

Calculating Molarity Practice Problems

Dilution, Molarity, and Solutions

Name _____ Section _____ Date _____

Molarity and Dilution

Directions:

1) 33.6 L of a 6.03 M solution of NaCl are diluted to 33.9 L. What is the new molarity of the solution?

2) An aqueous solution of H_2SO_4 with an original molarity of 3.35M is diluted to a volume of 2.14 L and a molarity of 0.815M. What was its original volume?

3) A solution of H_3PO_4 in water is concentrated to a volume of 0.49 L and a molarity of 2.23 M. What was its original molarity if its original volume was 0.95 L?

4) What is the new volume of a solution of $\text{H}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4$ with a molarity of 3.14M and a volume of 2.87L if its molarity is changes to 0.698 L?

5) To make a 3.9M solution of HCl from 118 mL of a 6.02M solution, what volume must the new solution be in liters?

$M_1V_1 = M_2V_2$
moles before = moles after

A CHEMISTRY WORKSHEET
10 PROBLEMS
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Calculating molarity practice problems is an essential skill for chemistry students and professionals alike. Molarity, defined as the number of moles of solute per liter of solution, is a fundamental concept in chemistry that helps chemists understand the concentration of solutions. Mastering molarity not only enhances problem-solving skills but also serves as a foundation for more advanced chemical concepts. In this article, we will explore the concept of molarity, provide practice problems, and offer step-by-step solutions to help solidify your understanding.

Understanding Molarity

Molarity (M) is a way to quantify the concentration of a solution. It is expressed in moles of solute per liter of solution. The formula for calculating molarity is:

$$M = \frac{\text{moles of solute}}{\text{liters of solution}}$$

To calculate the molarity, you need to know two key components:

1. The number of moles of the solute (the substance being dissolved).
2. The volume of the solution in liters.

The Concept of Moles

Before diving into practice problems, it is essential to understand the concept of moles. A mole is a unit that measures the amount of a substance. One mole of any substance contains Avogadro's number of particles, which is approximately (6.022×10^{23}) . To convert grams of a substance to moles, you can use the formula:

$$\text{moles} = \frac{\text{mass (g)}}{\text{molar mass (g/mol)}}$$

The molar mass is the mass of one mole of a substance, typically found on the periodic table.

Calculating Molarity Practice Problems

Now that we understand what molarity is, let's practice with some problems. Below are various scenarios that require calculating molarity.

Practice Problem 1: Simple Calculation

Problem: You dissolve 5 grams of sodium chloride (NaCl) in enough water to make a total volume of 250 mL of solution. What is the molarity of the NaCl solution?

Steps to Solve:

1. Calculate the number of moles of NaCl.
2. Convert the volume from mL to liters.
3. Use the molarity formula.

Solution:

1. Calculate Moles of NaCl:

- The molar mass of NaCl is approximately 58.44 g/mol.

- Moles of NaCl = $\left(\frac{5 \text{ g}}{58.44 \text{ g/mol}} \right) \approx 0.0856 \text{ moles}$

2. Convert Volume to Liters:

- 250 mL = 0.250 L

3. Calculate Molarity:

$$M = \frac{0.0856 \text{ moles}}{0.250 \text{ L}} = 0.3424 \text{ M}$$

Answer: The molarity of the NaCl solution is approximately 0.342 M.

Practice Problem 2: Dilution

Problem: You have a stock solution of hydrochloric acid (HCl) with a molarity of 12 M. If you dilute 50 mL of this solution to a final volume of 200 mL, what is the molarity of the diluted solution?

Steps to Solve:

1. Use the dilution formula: $M_1V_1 = M_2V_2$

Solution:

1. Given:

$$M_1 = 12 \text{ M}$$

$$V_1 = 50 \text{ mL} = 0.050 \text{ L}$$

$$V_2 = 200 \text{ mL} = 0.200 \text{ L}$$

2. Calculate M_2 :

$$12 \text{ M} \times 0.050 \text{ L} = M_2 \times 0.200 \text{ L}$$

$$M_2 = \frac{12 \times 0.050}{0.200} = 3 \text{ M}$$

Answer: The molarity of the diluted HCl solution is 3 M.

Practice Problem 3: Multiple Solutes

Problem: You have a solution that contains 3 moles of potassium sulfate (K_2SO_4) dissolved in 1.5 L of water. What is the molarity of the potassium sulfate solution?

