

Boolean Algebra Cheat Sheet

Name	Logic	Logic gate	Notation	Alternative notation	Example	Truth table															
Conjunction	AND		$\wedge$	$\cdot$ $*$	$A \wedge B$ A AND B	<table><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>Output</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr></table>	A	B	Output	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
A	B	Output																			
0	0	0																			
0	1	0																			
1	0	0																			
1	1	1																			
Disjunction	OR		$\vee$	$+$	$A \vee B$ A OR B	<table><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>Output</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr></table>	A	B	Output	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
A	B	Output																			
0	0	0																			
0	1	1																			
1	0	1																			
1	1	1																			
Exclusive Disjunction	XOR		$\oplus$	$\underline{\vee}$	$A \underline{\vee} B$ A XOR B	<table><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>Output</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>0</td></tr></table>	A	B	Output	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0
A	B	Output																			
0	0	0																			
0	1	1																			
1	0	1																			
1	1	0																			
Negation	NOT		$\neg$	$\neg$ $!$ $\sim$	$\neg A$ NOT A	<table><tr><th>A</th><th>Output</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td></tr></table>	A	Output	0	1	1	0									
A	Output																				
0	1																				
1	0																				
Equivalence	The same as		$\equiv$	$\leftrightarrow$	$A \equiv B$ A is the same as B	<table><tr><th>A</th><th>Output</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr></table>	A	Output	0	0	1	1									
A	Output																				
0	0																				
1	1																				

BOOLEAN ALGEBRA CHEAT SHEET

BOOLEAN ALGEBRA IS A MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURE THAT ALLOWS FOR THE MANIPULATION OF TRUTH VALUES, TYPICALLY REPRESENTED AS TRUE (1) AND FALSE (0). THIS ALGEBRAIC SYSTEM IS FUNDAMENTAL IN COMPUTER SCIENCE, DIGITAL ELECTRONICS, AND LOGIC DESIGN, AS IT PROVIDES THE FRAMEWORK FOR UNDERSTANDING HOW LOGICAL OPERATIONS WORK AND HOW THEY CAN BE SIMPLIFIED. THIS CHEAT SHEET SERVES AS A GUIDE TO THE BASIC CONCEPTS, PRINCIPLES, AND LAWS OF BOOLEAN ALGEBRA, ALONG WITH EXAMPLES AND APPLICATIONS.

FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS OF BOOLEAN ALGEBRA

BOOLEAN ALGEBRA IS BASED ON A FEW FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS THAT ARE CRUCIAL FOR UNDERSTANDING ITS OPERATIONS AND APPLICATIONS.

1. VARIABLES AND CONSTANTS

- VARIABLES: REPRESENTED BY LETTERS (E.G., A, B, C), THESE CAN TAKE ON THE VALUES OF EITHER TRUE (1) OR FALSE (0).
- CONSTANTS: THE FIXED VALUES OF TRUE (1) AND FALSE (0) THAT DO NOT CHANGE.

2. LOGICAL OPERATIONS

THE PRIMARY OPERATIONS IN BOOLEAN ALGEBRA INCLUDE:

- AND ($\cdot$): THE RESULT IS TRUE ONLY IF BOTH OPERANDS ARE TRUE.
- EXAMPLE: $A \cdot B = 1$ ONLY IF $A = 1$ AND $B = 1$.
- OR ($+$): THE RESULT IS TRUE IF AT LEAST ONE OPERAND IS TRUE.
- EXAMPLE: $A + B = 1$ IF $A = 1$ OR $B = 1$ (OR BOTH).
- NOT ($\neg$): THE RESULT IS THE OPPOSITE OF THE OPERAND'S VALUE.
- EXAMPLE: $\neg A = 1$ IF $A = 0$, AND $\neg A = 0$ IF $A = 1$.

