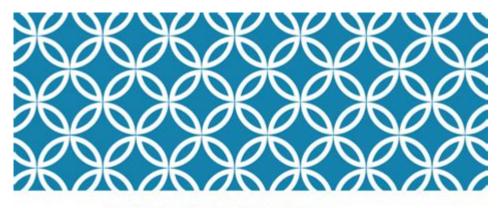
Circular Motion Practice Problems



CIRCULAR MOTION PRACTICE PROBLEMS



 In aviation, a "standard turn" for a level flight of a propeller-type plane is one in which the plane makes a complete circular turn in 2.00 minutes. If the speed of the plane is 170 m/s,

a. What is the radius of the circle?

$$v = \frac{2\pi R}{T}$$
 $170 = \frac{2\pi R}{120}$ $R = 3247m$

b. What is the centripetal acceleration of the plane?

$$a_c = \frac{v^2}{R}$$
 $a_c = \frac{(170)^2}{3247}$ $a_c = 8.9 ms^{-2}$

2.

A fly of mass 2.00 g is sunning itself on a phonograph turntable at a location that is 4.00 cm from the center. When the turntable is turned on and rotates at 45.0 rev/min, calculate the centripetal

Circular motion practice problems are an essential aspect of understanding physics, particularly in mechanics. Circular motion refers to the movement of an object in a circular path, which can be uniform or non-uniform. In uniform circular motion, the object travels around a circular path at a constant speed. In contrast, non-uniform circular motion occurs when the speed of the object changes as it moves along the path. Mastering the concepts and equations related to circular motion is crucial for solving various practical problems in physics and engineering.

Understanding Circular Motion

To effectively tackle circular motion practice problems, it is important to have a solid grasp of the fundamental concepts involved. These include:

Key Concepts in Circular Motion

- 1. Angular Displacement: This is the angle in radians through which a point or line has been rotated in a specified sense about a specified axis.
- 2. Angular Velocity: Defined as the rate of change of angular displacement with respect to time, typically measured in radians per second (rad/s).
- 3. Centripetal Acceleration: This is the acceleration that occurs when an object moves in a circular path, directed towards the center of the circle.
- 4. Centripetal Force: The net force required to keep an object moving in a circular path, directed towards the center of the circle.
- 5. Period and Frequency: The period (T) is the time taken for one complete revolution, while frequency (f) is the number of revolutions per second.

Formulas for Circular Motion

To solve circular motion problems, you will need to be familiar with several key formulas:

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- Angular Velocity:
\omega = \frac{\Delta \theta}{\Delta t}
where \(\omega\) is angular velocity, \(\Delta \theta\) is the change in
angular displacement, and \(\Delta t\) is the change in time.
- Centripetal Acceleration:
1/
a c = \frac{v^2}{r}
where \(a \ c\) is centripetal acceleration, \(v\) is linear velocity, and
(r) is the radius of the circular path.
- Centripetal Force:
1
F_c = \frac{mv^2}{r}
where \(F \ c\) is centripetal force, \(m\) is mass, and \(r\) is the radius.
- Relationship Between Linear and Angular Velocity:
1/
v = r \setminus omega
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\\]
where \(v\) is linear velocity, \(r\) is the radius, and \(\omega\) is
angular velocity.
- Period and Frequency:
\[
T = \frac{1}{f}
\]
where \(T\) is the period and \(f\) is the frequency.
```

Types of Circular Motion Problems

Circular motion problems can generally be categorized into several types based on the concepts involved:

Uniform Circular Motion Problems

These problems involve objects moving at a constant speed in a circular path. The key is to understand how to apply the formulas for centripetal acceleration and force.

Example Problem 1: A car is moving in a circular track of radius 50 m with a speed of 20 m/s. Calculate the centripetal acceleration and the centripetal force acting on the car if its mass is 800 kg.

```
Solution:
- Centripetal Acceleration:
\[
a_c = \frac{v^2}{r} = \frac{20^2}{50} = \frac{400}{50} = 8 \, \text{m/s}^2 \]
- Centripetal Force:
\[
F_c = \frac{mv^2}{r} = \frac{800 \times 20^2}{50} = \frac{800 \times 400}{50} = \frac{320000}{50} = 6400 \, \text{N}
\]
```

Non-Uniform Circular Motion Problems

In these problems, the speed of the object changes as it moves along the circular path. This requires an understanding of tangential acceleration in addition to centripetal acceleration.

Example Problem 2: A ball is tied to a string and swung in a vertical circle. If the ball has a mass of 0.5 kg and is moving with a tangential speed that

increases from 5 m/s to 10 m/s over one complete revolution, calculate the average tangential acceleration.

