Colligative Properties Practice Problems With Answers

Honors Chemistry						
Colligative Properties Worksheet						

No	ime:	Date:
PA	RT A - CALCULATIONS	
1.	Indicate how many particles are formed when	the following solutes dissolve.

SOLUTE	# OF PARTICLES	SOLUTE	# OF PARTICLES
sucrose (C12H22O11)		magnesium chloride (MgCl ₂)	
sodium sulfate (NazSO4)		methanol (CH3OH)	

- When 5.0 g of CaCl₂ dissolves in 50.0 g of water, what is the boiling point of the solution? (K_b Water = 0.512 °C/m)
- Find the boiling point of a solution containing 6.0 g benzene, C₆H₆, in 35 g of napthalene. (Kb of naphthalene = 5.65 °C/m)
- Mrs. E's feet are aching at the end of a long day. At home, she dissolves 26.0 g of Epsom salt, MgSO₄, in 1.5 kg of water. What is the freezing point of this solution? (K_f water = 1.86 °C/m)

PART B - APPLICATIONS

- Salt is often used to remove ice from roads and sidewalks. Explain how this process works in terms of colligative properties.
- 6. Which salt, NaCl or CaCl2, has a greater effect on freezing point? Explain.
- 7. Imagine you are a famous chef cooking spaghetti for your favorite chemistry teacher she is very interested in your technique and would like to know more about the chemistry behind your amazing cooking! How much would the boiling point of 1L of your pasta water change if you added 20g of NaCl to it?
- A solution contains 21.6 g of a nonelectrolyte and 175 g of water. The water freezes at -7.18° C and Kf = 1.86° C/m. Is the nonelectrolyte CH3OH or C2H5OH?
- Calculate the freezing point of a solution made from 32.7 g of propane, C3H8, dissolved in 137.0 g of benzene, C6H6. The freezing point of benzene is 5.50° C and its Kf is 5.12° C/m.

COLLIGATIVE PROPERTIES PRACTICE PROBLEMS ARE ESSENTIAL FOR STUDENTS STUDYING CHEMISTRY, PARTICULARLY WHEN DELVING INTO THE BEHAVIORS OF SOLUTIONS. UNDERSTANDING THESE PROPERTIES IS CRUCIAL FOR GRASPING HOW SOLUTES AFFECT SOLVENT CHARACTERISTICS, SUCH AS BOILING POINT ELEVATION, FREEZING POINT DEPRESSION, VAPOR PRESSURE LOWERING, AND OSMOTIC PRESSURE. THIS ARTICLE WILL PROVIDE A COMPREHENSIVE OVERVIEW OF COLLIGATIVE PROPERTIES, FOLLOWED BY PRACTICE PROBLEMS AND THEIR SOLUTIONS TO REINFORCE LEARNING.

UNDERSTANDING COLLIGATIVE PROPERTIES

COLLIGATIVE PROPERTIES DEPEND ON THE NUMBER OF SOLUTE PARTICLES IN A SOLUTION RATHER THAN THE NATURE OF THE SOLUTE ITSELF. THEY ARE PARTICULARLY SIGNIFICANT IN VARIOUS SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS, FROM PREDICTING THE BEHAVIOR OF ANTIFREEZE SOLUTIONS TO UNDERSTANDING BIOLOGICAL SYSTEMS.

KEY COLLIGATIVE PROPERTIES

THE MAIN COLLIGATIVE PROPERTIES INCLUDE:

- 1. BOILING POINT ELEVATION: THE INCREASE IN BOILING POINT OF A SOLVENT WHEN A SOLUTE IS ADDED.
- 2. Freezing Point Depression: The decrease in freezing point of a solvent when a solute is added.
- 3. VAPOR PRESSURE LOWERING: THE REDUCTION OF VAPOR PRESSURE OF A SOLVENT WHEN A SOLUTE IS DISSOLVED IN IT.
- 4. OSMOTIC PRESSURE: THE PRESSURE REQUIRED TO STOP THE FLOW OF SOLVENT INTO A SOLUTION THROUGH A SEMIPERMEABLE MEMBRANE.

EACH OF THESE PROPERTIES CAN BE QUANTITATIVELY DESCRIBED USING SPECIFIC FORMULAS, PRIMARILY INVOLVING MOLALITY (M), THE VAN 'T HOFF FACTOR (I), AND CONSTANTS UNIQUE TO THE SOLVENT.