3. TRUTH TABLES

A TRUTH TABLE IS A MATHEMATICAL TABLE USED TO DETERMINE THE OUTPUT OF A LOGICAL EXPRESSION FOR ALL POSSIBLE INPUT COMBINATIONS. HERE ARE EXAMPLES FOR EACH OPERATION:

- AND ($A \cdot B$):

A	B	$A \cdot B$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

- OR ($A + B$):

A	B	$A + B$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

- NOT ($\neg A$):

A	$\neg A$
0	1
1	0

BASIC LAWS OF BOOLEAN ALGEBRA

UNDERSTANDING THE LAWS OF BOOLEAN ALGEBRA IS ESSENTIAL FOR SIMPLIFYING EXPRESSIONS AND DESIGNING LOGICAL CIRCUITS. THE FOLLOWING ARE THE FUNDAMENTAL LAWS:

1. IDENTITY LAW

- $A + 0 = A$
- $A \cdot 1 = A$

2. NULL LAW

- $A + 1 = 1$
- $A \cdot 0 = 0$

3. DOMINATION LAW

- $A + 1 = 1$
- $A \cdot 0 = 0$

4. IDEMPOTENT LAW

- $A + A = A$
- $A \cdot A = A$

5. COMPLEMENT LAW

- $A + \neg A = 1$
- $A \cdot \neg A = 0$

6. DISTRIBUTIVE LAW

- $A \cdot (B + C) = A \cdot B + A \cdot C$
- $A + (B \cdot C) = (A + B) \cdot (A + C)$

7. DE MORGAN'S THEOREMS

THESE THEOREMS PROVIDE A METHOD TO SIMPLIFY EXPRESSIONS INVOLVING NOT OPERATIONS:

- $\neg(A \cdot B) = \neg A + \neg B$
- $\neg(A + B) = \neg A \cdot \neg B$

COMPLEX OPERATIONS AND SIMPLIFICATION TECHNIQUES

WHEN DEALING WITH MORE COMPLEX BOOLEAN EXPRESSIONS, IT IS ESSENTIAL TO KNOW HOW TO SIMPLIFY THEM USING THE LAWS AND THEOREMS MENTIONED ABOVE. HERE ARE A FEW TECHNIQUES FOR SIMPLIFICATION:

1. COMBINING LIKE TERMS

USE THE IDEMPOTENT AND DOMINATION LAWS TO COMBINE TERMS. FOR EXAMPLE:

- $A + A + B = A + B$ (IDEMPOTENT LAW)

2. USING DE MORGAN'S THEOREMS

APPLY DE MORGAN'S THEOREMS TO TRANSFORM EXPRESSIONS INTO SIMPLER FORMS THAT ARE EASIER TO EVALUATE OR IMPLEMENT IN CIRCUITS.

3. CONSENSUS THEOREM

THIS THEOREM STATES THAT:

- $A \cdot B + \neg A \cdot C + B \cdot C = A \cdot B + \neg A \cdot C$

THIS CAN HELP REDUCE THE NUMBER OF TERMS IN A BOOLEAN EXPRESSION.

4. KARNAUGH MAPS

KARNAUGH MAPS (K-MAPS) ARE A VISUAL METHOD TO SIMPLIFY BOOLEAN EXPRESSIONS. THEY PROVIDE A WAY TO MINIMIZE THE NUMBER OF VARIABLES AND TERMS AND ARE ESPECIALLY USEFUL FOR EXPRESSIONS WITH UP TO SIX VARIABLES.

APPLICATIONS OF BOOLEAN ALGEBRA

BOOLEAN ALGEBRA HAS A WIDE RANGE OF APPLICATIONS ACROSS VARIOUS FIELDS, PARTICULARLY IN COMPUTER SCIENCE AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS.

