

Business Statistics Final Exam Solutions

Problems #1 thru #2: A researcher is testing the following hypotheses with $n = 1000$ and $\alpha = 0.01$:

$$H_0: \pi = 0.29$$

$$H_A: \pi \neq 0.29$$

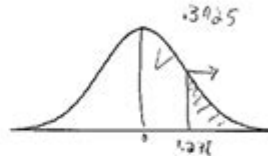
1. What is the level of significance?

- A. 0.001
- ☒ B. 0.01
- C. 0.02
- D. 0.05
- E. 0.1

2. If the test statistic were 1.238, what is the p-value?

- A. 0.1003
- ☒ B. 0.1075
- C. 0.1093
- D. 0.2150
- E. 0.2186

$$1 - 0.3925$$



Problems #3 thru #5: The results from a sample of net weights of 6 bottles filled by a machine manufactured by Edne, and a sample of the net weights of 8 bottles filled by a similar machine manufactured by Orno, Inc. are (in grams):

Company	Sample Size	Mean	Standard Deviation
Edne (E)	6	7	1.4
Orno, Inc. (O)	8	10	2.3

Use a 0.01 level of significance to test whether the mean net weight of bottles filled by the Edne machine is different than the mean net weight of bottles filled by the Orno, Inc. machine. Assume normality if needed.

3. What are the correct hypotheses?

- ☒ A. $H_0: \mu_E - \mu_O \neq 0$ $H_A: \mu_E - \mu_O = 0$
- ☒ B. $H_0: \mu_E - \mu_O > 0$ $H_A: \mu_E - \mu_O \leq 0$
- C. $H_0: \mu_E - \mu_O \leq 0$ $H_A: \mu_E - \mu_O > 0$
- D. $H_0: \mu_E - \mu_O \geq 0$ $H_A: \mu_E - \mu_O < 0$
- ☒ E. $H_0: \mu_E - \mu_O = 0$ $H_A: \mu_E - \mu_O \neq 0$

4. What are the degrees of freedom?

- A. ∞
- B. 14
- C. 13
- ☒ D. 12
- E. 11

5. What is the pooled variance, s_p^2 ?

- A. 4.5067
- ☒ B. 3.9025
- C. 2.2333
- D. 1.9755
- E. 1.9250

$$\frac{(6-1)(1.4)^2 + (8-1)(2.3)^2}{12}$$

$$\frac{9.8 + 37.03}{2} = \frac{46.83}{2} = 23.415$$

Exam 3A

ST204

Business statistics final exam solutions are crucial for students aiming to understand the fundamental concepts and applications of statistics in a business context. The examination not only tests theoretical knowledge but also practical applications of statistical methods in real-world business scenarios. This article provides an in-depth overview of essential topics covered in business statistics, common challenges faced during exams, and effective strategies for solving problems, as well as some sample solutions that can help students prepare.

Understanding the Importance of Business Statistics

Business statistics is a branch of applied statistics that deals with the collection, analysis, interpretation, presentation, and organization of data

within a business context. The importance of mastering this subject cannot be overstated, as it enables businesses to make informed decisions based on data-driven insights.

The Role of Statistics in Business

Statistics play a pivotal role in various business functions, including:

1. Market Research: Understanding consumer preferences and trends.
2. Quality Control: Monitoring production processes to ensure product quality.
3. Financial Analysis: Evaluating financial performance and forecasting future profitability.
4. Risk Management: Assessing and mitigating potential financial losses.
5. Decision Making: Utilizing data to guide strategic business decisions.

Key Topics in Business Statistics

To excel in a business statistics final exam, students should have a solid grasp of several key topics:

Descriptive Statistics

Descriptive statistics summarize and describe the characteristics of a data set. Key measures include:

- Mean: The average value of a data set.
- Median: The middle value when data is arranged in ascending order.
- Mode: The most frequently occurring value in a data set.
- Standard Deviation: A measure of data dispersion around the mean.

Example problem: Calculate the mean, median, and mode of the following sales figures: 200, 250, 300, 300, 400.

Solution:

- Mean = $(200 + 250 + 300 + 300 + 400) / 5 = 290$
- Median = 300 (middle value)
- Mode = 300 (most frequent value)

Inferential Statistics

Inferential statistics allow us to make predictions or inferences about a population based on a sample. Important concepts include:

- Hypothesis Testing: Determining whether there is enough evidence to reject a null hypothesis.
- Confidence Intervals: Estimating a range of values for a population parameter based on sample data.

Example problem: A sample of 50 customers reports an average spending of \$150 with a standard deviation of \$30. Construct a 95% confidence interval for the

average spending of all customers.

Solution:

1. Calculate the standard error (SE) = Standard deviation / $\sqrt{\text{sample size}} = 30 / \sqrt{50} = 4.24$
2. Using a z-score of 1.96 for 95% confidence, the confidence interval is:
 - Lower limit = $150 - (1.96 \times 4.24) = 141.67$
 - Upper limit = $150 + (1.96 \times 4.24) = 158.33$
3. Confidence interval = (141.67, 158.33)

Regression Analysis

Regression analysis helps in understanding the relationship between dependent and independent variables. Key points include:

- Simple Linear Regression: Examining the relationship between two variables.
- Multiple Regression: Analyzing the impact of multiple independent variables on a dependent variable.

