Chapter 3 Exponential And Logarithmic Functions Answer Key

PROPERTIES OF EXPONENTIAL AND LOGARITHMIC FUNCTIONS

Exponential Function f (x) = a^x	Logarithmic Function $f(x) = \log_a x$		
Domain (-∞, ∞)	Domain (0, ∞)		
Range (0, ∞)	Range (–∞, ∞)		
y-intercept is 1	x-intercept is 1		
No x-intercept	No y-intercept		
x-axis (y = 0) is the	y-axis $(x = 0)$ is the		
horizontal asymptote	vertical asymptote		
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Chapter 3: Exponential and Logarithmic Functions Answer Key

Exponential and logarithmic functions are fundamental concepts in mathematics, particularly in algebra and calculus. Chapter 3 of many algebra textbooks typically covers these functions in depth, including their properties, transformations, applications, and the relationships between them. In this article, we will delve into the essential aspects of exponential and logarithmic functions, providing a comprehensive answer key for common problems found in this chapter, along with explanations and examples to enhance understanding.

Understanding Exponential Functions

Exponential functions can be defined as functions of the form $(f(x) = a \cdot b^x)$, where:

- \setminus (a \setminus) is a constant (the initial value),
- \(b \) is the base of the exponential function (a positive real number),
- (x) is the exponent.

Key Characteristics of Exponential Functions

- 1. Domain and Range:
- The domain of an exponential function is all real numbers \((-\infty, \infty) \).

- The range is always positive real numbers \((0, \infty) \).
- 2. Behavior:
- If (b > 1), the function is increasing.
- If (0 < b < 1), the function is decreasing.
- 3. Asymptotes:
- Exponential functions have a horizontal asymptote at (y = 0).
- 4. Intercepts:
- The y-intercept of an exponential function is always at ((0, a)).

Example Problems

Example 1: Evaluate $(f(x) = 3 \cdot 2^x)$ at (x = 2).

Solution:

$$[f(2) = 3 \cdot cdot \ 2^2 = 3 \cdot cdot \ 4 = 12]$$

Example 2: Determine the horizontal asymptote of the function $(f(x) = 5 \cdot 3^{-x})$.

Solution:

The horizontal asymptote is (y = 0).

Understanding Logarithmic Functions

Logarithmic functions are the inverse of exponential functions and can be defined as $(g(x) = \log_b(x))$, where:

- \setminus (b \setminus) is the base,
- \setminus (x \setminus) is the argument of the logarithm.

Key Characteristics of Logarithmic Functions

- 1. Domain and Range:
- The domain of a logarithmic function is \((0, \infty) \).
- The range is all real numbers \((-\infty, \infty) \).
- 2. Behavior:
- Logarithmic functions increase but at a decreasing rate.
- They are defined only for positive values of \setminus (x \setminus).

- 3. Asymptotes:
- Logarithmic functions have a vertical asymptote at (x = 0).
- 4. Intercepts:
- The x-intercept occurs at $\setminus ((1, 0) \setminus)$.

Example Problems

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Example 3: Evaluate (g(x) = \log_2(16)).
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Solution:

Since
$$\setminus (16 = 2^4 \setminus)$$
, $\setminus [g(16) = 4 \setminus]$

Example 4: Find the vertical asymptote of the function $(g(x) = \log_3(x))$.

Solution:

The vertical asymptote is at (x = 0).

Relationships Between Exponential and Logarithmic Functions

Understanding the relationship between exponential and logarithmic functions is crucial. The key points of connection include:

- 1. Inverse Functions:
- If $(y = b^x)$, then $(x = \log_b(y))$.
- This means that the exponential function and the logarithmic function are inverses of each other.
- 2. Change of Base Formula:
- The change of base formula for logarithms is given by:

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[\log_b(a) = \frac{\log_k(a)}{\log_k(b)} ] where (k) is any positive number.
```

3. Properties of Logarithms:

- Product Rule: $\langle \log_b(xy) = \log_b(x) + \log_b(y) \rangle$
- Quotient Rule: $\langle \log_b \left(\frac{x}{y} \right) = \log_b(x) \log_b(y) \rangle$
- Power Rule: $(\log_b(x^k) = k \cdot (\log_b(x))$

Example Problems

Example 5: Use the change of base formula to evaluate \(\log_2(8)\\).

Solution:

Using base 10,

$$\[\log_2(8) = \frac{10}{8} \times [10](8) \times [10](2) \]$$

Since $(8 = 2^3)$, we also know $(\log_2(8) = 3)$.

Example 6: Simplify $(\log_5(25) + \log_5(5))$.

Solution:

Using the product rule,

$$\label{eq:log_5(25) + log_5(5) = log_5(25 \ \ cdot 5) = log_5(125) = 3 \ \ \ \ \ } \\$$

Applications of Exponential and Logarithmic Functions

Exponential and logarithmic functions have numerous real-world applications across various fields, including finance, biology, and physics.

Common Applications

1. Population Growth:

Exponential functions model population growth, where the number of individuals grows at a rate proportional to the current population.

2. Radioactive Decay:

The decay of radioactive substances is often modeled with exponential decay functions, where the amount of substance decreases over time.

3. Finance:

Compound interest is calculated using exponential functions, while logarithms can be used to solve for time in the context of investments.

4. pH Levels:

The pH level of a solution is measured on a logarithmic scale, where each unit change represents a tenfold change in acidity.

Example Problems

Example 7: A population of 100 organisms grows at a rate of 5% per year. What will the population be after 10 years?

Solution:

Using the formula $(P = P_0 \cdot cdot e^{rt})$:

```
[P = 100 \cdot e^{0.05 \cdot 10} \cdot 100 \cdot 1.6487 \cdot 164.87]
```

Example 8: If an investment of \$1,000 grows to \$1,500 in 5 years, what is the annual interest rate?

Solution:

Using the formula for compound interest:

```
\[ A = P(1 + r)^t \]
\[ 1500 = 1000(1 + r)^5 \]
Solving gives \( r \approx 0.0845 \) or 8.45%.
```

Conclusion

In conclusion, Chapter 3 on exponential and logarithmic functions provides essential knowledge that is applicable across various domains. Understanding these functions not only enhances mathematical skills but also equips individuals with tools to solve real-life problems. The answer key presented in this article, along with the explanations and examples, serves as a useful resource for students and educators alike, reinforcing the concepts learned and providing clarity on how to apply them effectively.

Frequently Asked Questions

What are the key characteristics of exponential functions?

Exponential functions have a constant base raised to a variable exponent, exhibit rapid growth or decay, and their graphs pass through the point (0,1) for base greater than 1.

How do you find the inverse of an exponential function?

To find the inverse of an exponential function, switch the x and y variables and solve for y, which will yield a logarithmic function.

What is the relationship between exponential and logarithmic functions?

Exponential and logarithmic functions are inverses of each other; if $y = a^x$, then $x = \log_a(y)$ where a is the base.

How do you solve exponential equations?

To solve exponential equations, you can take the logarithm of both sides, isolate the variable, and then simplify.

What are the properties of logarithms?

The properties include the product property $(\log_a(MN) = \log_a(M) + \log_a(N))$, the quotient property $(\log_a(M/N) = \log_a(M) - \log_a(N))$, and the power property $(\log_a(M^{\wedge}p) = \log_a(M))$.

What is the natural logarithm and how is it denoted?

The natural logarithm is the logarithm to the base e, denoted as ln(x), and it is commonly used in calculus and natural growth processes.

How do you graph exponential functions?

To graph exponential functions, plot key points, recognize the horizontal asymptote (y=0), and note the direction of growth based on the base.

What is the common logarithm and its base?

The common logarithm is the logarithm with base 10, denoted as log(x), and is widely used in scientific calculations.

How can logarithmic functions be applied in real life?

Logarithmic functions are used in various fields such as biology (population growth), finance (compound interest), and seismology (Richter scale for earthquakes).

What are some common mistakes when working with exponential and logarithmic functions?

Common mistakes include forgetting the base when applying logarithmic properties, misinterpreting the inverse relationship, and incorrectly solving for variables.

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