

Coulombs Law Worksheet With Answers

Unit I - Worksheet 3: Coulomb's Law Key

1. Given the mathematical representation of Coulomb's Law, $F = k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2}$, where

$k = 9.0 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2/\text{C}^2$, describe in words the relationship among electric force, charge, and distance.

The electric force is proportional to the product of the charges and is inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the charges.

2. By how much does the electric force between a pair of charged bodies diminish when their separation is doubled? tripled?

$$F_1 = \frac{k}{r^2} \quad F_2 = \frac{k}{(2r)^2} = \frac{k}{4r^2} \quad F_2 = \frac{1}{4}F_1 \quad F_1 = \frac{k}{r^2} \quad F_2 = \frac{k}{(3r)^2} = \frac{k}{9r^2} \quad F_2 = \frac{1}{9}F_1$$

The force is 1/4th as much.

The force is 1/9th as much.

3. Two positive charges of $6.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$ are separated by 0.50 m. Draw a force diagram for each of the charges, considering only electrostatic forces. What is the magnitude of the force between the charges? Is this force repulsive or attractive?



$$F = k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2} \quad F = \frac{9.0 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{C}^2} (6.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C})(6.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C})}{(0.50 \text{ m})^2} = 1.3 \text{ N}$$

Like charge repels, so the force is repulsive.

4. A negative charge of $2.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ C}$ and a positive charge of $8.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ C}$ are separated by 0.30 m. What is the magnitude of the force between the charges? Is this force repulsive or attractive?

$$F = k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2} \quad F = \frac{9.0 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{C}^2} (-2.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ C})(8.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ C})}{(0.30 \text{ m})^2} = 1600 \text{ N}$$

Opposite charges attract, so the force is attractive.

5. A young man accumulates a charge q_1 of $+2.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ C}$ while sliding out of the front seat of a car. His girlfriend, who had been waiting in the wind, has picked up some extra electrons and now has a charge q_2 of $-8.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ C}$.

Draw a sketch of the situation. Estimate the magnitude of the electrical force that each person exerts on the other when separated by a distance of 6.0 m. Is the force attractive or repulsive?

Coulomb's Law Worksheet with Answers

Coulomb's Law is a fundamental principle in electrostatics that describes the force between two charged objects. This law is pivotal in understanding various phenomena in physics and chemistry. In this article, we will delve into the details of Coulomb's Law, provide a worksheet with practice problems, and include answers to enhance comprehension. This resource is designed for students who are learning about electrostatics and require a structured approach to solving related problems.

Understanding Coulomb's Law

Coulomb's Law can be expressed with the formula:

$$F = k \frac{|q_1 q_2|}{r^2}$$

Where:

- (F) = force between the charges (in Newtons)
- (k) = Coulomb's constant ($(8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2)$)
- (q_1) and (q_2) = magnitudes of the charges (in Coulombs)
- (r) = distance between the centers of the two charges (in meters)

Coulomb's Law states that the force between two point charges is directly proportional to the product of the magnitudes of the charges and inversely proportional to the square of the distance between them. The force can be attractive or repulsive depending on the nature of the charges.

Key Concepts Related to Coulomb's Law

1. Nature of Charges:

- Like charges repel each other.
- Unlike charges attract each other.

2. Vector Nature of Force:

- The force is a vector quantity and has both magnitude and direction.

3. Superposition Principle:

- When multiple charges are present, the total force on any charge is the vector sum of the forces exerted on it by all other charges.

4. Units of Measurement:

- Charge is measured in Coulombs (C).
- Force is measured in Newtons (N).
- Distance is measured in meters (m).

Coulomb's Law Worksheet

This worksheet contains problems that require the application of Coulomb's Law. For each problem, you will be required to calculate the electrostatic force between two charges.

Problem Set

1. Problem 1: Two charges, $(q_1 = 3 \text{ } \mu\text{C})$ and $(q_2 = -2 \text{ } \mu\text{C})$, are placed 0.5 meters apart. Calculate the force acting between them.

2. Problem 2: A charge of $(q_1 = 5 \text{ C})$ is located 3 meters away from a charge of $(q_2 = 4 \text{ C})$. What is the magnitude of the force between them?