1. DIGITAL CIRCUIT DESIGN

BOOLEAN ALGEBRA IS USED TO DESIGN AND SIMPLIFY LOGIC CIRCUITS. ENGINEERS USE IT TO CREATE EFFICIENT CIRCUITS THAT PERFORM SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS WITH MINIMAL COMPONENTS, WHICH IS CRUCIAL FOR REDUCING COSTS AND POWER CONSUMPTION.

2. COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

IN PROGRAMMING, BOOLEAN ALGEBRA FORMS THE BACKBONE OF CONTROL FLOW STATEMENTS, SUCH AS IF-ELSE CONDITIONS. LOGICAL OPERATORS IN PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES (AND, OR, NOT) CORRESPOND DIRECTLY TO THEIR BOOLEAN ALGEBRA COUNTERPARTS.

3. SEARCH ALGORITHMS

BOOLEAN LOGIC IS USED IN SEARCH ENGINES TO REFINE SEARCH RESULTS. OPERATORS LIKE AND, OR, AND NOT HELP USERS FIND THE MOST RELEVANT INFORMATION BASED ON SPECIFIC CRITERIA.

4. DATABASE QUERIES

IN DATABASES, BOOLEAN ALGEBRA IS USED FOR FILTERING AND RETRIEVING DATA. SQL QUERIES OFTEN INCORPORATE LOGICAL OPERATORS TO RETURN PRECISE SUBSETS OF DATA.

CONCLUSION

BOOLEAN ALGEBRA IS A POWERFUL MATHEMATICAL TOOL THAT SIMPLIFIES THE COMPLEXITY OF LOGICAL REASONING AND DIGITAL LOGIC DESIGN. UNDERSTANDING ITS PRINCIPLES, LAWS, AND APPLICATIONS IS CRUCIAL FOR STUDENTS AND PROFESSIONALS IN FIELDS SUCH AS COMPUTER SCIENCE, ENGINEERING, AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY. THIS CHEAT SHEET SERVES AS A QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE TO HELP YOU GRASP THE ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF BOOLEAN ALGEBRA, MAKING IT EASIER TO APPLY IN PRACTICAL SCENARIOS. BY MASTERING BOOLEAN ALGEBRA, YOU CAN ENHANCE YOUR PROBLEM-SOLVING SKILLS AND IMPROVE YOUR PROFICIENCY IN DESIGNING EFFICIENT DIGITAL SYSTEMS. WHETHER YOU'RE DESIGNING CIRCUITS, WRITING ALGORITHMS, OR PERFORMING DATA ANALYSIS, THE PRINCIPLES OF BOOLEAN ALGEBRA WILL GUIDE YOU IN MAKING INFORMED DECISIONS AND ACHIEVING OPTIMAL RESULTS.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT IS A BOOLEAN ALGEBRA CHEAT SHEET?

A BOOLEAN ALGEBRA CHEAT SHEET IS A CONCISE REFERENCE GUIDE THAT SUMMARIZES THE KEY CONCEPTS, RULES, AND LAWS OF BOOLEAN ALGEBRA, MAKING IT USEFUL FOR STUDENTS AND PROFESSIONALS IN FIELDS LIKE COMPUTER SCIENCE AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS.

WHAT ARE THE FUNDAMENTAL LAWS INCLUDED IN A BOOLEAN ALGEBRA CHEAT SHEET?

A TYPICAL BOOLEAN ALGEBRA CHEAT SHEET INCLUDES FUNDAMENTAL LAWS SUCH AS THE COMMUTATIVE, ASSOCIATIVE, DISTRIBUTIVE, IDENTITY, NULL, IDEMPOTENT, COMPLEMENT, AND ABSORPTION LAWS.

How can a Boolean Algebra Cheat Sheet help with simplification of expressions?

A cheat sheet can provide quick access to rules and laws that allow for the simplification of Boolean expressions, helping to reduce complexity in circuit design and logic problem-solving.

Are there standard forms for Boolean expressions that a cheat sheet covers?