Example problem: Given the equation of a simple linear regression line, $Y = 2X + 5$, what is the predicted value of Y when $X = 10$?

Solution:

$$Y = 2(10) + 5 = 20 + 5 = 25.$$

Common Challenges in Business Statistics Exams

Students often encounter several challenges when tackling business statistics finals:

1. Complex Formulas: Remembering and applying various statistical formulas can be overwhelming.
2. Data Interpretation: Understanding what statistical outputs mean in real-world contexts.
3. Time Management: Balancing time between multiple questions can be difficult during an exam.
4. Application of Concepts: Translating theoretical knowledge into practical solutions.

Effective Strategies for Exam Preparation

To overcome these challenges, students can adopt several strategies:

- Practice Regularly: Solve past exam papers and sample problems to build confidence.
- Study Groups: Collaborate with peers to discuss complex topics and share insights.
- Focus on Key Concepts: Identify and prioritize the most important areas of the syllabus.
- Use Visual Aids: Create charts, graphs, and flashcards to aid memory retention.
- Seek Help: Don't hesitate to ask instructors for clarification on difficult topics.

Sample Exam Questions and Solutions

Below are a few sample questions that mimic the style of those potentially found on a business statistics final exam, along with their solutions.

Question 1: Hypothesis Testing

A company claims that its average delivery time is less than 30 minutes. A random sample of 40 deliveries showed an average delivery time of 28 minutes with a standard deviation of 5 minutes. Test this claim at a 0.05 significance level.

Solution:

1. Null Hypothesis (H_0): $\mu \geq 30$
Alternative Hypothesis (H_1): $\mu < 30$
2. Calculate the test statistic:
 $- z = (\bar{X} - \mu) / (\sigma/\sqrt{n}) = (28 - 30) / (5/\sqrt{40}) = -2.529$
3. Find the critical z-value for a one-tailed test at 0.05 significance = -1.645.
4. Since $-2.529 < -1.645$, we reject H_0 . There is sufficient evidence to support the claim.

Question 2: Chi-Square Test

A retailer wants to determine if customer preference for a product is independent of gender. The following data is collected:

Gender	Prefer A	Prefer B
Male	30	10
Female	20	40

Conduct a Chi-Square test for independence.

Solution:

1. Calculate expected frequencies:
 $-$ Total Male = 40, Total Female = 60, Total Prefer A = 50, Total Prefer B = 50.
 $-$ Expected for Male Prefer A = $(40 \cdot 50) / 100 = 20$.
 $-$ Expected for Male Prefer B = $(40 \cdot 50) / 100 = 20$.
 $-$ Expected for Female Prefer A = $(60 \cdot 50) / 100 = 30$.
 $-$ Expected for Female Prefer B = $(60 \cdot 50) / 100 = 30$.
2. Chi-Square statistic:
 $- \chi^2 = \sum ((\text{Observed} - \text{Expected})^2 / \text{Expected})$
 $- \chi^2 = ((30-20)^2/20) + ((10-20)^2/20) + ((20-30)^2/30) + ((40-30)^2/30)$
 $- \chi^2 = (5) + (5) + (3.33) + (3.33) = 16.67$.
3. Degrees of freedom = $(2-1)(2-1) = 1$.
4. Critical value for $df=1$ at $\alpha=0.05$ = 3.841.
5. Since $16.67 > 3.841$, we reject the null hypothesis. Gender and product preference are not independent.

Conclusion

Mastering business statistics final exam solutions requires a combination of understanding key concepts, practicing problem-solving techniques, and applying statistical reasoning to real-world scenarios. By focusing on essential topics such as descriptive and inferential statistics, regression analysis, and hypothesis testing, students can build a solid foundation to excel in their exams. With diligent preparation and an effective study strategy, success in business statistics is well within reach.

Frequently Asked Questions

What are common topics covered in a business statistics final exam?

Common topics include descriptive statistics, probability distributions, hypothesis testing, regression analysis, and sampling methods.

How can I effectively prepare for my business statistics final exam?

Effective preparation involves reviewing lecture notes, practicing problems, utilizing study groups, and taking practice exams to familiarize yourself with the format and types of questions.

What resources are available for finding solutions to business statistics exam questions?

Resources include textbooks, online platforms like Khan Academy or Coursera, study guides, and forums such as Stack Exchange where you can ask specific questions.

What is the significance of understanding p-values in business statistics?

Understanding p-values is crucial as they help determine the statistical significance of your hypothesis tests, indicating whether to reject or accept the null hypothesis based on your data.

How can I apply regression analysis in business statistics?

Regression analysis is used to model the relationship between a dependent variable and one or more independent variables, helping businesses predict outcomes based on historical data.

What are the key differences between descriptive and inferential statistics?

Descriptive statistics summarize and describe data, while inferential statistics use sample data to make generalizations or predictions about a larger population.

What strategies can I use during the final exam to manage time effectively?

Strategies include reading through all questions first, prioritizing easier questions, allocating specific time limits to each question, and leaving time at the end for review.

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