

# Congress Study Guide

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1. How many members are in the House of Representatives? **435 members**
2. How many members are in the Senate? **100 members (2 for each state)**
3. How often are members of the House up for re-election? **Every even year**
4. Which party holds the majority in the House? **Republicans**
5. What title is given to the leader of the House? **The speaker of the house**
6. Who is this person? What party is he from? **Hakeem Jeffries and his party is democratic party**



7. Who is the majority leader in the house? Which party is he from? **Steve Scalise and his party is republicans party**
8. Who is this? **Tom Emmer**. What party is he from? **Republican**



9. What are the 3 qualifications listed in the Constitution to be eligible to run for the House? **Must at least be the age of twenty-five years, seven years citizen of the United states and inhabitant of the state he or she represents**
10. How often are members of the Senate up for re-election? **Every two years**
11. What type of body is the Senate? **Upper chamber of the united state congress**
12. Who is the president of the Senate? **Harris Kamala D.**

## Congress Study Guide

Understanding the United States Congress is essential for grasping the overall functions of the American political system. This study guide aims to provide a comprehensive overview of Congress, its structure, functions, and processes. By breaking down the complexities of Congress into digestible sections, students and curious citizens alike can gain a clearer understanding of how legislative power operates in the U.S.

## Overview of Congress

The United States Congress is the bicameral legislature of the federal government, composed of two

chambers: the House of Representatives and the Senate. It is responsible for making laws, representing the American people, and overseeing the executive branch. Congress is established in Article I of the U.S. Constitution, which outlines its powers and responsibilities.

## Structure of Congress

### 1. The House of Representatives

- Composition: The House consists of 435 members, known as Representatives, who serve two-year terms. The number of Representatives from each state is determined by its population, with the most populous states having more Representatives.
- Leadership: The Speaker of the House leads the chamber, and other key positions include the Majority and Minority Leaders and Whips.
- Responsibilities:
  - Initiating revenue bills.
  - Impeaching federal officials.
  - Electing the President in case of a tie in the Electoral College.

### 2. The Senate

- Composition: The Senate is made up of 100 Senators, with each state represented by two Senators, regardless of population. Senators serve six-year terms.
- Leadership: The Vice President serves as the President of the Senate, with the Majority and Minority Leaders playing crucial roles in legislative strategy.
- Responsibilities:
  - Confirming presidential appointments (e.g., judges, cabinet members).
  - Ratifying treaties.
  - Conducting impeachment trials for federal officials.

## Functions of Congress

The primary functions of Congress can be categorized into several key areas:

### Legislation

The most visible function of Congress is the creation of laws. The legislative process involves several steps:

1. Drafting a Bill: A proposed law (bill) can be introduced by any member of Congress.
2. Committee Review: Bills are sent to relevant committees for examination, debate, and amendment.
3. Floor Debate: If a bill passes the committee stage, it is brought to the floor for debate, where all members

can discuss its merits and propose further changes.

4. Voting: Following debate, a vote is taken. If a majority in both chambers approves the bill, it is sent to the President for approval or veto.

## **Representation**

Congress serves as the voice of the American people. Each member of Congress represents the interests of their constituents, advocating for their needs and concerns. This representation can take various forms, including:

- Casework: Assisting constituents with issues related to federal agencies.
- Advocacy: Promoting specific policies or legislation that benefit their district or state.
- Public Engagement: Hosting town hall meetings and communicating with constituents through various channels.

## **Oversight**

Congress holds the executive branch accountable through oversight functions. This involves:

- Investigations: Conducting hearings and investigations into federal agencies or programs to ensure accountability and transparency.
- Funding: Controlling the budget and appropriations, thereby influencing government operations.
- Confirmations: Reviewing and approving presidential appointments, ensuring qualified individuals fill key government positions.

## **Constituent Services**

Members of Congress provide various services to their constituents, including:

- Information: Educating constituents about federal programs and services.
- Assistance: Helping constituents navigate bureaucratic processes.
- Community Engagement: Organizing events and forums to foster dialogue between constituents and government representatives.

## **The Legislative Process**

The legislative process is intricate and involves multiple steps:

## **Step 1: Introduction of Legislation**

Legislation can be introduced in either the House or the Senate. Members may propose bills, resolutions, or amendments.