3. Problem 3: Calculate the force between two charges of $(q_1 = 10 \text{ } \mu\text{C})$ and $(q_2 = 10 \text{ } \mu\text{C})$ that are 2 meters apart.
4. Problem 4: If the distance between two charges is doubled, how does this affect the force between them?
5. Problem 5: Two charges $(q_1 = -1 \text{ } \mu\text{C})$ and $(q_2 = 2 \text{ } \mu\text{C})$ are 1 meter apart. Determine the force between these charges.
6. Problem 6: If $(q_1 = 0.5 \text{ } \mu\text{C})$ and $(q_2 = 1.5 \text{ } \mu\text{C})$ are placed 0.2 meters apart, find the electrostatic force.
7. Problem 7: A charge of $(q_1 = -3 \text{ } \mu\text{C})$ is 0.1 meters away from a charge $(q_2 = 7 \text{ } \mu\text{C})$. What is the force?

Instructions for Solving the Problems

- Identify the values of (q_1) , (q_2) , and (r) from each problem.
- Use Coulomb's Law formula to calculate the force.
- Pay attention to the signs of the charges to determine if the force is attractive or repulsive.
- Show all working steps for full credit.

Answers to the Worksheet

1. Answer to Problem 1:

$$F = k \frac{|q_1 q_2|}{r^2} = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{(3 \times 10^{-6})(2 \times 10^{-6})}{(0.5)^2} = 0.10788 \text{ N (Attractive)}$$

2. Answer to Problem 2:

$$F = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{(5)(4)}{(3)^2} = 19.9778 \text{ N}$$

3. Answer to Problem 3:

$$F = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{(10 \times 10^{-6})(10 \times 10^{-6})}{(2)^2} = 0.22475 \text{ N}$$

4. Answer to Problem 4: If the distance is doubled, the force decreases by a factor of 4 (since $(F \propto \frac{1}{r^2})$).

5. Answer to Problem 5:

$$F =$$

$$F = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{(1)(2)}{(1)^2} = 17.98 \text{ N (Repulsive)}$$

6. Answer to Problem 6:

$$F = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{(0.5 \times 10^{-6})(1.5 \times 10^{-6})}{(0.2)^2} = 0.03374 \text{ N}$$

7. Answer to Problem 7:

$$F = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{(3 \times 10^{-6})(7 \times 10^{-6})}{(0.1)^2} = 188.43 \text{ N (Attractive)}$$

Conclusion

Coulomb's Law is an essential concept in physics that allows for the calculation of forces between charged particles. Understanding how to apply this law through practice problems is crucial for students learning about electrostatics. This worksheet and its answers provide a comprehensive resource for practicing the application of Coulomb's Law, reinforcing theoretical knowledge with practical exercises. By mastering these problems, students can gain confidence and proficiency in their understanding of electrostatic forces.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is Coulomb's Law?

Coulomb's Law describes the electrostatic force between two charged objects, stating that the force is directly proportional to the product of the magnitudes of the charges and inversely proportional to the square of the distance between them.

How do you calculate the force using Coulomb's Law?

The force (F) can be calculated using the formula: $F = k \frac{|q_1 q_2|}{r^2}$, where k is Coulomb's constant (approximately $8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2$), q_1 and q_2 are the charges, and r is the distance between the centers of the two charges.

What units are used in Coulomb's Law?

The units for charge are Coulombs (C), distance is measured in meters (m), and the force is measured in Newtons (N).

What is Coulomb's constant?

Coulomb's constant (k) is a proportionality factor used in Coulomb's Law, valued at approximately $8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2$ in vacuum.

How does distance affect the electrostatic force in Coulomb's Law?

According to Coulomb's Law, the electrostatic force decreases with the square of the distance between the charges; doubling the distance results in a force that is one-fourth as strong.

What happens to the force if the charges are of opposite signs?

If the charges are of opposite signs, the force will be attractive, pulling the charges toward each other.

What is the significance of the direction in Coulomb's Law?

The direction of the electrostatic force is determined by the nature of the charges; like charges repel each other, while opposite charges attract, and this is represented as a vector in the calculations.

Can Coulomb's Law be applied to multiple charges?

Yes, Coulomb's Law can be extended to multiple charges by calculating the net force on a charge due to all other charges using vector addition.

What are common applications of Coulomb's Law?

Coulomb's Law is used in various fields including physics for understanding electric forces, in chemistry for molecular interactions, and in engineering for designing electrostatic devices.

What is a typical worksheet problem involving Coulomb's Law?

A typical worksheet problem might ask to calculate the force between two point charges of $+2 \text{ C}$ and -3 C separated by 0.5 m , requiring the application of Coulomb's Law to find the result.

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