```
Solution:
- Change in Speed:
\Delta v = 10 \setminus \text{text}\{m/s\} - 5 \setminus \text{text}\{m/s\} = 5 \setminus \text{text}\{m/s\}
\1
- Time for One Revolution: For simplicity, assume the radius is 1 m, so the
circumference (C = 2\pi r = 2\pi \lambda times 1 \alpha 6.28 \lambda, \lambda text{m}).
The time taken to complete one revolution at an average speed:
\text{text}\{\text{Average Speed}\} = \frac{v i + v f}{2} = \frac{5 + 10}{2} = 7.5 
\text{m/s}
\]
1/
t = \frac{C}{\text{Average Speed}} = \frac{6.28}{7.5} \cdot 0.837 \cdot ,
\text{s}
\]
- Average Tangential Acceleration:
a t = \frac{\Delta v}{t} = \frac{5}{0.837} \approx 5.98 \, \text{m/s}^2
\1
```

Applications of Circular Motion

Understanding circular motion is vital in various fields, including engineering, astronomy, and even sports. Here are some applications:

- Engineering: Design of roller coasters, vehicles, and machinery that rely on circular motion principles.
- Astronomy: Understanding the orbits of planets and satellites.
- Sports: Analyzing the motion of athletes during events like cycling or running on a curved track.

Practice Problems for Circular Motion

To reinforce your understanding, here are practice problems ranging from basic to advanced levels:

Problem 1: A satellite orbits the Earth at a height of 300 km. If the radius of the Earth is approximately 6400 km, calculate the orbital speed of the satellite.

Problem 2: A string breaks while a 2 kg mass is being swung in a vertical circle with a speed of 8 m/s. Calculate the centripetal force just before the string breaks, assuming the radius of the circle is 1.5 m.

Problem 3: A cyclist takes a turn with a radius of 20 m at a speed of 12 m/s. Determine the centripetal acceleration and the minimum coefficient of friction required to avoid slipping.

Problem 4: A 5 kg object is tied to a string and swung in a horizontal circle with a radius of 2 m. If the object completes one revolution in 4 seconds, calculate the tension in the string.

Problem 5: An amusement park ride spins at a rate of 1 revolution every 2 seconds. If the radius of the ride is 10 m, calculate the linear speed of the riders and the centripetal acceleration experienced by them.

Conclusion

Circular motion practice problems provide valuable insight into the dynamics of objects traveling in circular paths. By mastering the underlying concepts and practicing a variety of problems, students can develop a deeper understanding of the physics involved. Whether in a classroom, laboratory, or real-world application, the principles of circular motion remain essential in comprehending the motion of objects around us. As you engage with these problems, remember that practice is key to success in physics and developing a strong foundation for future studies in mechanics.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the formula to calculate centripetal acceleration in circular motion?

Centripetal acceleration (a_c) can be calculated using the formula $a_c = v^2$ / r, where v is the linear velocity and r is the radius of the circular path.

How do you determine the net force acting on an object in uniform circular motion?

The net force acting on an object in uniform circular motion is equal to the centripetal force, which can be calculated using $F_c = m \ a_c$, where m is the mass of the object and a_c is the centripetal acceleration.

If an object is moving in a circle with a constant

speed, is the velocity constant?

No, while the speed is constant, the velocity is not constant because the direction of the object is continuously changing, resulting in a change in velocity vector.

What is the relationship between angular velocity and linear velocity in circular motion?

The relationship is given by the formula $v=\omega$ r, where v is the linear velocity, ω is the angular velocity in radians per second, and r is the radius of the circular path.

How do you calculate the period of an object in circular motion?

The period (T) of an object in circular motion can be calculated using the formula $T = 2\pi r / v$, where r is the radius and v is the linear velocity.

What forces act on a car turning around a curve at constant speed?

The primary force acting on a car turning around a curve at constant speed is the frictional force between the tires and the road, providing the necessary centripetal force to keep the car moving in a circular path.

In a problem involving circular motion, if the radius is doubled while keeping the speed constant, what happens to the centripetal acceleration?

If the radius is doubled while keeping the speed constant, the centripetal acceleration is halved, because $a_c = v^2 / r$; if r increases, a_c decreases.

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