Yes, a Boolean Algebra Cheat Sheet often covers standard forms such as Sum of Products (SOP) and Product of Sums (POS), which are essential for simplifying and analyzing logic circuits.

Can I find examples of Boolean expressions on a cheat sheet?

Yes, many Boolean Algebra Cheat Sheets include examples of Boolean expressions and the steps taken to simplify them, illustrating the application of various laws.

What notation is commonly used in Boolean Algebra Cheat Sheets?

Common notations in Boolean Algebra Cheat Sheets include symbols like AND ($\cdot$), OR ($+$), and NOT ($'$) which represent the basic operations of Boolean logic.

How do I use a Boolean Algebra Cheat Sheet effectively?

To use a Boolean Algebra Cheat Sheet effectively, familiarize yourself with the key laws and operations, and practice applying them to solve problems or simplify expressions.

Are there online resources for Boolean Algebra Cheat Sheets?

Yes, there are many online resources, including educational websites, forums, and printable PDF Cheat Sheets that provide comprehensive information on Boolean Algebra.

Who can benefit from using a Boolean Algebra Cheat Sheet?

Students, educators, engineers, and anyone involved in computer science, digital logic design, or mathematics can benefit from using a Boolean Algebra Cheat Sheet for quick reference and study.

Find other PDF article:

<https://soc.up.edu.ph/51-grid/pdf?docid=txa55-9774&title=rise-of-the-superbugs-worksheet-answers.pdf>

[Boolean Algebra Cheat Sheet](#)

ESP32 Boolean Logic - Programming - Arduino Forum

Mar 31, 2025 · Boolean Algebra Laws (Basic Rules in Boolean Algebra) | Download PDF Boolean algebra is the branch of algebra wherein the values of the variables are either true or ...

¿ Qué es Boolean? ¿ Para que sirve? - Español - Arduino Forum

Jan 14, 2012 · Boolean es un tipo de variable que sólo tiene dos valores posibles: "true" (verdadero,

1) y "false" (falso, 0). Por ejemplo puedes crear la variable boolean EstadoAlarma ...

Interchanging HIGH/LOW with true/false - Arduino Forum

Feb 21, 2013 · A boolean is simply a byte sized variable. True is non-zero. False is zero. HIGH and LOW are defined as 1 and 0 which match the definitions of true and false. So, either f your ...

Boolean IF syntax - Programming - Arduino Forum

Dec 17, 2019 · A boolean variable can only have a value of true or false. There is no need to rely on conventions as to what values of other data types are equivalent to true and false.

Boolean invertieren - Deutsch - Arduino Forum

Oct 19, 2012 · Hi, jetzt kommt wahrscheinlich die dumme Frage des Tages: Gibt es einen Befehl um eine boolean zu invertieren? Also aus "true" "false" machen und umgekehrt? Also mit ifs ...

Funcion booleana, como cambiar el estado? [Solucionado] Gracias!

Dec 16, 2014 · Hola buenas, me he buscado un poc por ahi, pero parece ser que todos los ejemplos hablan de funciones int, y bueno la cosa va a asi; tengo esta subrutina; boolean ...

bool vs boolean - Syntax & Programs - Arduino Forum

Jun 21, 2009 · Arduino defines a boolean type, it is identical to the terse C++ bool type. Either can be used, but boolean is friendlier for non-programmers.

cambio de estado de un flag (de una variable boolean) con una ...

Aug 25, 2017 · Hola a todos, Lo que mi programa debería hacer es imprimir en el monitor el nuevo estado de una luz, cuando pasó de prendido a apagado y viceversa. Para esto decidi ...

How to update functions boolean variable - Arduino Forum

Jul 29, 2022 · Hi, I need to take bool value from sensor. For example if boolean value >0; value=true boolean value<=0 value=false . Then I am using this boolean value inside ...

IF with AND and OR fuctions - Syntax & Programs - Arduino Forum

Dec 2, 2010 · With my BASIC language programmed controllers I can use AND and OR. example: IF (VAL > 100 AND VAL < 140) THEN ... How can I solve this with the if function in ...