FORMULAS FOR COLLIGATIVE PROPERTIES

UNDERSTANDING THE FORMULAS IS ESSENTIAL FOR SOLVING PRACTICE PROBLEMS. HERE ARE THE KEY EQUATIONS:

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1. BOILING POINT ELEVATION:

\[
\Delta T_B = I \cdot K_B \cdot M
\]

2. Freezing Point Depression:
\[
\Delta T_F = I \cdot K_F \cdot M
\]

3. Vapor Pressure Lowering:
\[
\Delta P = P^0 \cdot X_{solute}
\]
\Understand P = P^0 \cdot X_{solute}
\]
\Where \((P^0)\) is the vapor pressure of the pure solvent, and \(X_{solute}\) is the mole fraction of the solute.

4. Osmotic Pressure:
\[
\((P) = I \cdot M \cdot R \cdot T \)
\\\
\Where \((P) \) is the osmotic pressure, \((M \)) is the molarity of the solution, \((R \)) is the gas constant, and \((T \)) is the temperature in Kelvin.
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PRACTICE PROBLEMS

NOW, LET'S DELVE INTO PRACTICE PROBLEMS THAT WILL HELP SOLIDIFY YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF COLLIGATIVE PROPERTIES.

PROBLEM 1: BOILING POINT FLEVATION

A solution is prepared by dissolving 50 grams of sodium chloride (NaCl) in 500 grams of water. The boiling point elevation constant (K_B) for water is 0.512 °C/m. Calculate the boiling point of the solution.

