

American Imperialism Worksheet

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American Imperialism

THERE ARE 3 DIFFERENT KINDS OF IMPERIALISM

1) Political Imperialism: One country influences the government of another country or completely controls it.

2) Cultural Imperialism: One country influences another country's culture.

3) Economic Imperialism: One country controls critical aspects of another country's economy.

What is imperialism and how does it happen in the real world?

Read the United States and various examples of imperialism. To the right of each example, write the form of imperialism that best describes each action: (1) Political, (2) Cultural, (3) Economic.

1) The United States annexes Guam in 1898.

2) The United States and Germany divide up Africa.

3) American missionaries teach the Chinese people about Christianity.

4) American missionaries from the United States go to Japan and try to convert the Japanese people to Christianity.

5) The United States controls the doors of Hawaii and puts a puppet king on the throne.

6) The United States helps to overthrow the Hawaiian monarchy and puts a puppet king on the throne.

7) The U.S. will bring an end to the Spanish-American War.

8) American missionaries go to China and try to convert the Chinese people to Christianity.

9) The United States goes to China and tries to control the trade of goods in the area of the United States.

10) The United States goes to China and tries to control the trade of goods in the area of the United States.

11) The United States goes to China and tries to control the trade of goods in the area of the United States.

American imperialism worksheet is a valuable educational tool that helps students understand the complex history and implications of American expansionism from the late 19th century to the early 20th century. This worksheet typically includes various activities and questions designed to provoke critical thinking about the motivations, consequences, and ethical considerations surrounding American imperialism. In this article, we will explore the key themes of American imperialism, its historical context, and how worksheets can enhance understanding of this significant period in U.S. history.

Understanding American Imperialism

American imperialism refers to the policy of extending a country's power and influence through diplomacy or military force. During the late 19th and early 20th centuries, the United States sought

to expand its territory and exert its influence globally, particularly in the Caribbean and the Pacific. This period was characterized by a series of events and policies that reflected America's ambition to become a world power.

Historical Context

To understand American imperialism, one must consider the historical context of the late 1800s:

1. **Economic Motivations:** The Industrial Revolution had transformed the U.S. economy, leading to increased production capacity and a growing need for new markets. American businesses sought to expand their reach beyond domestic borders to find new consumers for their goods.
2. **Political Motivations:** The emergence of other imperial powers, such as Britain, France, and Germany, created a competitive atmosphere. American leaders believed that acquiring territories would enhance national security and prestige.
3. **Cultural Motivations:** The idea of Manifest Destiny, which held that Americans were destined to expand across the continent, evolved into a belief that it was the U.S.'s duty to spread democracy and civilization to "lesser" nations.
4. **Military Motivations:** The U.S. began to build a stronger navy, exemplified by the construction of the Great White Fleet, which was intended to project American power internationally.

Key Events of American Imperialism

Several critical events marked the American imperialist agenda:

- **The Spanish-American War (1898):** This war resulted in the U.S. defeating Spain and acquiring territories like Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Philippines.
- **The Annexation of Hawaii (1898):** Hawaii's strategic location in the Pacific made it an essential territory for American interests, leading to its annexation and eventual statehood.
- **The Open Door Policy (1899):** This policy aimed to ensure equal trading rights for all nations in China, reflecting America's desire to participate in global trade without direct territorial control.
- **The Panama Canal (1904-1914):** The construction of the canal represented a significant strategic and economic achievement, enabling faster naval and trade routes between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.

Impacts of American Imperialism

The consequences of American imperialism were profound, influencing both the United States and the nations affected by its policies.

Domestic Impacts

1. National Identity: Imperialism contributed to a sense of American exceptionalism, fostering the belief that the U.S. had a unique role in the world.
2. Political Debate: The expansionist policies led to significant political debates, with various groups advocating for or against imperialism based on moral, economic, and strategic grounds.
3. Influence on Foreign Policy: The actions taken during this period laid the groundwork for future American foreign policy, including interventions in Latin America and Asia.