Steps to Solve:

1. Use the molarity formula directly.

Solution:

1. Calculate Molarity:

$$M = \frac{3 \text{ moles}}{1.5 \text{ L}} = 2 \text{ M}$$

Answer: The molarity of the potassium sulfate solution is 2 M.

Practice Problem 4: Finding Mass from Molarity

Problem: You need to prepare 1 L of a 0.5 M solution of calcium chloride ($CaCl_2$). How many grams of $CaCl_2$ will you need?

Steps to Solve:

1. Calculate the number of moles required for the solution.

2. Calculate the mass required using the molar mass.

Solution:

1. Calculate Moles:

$$\text{Moles} = M \times V = 0.5 \text{ M} \times 1 \text{ L} = 0.5 \text{ moles}$$

2. Molar Mass of $CaCl_2$:

- Ca: 40.08 g/mol

- Cl: 35.45 g/mol (2 Cl atoms)

- Molar mass of $CaCl_2 = 40.08 + (2 \times 35.45) = 111.98 \text{ g/mol}$

3. Calculate Mass:

$$\text{Mass} = \text{moles} \times \text{molar mass} = 0.5 \text{ moles} \times 111.98 \text{ g/mol} \approx 55.99 \text{ g}$$

Answer: You will need approximately 55.99 grams of CaCl₂.

Conclusion

Calculating molarity is a crucial skill in chemistry that is applicable in various scientific fields, including pharmaceuticals, environmental science, and laboratory research. Understanding how to calculate molarity and solve related problems enables students and professionals to prepare solutions accurately and make informed decisions in their experiments.

Through practice problems, such as those provided above, you can enhance your understanding of molarity and improve your problem-solving skills. Remember to always double-check your calculations and understand the underlying concepts, as this will help you tackle more complex problems in the future. Whether you are preparing solutions or conducting experiments, a solid grasp of molarity will serve you well in your chemistry endeavors.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is molarity and how is it calculated?

Molarity is a measure of the concentration of a solute in a solution, expressed as moles of solute per liter of solution (mol/L). It is calculated using the formula: $\text{Molarity (M)} = \text{moles of solute} / \text{liters of solution}$.

If I have 2 moles of NaCl dissolved in 1 liter of water, what is the molarity of the solution?

The molarity of the solution is 2 M, calculated as $M = 2 \text{ moles} / 1 \text{ liter}$.

How do I calculate the molarity of a solution if I have 0.5 moles of KCl in 250 mL of solution?

First, convert 250 mL to liters: $250 \text{ mL} = 0.25 \text{ L}$. Then, use the formula: $M = 0.5 \text{ moles} / 0.25 \text{ L} = 2 \text{ M}$.

What is the molarity of a solution formed by dissolving 10 grams of glucose (C₆H₁₂O₆) in 500 mL of water?

First, calculate the moles of glucose: $\text{Molar mass of glucose} = 180 \text{ g/mol}$. $\text{Moles} = 10 \text{ g} / 180 \text{ g/mol} = 0.0556 \text{ moles}$. Then, convert 500 mL to liters: 0.5 L . $\text{Molarity} = 0.0556 \text{ moles} / 0.5 \text{ L} = 0.1112 \text{ M}$.

If I dilute a 3 M solution of HCl to a final volume of 2 liters, what is the molarity if I use 500 mL of the original solution?

Moles of HCl in the original solution = Molarity x Volume = 3 M x 0.5 L = 1.5 moles. When diluted to 2 liters, the new molarity = 1.5 moles / 2 L = 0.75 M.

How do I find the molarity if I have a solution with 4 grams of NaOH in 200 mL of water?

Calculate moles of NaOH: Molar mass = 40 g/mol. Moles = 4 g / 40 g/mol = 0.1 moles. Convert 200 mL to liters: 0.2 L. Molarity = 0.1 moles / 0.2 L = 0.5 M.

What happens to the molarity of a solution if I add more solvent without adding more solute?

The molarity of the solution decreases because the volume of the solution increases while the amount of solute remains the same.

How can I prepare a 1 M solution of acetic acid from a concentrated 6 M solution?

To prepare a 1 M solution, use the dilution formula: $C_1V_1 = C_2V_2$. Here, $C_1 = 6$ M, $C_2 = 1$ M, and $V_2 = 1$ L. Rearranging gives $V_1 = (C_2V_2) / C_1 = (1 \text{ M} \times 1 \text{ L}) / 6 \text{ M} = 0.167 \text{ L}$ or 167 mL. Add 167 mL of the concentrated solution and dilute with water to a total volume of 1 liter.

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