

Chain Rule Calculus Examples

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{d}{dx} \left[(4x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x - 7)^{10} \right] \\ & \frac{d}{dx} \left[\underbrace{(4x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x - 7)}_{\text{outside function}}^{10} \right] = 10 \underbrace{(4x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x - 7)}_{\text{inside function}}^9 \cdot (12x^2 - 10x + 6) \\ & \frac{dy}{dx} = 10(12x^2 - 10x + 6)(4x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x - 7)^9 \\ & \frac{dy}{dx} = 20(6x^2 - 5x + 3)(4x^3 - 5x^2 + 6x - 7)^9 \end{aligned}$$

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Chain rule calculus examples are essential for anyone delving into the world of differentiation in calculus. The chain rule is a powerful tool that allows us to differentiate composite functions, which are functions that are made up of other functions. Understanding the chain rule is crucial for solving complex problems in mathematics, physics, engineering, and various fields of science. In this article, we'll explore the chain rule in depth, provide several examples, and demonstrate its application in real-world scenarios.

Understanding the Chain Rule

The chain rule states that if you have a function that is composed of two or more functions, the derivative of that composite function can be found by taking the derivative of the outer function and multiplying it by the derivative of the inner function. Formally, if you have two functions $f(x)$ and $g(x)$, the chain rule can be expressed as:

$$\frac{d}{dx}[f(g(x))] = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$$

This means that to differentiate $f(g(x))$, you first differentiate f with respect to g , and then multiply that result by the derivative of g with respect to x .

Basic Examples of the Chain Rule

To better illustrate how the chain rule works, let's go through some basic examples.

Example 1: Polynomial and Trigonometric Function

Let's differentiate the function $y = \sin(x^2)$.

1. Identify the outer and inner functions:

- Outer function: $f(u) = \sin(u)$ where $u = x^2$

- Inner function: $g(x) = x^2$

2. Differentiate both functions:

- Derivative of the outer function: $f'(u) = \cos(u)$

- Derivative of the inner function: $g'(x) = 2x$

3. Apply the chain rule:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x) = \cos(x^2) \cdot 2x = 2x\cos(x^2)$$

Thus, the derivative of $y = \sin(x^2)$ is $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x\cos(x^2)$.

Example 2: Exponential Function

Now, let's differentiate the function $y = e^{3x}$.

1. Identify the outer and inner functions:

- Outer function: $f(u) = e^u$ where $u = 3x$

- Inner function: $g(x) = 3x$

2. Differentiate both functions:

- Derivative of the outer function: $f'(u) = e^u$

- Derivative of the inner function: $g'(x) = 3$

3. Apply the chain rule:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x) = e^{3x} \cdot 3 = 3e^{3x}$$

Thus, the derivative of $y = e^{3x}$ is $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3e^{3x}$.

Applying the Chain Rule in Complex Functions

The chain rule becomes even more useful when dealing with more complex functions. Let's look at a couple of examples that illustrate this.

Example 3: A Combination of Functions

Consider the function $y = (2x + 1)^5$.

1. Identify the outer and inner functions:

- Outer function: $f(u) = u^5$ where $u = 2x + 1$

- Inner function: $g(x) = 2x + 1$

2. Differentiate both functions:

- Derivative of the outer function: $f'(u) = 5u^4$

- Derivative of the inner function: $g'(x) = 2$

3. Apply the chain rule:

$$\left[\frac{dy}{dx} = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x) = 5(2x + 1)^4 \cdot 2 = 10(2x + 1)^4 \right]$$

Thus, the derivative of $y = (2x + 1)^5$ is $\frac{dy}{dx} = 10(2x + 1)^4$.

Example 4: Nested Functions

Let's differentiate the function $y = \ln(5x^2 + 3)$.

1. Identify the outer and inner functions:

- Outer function: $f(u) = \ln(u)$ where $u = 5x^2 + 3$
- Inner function: $g(x) = 5x^2 + 3$

2. Differentiate both functions:

- Derivative of the outer function: $f'(u) = \frac{1}{u}$
- Derivative of the inner function: $g'(x) = 10x$

3. Apply the chain rule:

$$\left[\frac{dy}{dx} = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x) = \frac{1}{5x^2 + 3} \cdot 10x = \frac{10x}{5x^2 + 3} \right]$$

Thus, the derivative of $y = \ln(5x^2 + 3)$ is $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{10x}{5x^2 + 3}$.

Practice Problems

To solidify your understanding of the chain rule, consider trying these practice problems:

1. Differentiate $y = \sqrt{x^3 + 2x}$.
2. Differentiate $y = \tan(4x - 1)$.
3. Differentiate $y = (3x + 4)^7$.
4. Differentiate $y = \cos(2x^2 + 1)$.

Conclusion

The chain rule is a fundamental concept in calculus that allows for the differentiation of composite functions. By mastering the chain rule, you will be well-equipped to tackle a wide range of problems in mathematics and applied sciences. The examples provided demonstrate how to identify outer and inner functions and apply the chain rule effectively. Practice applying the chain rule with different functions to gain confidence in your skills. As you delve deeper into calculus, remember that the chain rule is an invaluable tool in your mathematical toolbox.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the chain rule in calculus?

The chain rule is a formula for computing the derivative of the composition of two or more functions. It states that if you have two functions, $f(g(x))$, the derivative is $f'(g(x)) g'(x)$.

Can you provide an example of using the chain rule with exponential functions?

Sure! If $y = e^{(3x^2)}$, to find dy/dx , we use the chain rule: $dy/dx = e^{(3x^2)} (d/dx(3x^2)) = e^{(3x^2)} 6x$.

How do you apply the chain rule to trigonometric functions?

If $y = \sin(2x)$, then using the chain rule, $dy/dx = \cos(2x) (d/dx(2x)) = \cos(2x) 2$.

What is an example of the chain rule with a polynomial function?

For the function $y = (3x^2 + 1)^4$, apply the chain rule: $dy/dx = 4(3x^2 + 1)^3 (d/dx(3x^2)) = 4(3x^2 + 1)^3 6x$.

How does the chain rule work with logarithmic functions?

For $y = \ln(5x^3 + 2)$, we use the chain rule: $dy/dx = 1/(5x^3 + 2) (d/dx(5x^3 + 2)) = 1/(5x^3 + 2) 15x^2$.

Can you illustrate the chain rule with a composite function example?

Certainly! If $y = (\sin(x^2))^3$, then $dy/dx = 3(\sin(x^2))^2 (d/dx(\sin(x^2))) = 3(\sin(x^2))^2 \cos(x^2) 2x$.

What is the chain rule when dealing with multiple compositions?

For $y = \cos(5x^2 + 3x)$, $dy/dx = -\sin(5x^2 + 3x) (d/dx(5x^2 + 3x)) = -\sin(5x^2 + 3x) (10x + 3)$.

How is the chain rule used in implicit differentiation?

When differentiating implicitly, such as in $x^2 + y^2 = 1$, we can use the chain rule for y : $2x + 2y(dy/dx) = 0$, leading to $dy/dx = -x/y$.

What is a real-world application of the chain rule?

The chain rule is often used in physics to relate different rates of change, such as in related rates problems where one quantity changes in relation to

another.

How do you combine the chain rule with the product or quotient rule?

When using the chain rule with the product or quotient rule, you differentiate each part separately and apply the chain rule to the functions involved. For example, for $y = x^2 \sin(3x)$, you would use both rules to find dy/dx .

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