## **Step 2: Committee Action**

After introduction, the bill is assigned to a committee that specializes in the bill's subject matter. The committee can:

- Hold hearings to gather information from experts and stakeholders.
- Mark up the bill, adding amendments and changes.
- Vote on whether to send the bill to the full chamber.

## **Step 3: Floor Action**

If the committee approves the bill, it goes to the chamber floor for debate. Members can discuss, propose amendments, and ultimately vote.

## **Step 4: The Other Chamber**

If a bill passes one chamber, it is sent to the other chamber, where it undergoes a similar process of committee review, floor debate, and voting.

## **Step 5: Conference Committee**

If the two chambers pass different versions of a bill, a conference committee is formed to reconcile the differences and create a unified version.

## **Step 6: Presidential Action**

Once both chambers agree on the final version, the bill is sent to the President, who can:

- Sign it into law.
- Veto it (which Congress can override with a two-thirds majority in both chambers).
- Take no action, allowing it to become law after 10 days (excluding Sundays) if Congress is in session.

## Important Terms and Concepts

Understanding key terms and concepts related to Congress is crucial for navigating its complexities:

- Filibuster: A tactic used in the Senate to delay or block a vote on a bill, often involving prolonged speechmaking.
- Cloture: A procedure to end a filibuster, requiring a supermajority vote.
- Pork Barrel: Legislation that directs funds to specific projects within a member's district, often criticized for wasteful spending.
- Lobbying: The act of attempting to influence government officials and legislation, often conducted by special interest groups.

## Challenges Facing Congress

Congress faces several challenges that impact its effectiveness and public perception:

- Partisanship: Increasing polarization between political parties can hinder collaboration and compromise.
- Public Distrust: A growing lack of trust in government institutions can lead to disengagement from the political process.
- Complex Issues: Navigating complex issues such as healthcare, immigration, and climate change requires nuanced understanding and bipartisan cooperation.

## Conclusion

In summary, the United States Congress plays a vital role in the functioning of American democracy. Understanding its structure, functions, and processes is essential for anyone looking to engage with the political landscape. This study guide serves as a foundation for further exploration of Congress, promoting informed citizenship and active participation in the democratic process. Whether through voting, advocacy, or public engagement, the American people have the power to influence their representatives and the legislative agenda.

# Frequently Asked Questions

## What is a congress study guide?

A congress study guide is a resource that provides information, summaries, and insights about the structure, functions, and processes of the U.S. Congress, often used by students or individuals preparing for exams related to government and political science.

## What topics are typically covered in a congress study guide?

Typical topics include the legislative process, the roles of the House of Representatives and the Senate, the committees system, the powers of Congress, and the relationship between Congress and the executive and judicial branches.

## How can a congress study guide help in preparing for an exam?

A congress study guide can help by breaking down complex concepts into manageable sections, providing key definitions, summaries of major events and legislation, and offering practice questions to test understanding.

## Are there any recommended books or resources for a congress study guide?

Yes, recommended resources include 'The Federalist Papers', 'Congress: The First Branch', and online platforms like C-SPAN and government websites that provide educational materials about Congress.

## What is the significance of understanding Congress in U.S. government studies?

Understanding Congress is crucial because it plays a central role in lawmaking, represents the interests of citizens, and oversees the executive branch, making it fundamental to the functioning of democracy.

## What are some common exam questions related to Congress?

Common exam questions might include: 'What are the differences between the House and Senate?', 'Explain the process of a bill becoming law', or 'What powers are granted to Congress by the Constitution?'

## How can I effectively use a congress study guide for revision?

To effectively use a congress study guide, break down the material into sections, create flashcards for key terms, engage in group discussions, and take practice quizzes to reinforce learning.

## What role do committees play in the congressional process?

Committees play a vital role in the congressional process by reviewing, amending, and debating proposed legislation, allowing for specialized scrutiny and efficient handling of bills.

## What are some recent changes in Congress that might be relevant for study?

Recent changes include shifts in party control, new legislative initiatives on issues like climate change and healthcare, and evolving rules regarding committee operations and transparency.

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