACTICES IN IMAGING WILL REMAIN CRITICAL FOR EFFECTIVE HEALTHCARE DELIVERY.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT IS A CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE?

A CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE IS A SET OF GUIDELINES OR PROTOCOLS THAT HELP HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS DETERMINE WHEN AND HOW TO ORDER A CT SCAN FOR PATIENTS, ENSURING APPROPRIATE USE OF IMAGING BASED ON CLINICAL INDICATIONS.

WHY IS IT IMPORTANT TO HAVE A CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE?

IT IS IMPORTANT TO HAVE A CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE TO REDUCE UNNECESSARY RADIATION EXPOSURE, OPTIMIZE PATIENT CARE, IMPROVE DIAGNOSIS ACCURACY, AND MANAGE HEALTHCARE COSTS EFFECTIVELY.

WHO SHOULD USE THE CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE?

THE CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE SHOULD BE USED BY PHYSICIANS, RADIOLOGISTS, AND OTHER HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONALS INVOLVED IN PATIENT ASSESSMENT AND IMAGING DECISIONS.

WHAT FACTORS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED WHEN USING A CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE?

FACTORS TO CONSIDER INCLUDE THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL HISTORY, PRESENTING SYMPTOMS, POTENTIAL BENEFITS AND RISKS OF THE SCAN, AND ALTERNATIVE IMAGING MODALITIES THAT MAY BE MORE APPROPRIATE.

ARE THERE SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OUTLINED IN THE CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE?

YES, THE CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE TYPICALLY INCLUDES SPECIFIC CLINICAL SCENARIOS AND CONDITIONS, SUCH AS TRAUMA, SUSPECTED TUMORS, OR INTERNAL BLEEDING, THAT WARRANT A CT SCAN.

HOW CAN HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS ACCESS CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDES?

HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS CAN ACCESS CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDES THROUGH HOSPITAL PROTOCOLS, PROFESSIONAL MEDICAL ORGANIZATIONS, OR RADIOLOGY SOCIETIES THAT PUBLISH EVIDENCE-BASED RECOMMENDATIONS.

WHAT ROLE DOES PATIENT SAFETY PLAY IN THE CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE?

PATIENT SAFETY PLAYS A CRUCIAL ROLE IN THE CT SCAN ORDERING GUIDE BY EMPHASIZING THE NEED TO MINIMIZE UNNECESSARY SCANS, THEREBY REDUCING RADIATION EXPOSURE AND POTENTIAL ADVERSE EFFECTS.

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