GIVEN:

```
- Mass of NaCL = 50 g
- Mass of water = 500 g
-K B = 0.512 °C/M
- MOLAR MASS OF NACL = 58.44 G/MOL
SOLUTION:
1. CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF MOLES OF NACL:
\label{eq:local_text} $$\operatorname{Moles} \ \operatorname{NaCl} = \operatorname{Frac}\{50 \ \operatorname{G}\}\{58.44 \ \operatorname{Text}\{\ \operatorname{G/Mol}\}\ \operatorname{Approx}\ 0.856 \ \operatorname{Text}\{\ \operatorname{Mol}\}\} $$
2. CALCULATE THE MASS OF WATER IN KG:
\text{TEXT}\{\text{MASS OF WATER}\} = 500 \text{TEXT}\{\text{G}\} = 0.5 \text{TEXT}\{\text{KG}\}
3. CALCULATE THE MOLALITY (M):
M = \frac{0.856 \text{ TEXT} \{ MOL \}}{0.5 \text{ TEXT} \{ KG \}} = 1.712 \text{ TEXT} \{ M \}}
4. CALCULATE THE BOILING POINT ELEVATION:
\Delta T_B = 1 \cdot \Delta K_B \cdot \Delta M
Here, \setminus ( \mid \setminus) for NaCl is 2 (since it dissociates into Na<sup>+</sup> and Cl<sup>-</sup>):
\Delta T_B = 2 \cdot 0.512 \cdot 1.712 \cdot 1.76 \circ C
5. CALCULATE THE NEW BOILING POINT:
\texttt{TEXT}\{\texttt{NEW BOILING POINT}\} = 100 \, ^{\circ}\texttt{C} + 1.76 \, ^{\circ}\texttt{C} = 101.76 \, ^{\circ}\texttt{C}
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PROBLEM 2: FREEZING POINT DEPRESSION

GIVEN:

- Mass of Glucose = 20 g

Determine the freezing point of a solution made by dissolving 20 grams of glucose ($C_6H_{12}O_6$) in 200 grams of water. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) for water is 1.86 °C/m.

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- Mass of water = 200 g  
- K_F = 1.86 \, ^{\circ}\text{C/m}  
- Molar mass of glucose = 180.18 g/mol  

Solution:  

1. Calculate the number of moles of glucose:  
\[ \text{Moles of glucose} = \frac{20 \text{ g}}{180.18 \text{ g/mol}} \approx 0.111 \text{ mol} \\ \]  
2. Convert the mass of water to kg:  
\[ \text{Mass of water} = 200 \text{ g} = 0.2 \text{ kg} \]
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```
3. CALCULATE THE MOLALITY (M):

\[
M = \FRAC{0.111 \TEXT{ MOL}}{0.2 \TEXT{ kg}} = 0.555 \TEXT{ M}
\]

4. CALCULATE THE FREEZING POINT DEPRESSION:
\[
\DELTA T_F = I \CDOT K_F \CDOT M
\]

HERE, \( I \) FOR GLUCOSE IS 1:
\[
\DELTA T_F = 1 \CDOT 1.86 \CDOT 0.555 \APPROX 1.03 °C
\]

5. CALCULATE THE NEW FREEZING POINT:
\[
\TEXT{NEW FREEZING POINT} = 0 °C - 1.03 °C = -1.03 °C
\]
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PROBLEM 3: VAPOR PRESSURE LOWERING

What is the vapor pressure of a solution made by dissolving 10 grams of urea (NH_2CONH_2) in 100 grams of water at 25 °C? The vapor pressure of pure water at this temperature is 23.76 mMHg. The molar mass of urea is 60.06 g/mol.

SOLUTION:

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1. Calculate the number of moles of urea: \[ \text{Moles of urea} = \frac{10 \text{ g}}{60.06 \text{ g/mol}} \approx 0.166 \text{ mol} \] \]
2. Convert the mass of water to kg: \[ \text{Mass of water} = 100 \text{ g} = 0.1 \text{ kg} \]
3. Calculate the molality (m): \[ m = \frac{0.166 \text{ mol}}{0.1 \text{ kg}} = 1.66 \text{ m} \]
4. Calculate the mole fraction of urea: -Moles of water (molar mass = 18.02 g/mol): \[ \text{Moles of water} = \frac{100 \text{ g}}{18.02 \text{ g/mol}} \approx 5.55 \text{ mol} \] \]
- Total moles: \[ \text{Total moles} = 0.166 + 5.55 \approx 5.716 \text{ mol} \]
- Mole fraction of urea: \[ \text{Ulera} = \frac{0.166}{5.716} \approx 0.029 \]
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PROBLEM 4: OSMOTIC PRESSURE

Calculate the osmotic pressure of a solution containing 0.5 moles of sodium chloride in 2 liters of solution at 25 °C (298 K). Use the gas constant \((R = 0.0821\text{L·atm/(K·mol)}\).

SOLUTION:

- 1. IDENTIFY THE VAN 'T HOFF FACTOR FOR NACL, WHICH IS 2 (DUE TO DISSOCIATION INTO NA+ AND CL-).
- 2. CALCULATE THE MOLARITY (M):

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT ARE COLLIGATIVE PROPERTIES, AND HOW DO THEY DEPEND ON SOLUTE CONCENTRATION?

COLLIGATIVE PROPERTIES ARE PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF SOLUTIONS THAT DEPEND ON THE NUMBER OF SOLUTE PARTICLES IN A GIVEN AMOUNT OF SOLVENT, RATHER THAN THE IDENTITY OF THE SOLUTE. THESE PROPERTIES INCLUDE VAPOR PRESSURE LOWERING, BOILING POINT ELEVATION, FREEZING POINT DEPRESSION, AND OSMOTIC PRESSURE.

HOW DO YOU CALCULATE THE BOILING POINT ELEVATION WHEN 0.5 MOLES OF NACL ARE DISSOLVED IN 1 KG OF WATER?

The boiling point elevation can be calculated using the formula $\Delta T_B = 1 \text{ K}_B \text{ m}$, where 1 is the van 't Hoff factor (2 for NaCl), K_B for water (0.512 °C kg/mol), and m is the molality (0.5 moles/1 kg = 0.5 m). Thus, $\Delta T_B = 2.0.512 \text{ °C} = 0.512 \text{ °C}$. The new boiling point will be 100 °C + 0.512 °C = 100.512 °C.

IF A SOLUTION HAS A FREEZING POINT OF -5 °C, WHAT IS THE MOLALITY OF THE SOLUTE IN THE SOLUTION ASSUMING WATER AS THE SOLVENT?

Using the formula $\Delta T_f = i K_f m$, where K_f for water is 1.86 °C kg/mol, we have $\Delta T_f = 0$ °C - (-5 °C) = 5 °C. Assuming the solute does not dissociate (i=1), we can rearrange to find m: m = ΔT_f / (i K_f) = 5 / (1 1.86) ≈ 2.688 mol/kg.

What is the osmotic pressure of a solution containing 0.3 moles of glucose (C6H12O6) in 1 liter of water at 25 °C?

Osmotic pressure (ii) can be calculated using the formula ii = i CRT, where C is the concentration in mol/L, R is the ideal gas constant (0.0821 L·atm/(K·mol)), and T is the temperature in Kelvin (25 °C = 298 K). For glucose, i = 1. Therefore, ii = 1 0.3 0.0821 298 \approx 7.39 atm.

HOW DOES THE PRESENCE OF A NON-VOLATILE SOLUTE AFFECT THE VAPOR PRESSURE OF A SOLVENT?

The presence of a non-volatile solute lowers the vapor pressure of the solvent due to the solute particles occupying space at the surface, reducing the number of solvent molecules that can escape into the vapor phase. This can be quantified using Raoult's Law, which states that the vapor pressure of the solvent above a solution is equal to the vapor pressure of the pure solvent multiplied by the mole fraction of the solvent in the solution.

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