International Impacts

1. Colonial Governance: Territories acquired through imperialism were governed by U.S. authorities, often leading to resistance and conflict from local populations. For instance, the Philippines experienced a brutal conflict against American rule, known as the Philippine-American War.
2. Cultural Exchange: American imperialism resulted in cultural exchanges, both positive and negative. While it introduced some elements of American culture and education, it also led to the suppression of local customs and traditions.
3. Global Relations: The U.S.'s imperial actions affected its relationships with other nations, leading to both alliances and tensions, particularly with European powers and neighboring countries.

Using an American Imperialism Worksheet

An American imperialism worksheet serves multiple educational purposes. It can help students analyze historical events, understand different perspectives, and develop critical thinking skills. Here are some common components of such worksheets:

Activities and Questions

1. Timeline Creation: Students can create a timeline of significant events related to American imperialism, helping them visualize the chronological progression of U.S. expansion.
2. Primary Source Analysis: Worksheets may include excerpts from speeches, letters, or government documents related to imperialism. Students can analyze these sources to understand the motivations

behind policies and actions.

3. Debate Prompts: Worksheets can encourage students to engage in debates about the ethics of imperialism, asking questions like:

- Was American imperialism justified?
- What were the benefits and drawbacks for the countries involved?

4. Reflective Essays: Assigning reflective essays allows students to express their opinions on imperialism, drawing on historical evidence and personal reflections.

Benefits of Using Worksheets in Education

1. Engagement: Worksheets encourage active participation, making history more engaging through hands-on activities.

2. Critical Thinking: Analyzing historical events and perspectives fosters critical thinking, helping students develop their analytical skills.

3. Collaboration: Group activities and discussions promote teamwork and collaboration, essential skills for students' future endeavors.

4. Assessment: Worksheets provide a means for educators to assess student understanding and identify areas needing further exploration.

Conclusion

In summary, the **American imperialism worksheet** is an essential educational resource that enhances students' understanding of a complex and often controversial period in U.S. history. By exploring the motivations, key events, and consequences of American imperialism, students can engage with the material in meaningful ways. Through critical analysis and reflective activities, they develop a deeper appreciation for the historical impacts of U.S. expansionism and its lasting effects on both America and the world. Understanding this aspect of history is crucial for grasping contemporary global dynamics and the role of the United States in international affairs.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is American imperialism, and how is it defined in the context of historical events?

American imperialism refers to the United States' policy and practice of extending its power and influence through colonization, military force, or other means. Key historical events include the annexation of Hawaii, the Spanish-American War, and the acquisition of territories like Puerto Rico and Guam.

What are the main motivations behind American imperialism as discussed in the worksheet?

The main motivations include economic interests, such as the desire for new markets and resources; strategic interests, including military bases and geopolitical dominance; and ideological motivations, such as the belief in manifest destiny and the spread of democracy.

How did the Spanish-American War serve as a turning point in American imperialism?

The Spanish-American War in 1898 marked a significant expansion of American influence overseas, resulting in the U.S. gaining control of territories like Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Philippines, thus establishing the U.S. as a global power and showcasing its imperial ambitions.

What role did economic factors play in the justification of American imperialism according to the worksheet?

Economic factors played a crucial role; proponents argued that acquiring new territories would provide access to raw materials and new markets for American goods, which were essential for the nation's economic growth and stability.

What are some criticisms of American imperialism highlighted in the worksheet?

Critics argue that American imperialism often led to the oppression of local populations, undermined their sovereignty, and resulted in conflicts and human rights violations. It also raised ethical questions about the legitimacy of imposing U.S. values and governance on other nations.

How does the worksheet suggest American imperialism has shaped modern U.S. foreign policy?

The worksheet suggests that American imperialism has had a lasting impact on U.S. foreign policy by establishing a precedent for interventionism and the pursuit of national interests abroad, influencing contemporary issues such as military interventions and diplomatic relations.

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