ESP32 Boolean Logic - Programming - Arduino Forum

Mar 31, 2025 · Boolean Algebra Laws (Basic Rules in Boolean Algebra) | Download PDF Boolean algebra is the branch of algebra wherein the values of the variables are either true or false. Visit BYJU'S to learn about Boolean algebra laws and ...

¿ Qué es Boolean? ¿ Para que sirve? - Español - Arduino Forum

Jan 14, 2012 · Boolean es un tipo de variable que sólo tiene dos valores posibles: "true" (verdadero, 1) y "false" (falso, 0). Por ejemplo puedes crear la variable boolean EstadoAlarma = false; con la que controlarás si la alarma está conectada o desconectada. Cuando activas la alarma pasas la variable a true boolean EstadoAlarma = true; El tipo de variable boolean es ...

Interchanging HIGH/LOW with true/false - Arduino Forum

Feb 21, 2013 · A boolean is simply a byte sized variable. True is non-zero. False is zero. HIGH and LOW are defined as 1 and 0 which match the definitions of true and false. So, either f your statements will work, under some circumstances, although I prefer the first one. It explicitly says that you want to compare the reading of the pin to HIGH. Think about what the second ...

Boolean IF syntax - Programming - Arduino Forum

Dec 17, 2019 · A boolean variable can only have a value of true or false. There is no need to rely on conventions as to what values of other data types are equivalent to true and false.

Boolean invertieren - Deutsch - Arduino Forum

Oct 19, 2012 · Hi, jetzt kommt wahrscheinlich die dumme Frage des Tages: Gibt es einen Befehl um eine boolean zu invertieren? Also aus "true" "false" machen und umgekehrt? Also mit ifs und so krieg ich das schon hin. Aber das sieht voll unelegant aus. Habs schon mit "~" probiert, aber das klappt nicht. Wohl, weil eine Boolean bei C nicht nur ein Bit ist. (Hab ich hier mal gehört) ...

Funcion booleana, como cambiar el estado? [Solucionado] Gracias!

Dec 16, 2014 · Hola buenas, me he buscado un poc por ahi, pero parece ser que todos los ejemplos hablan de funciones int, y bueno la cosa va a asi; tengo esta subrutina; boolean termostato () { analogRead (sondaTempRefrigeracion); ...

bool vs boolean - Syntax & Programs - Arduino Forum

Jun 21, 2009 · Arduino defines a boolean type, it is identical to the terse C++ bool type. Either can be used, but boolean is friendlier for non-programmers.

cambio de estado de un flag (de una variable boolean) con una ...

Aug 25, 2017 · Hola a todos, Lo que mi programa debería hacer es imprimir en el monitor el nuevo estado de una luz, cuando pasó de prendido a apagado y viceversa. Para esto decidi utilizar interrupciones "CHANGE", que se accionan cuando hay un flanco de subida o bajada y que la funcion de esta interrupcion solamente ponga en "true" un flag (una variable boolean) y ...

How to update functions boolean variable - Arduino Forum

Jul 29, 2022 · Hi, I need to take bool value from sensor. For example if boolean value >0; value=true boolean value<=0 value=false . Then I am using this boolean value inside endlessLoop but i can't update the value. I mean, I defined this boolean as false, even if this boolean value change to true , function doesn't get it. Is there a way to have it change in every ...

IF with AND and OR fuctions - Syntax & Programs - Arduino Forum

Dec 2, 2010 · With my BASIC language programmed controllers I can use AND and OR. example: IF (VAL > 100 AND VAL < 140) THEN ... How can I solve this with the if function in the Arduino? Thanks. ☐

Unlock the essentials of Boolean algebra with our comprehensive cheat sheet. Simplify your studies and ace your exams today! Learn more now.

[Back to Home](#)