

6th Grade Math Distributive Property

Name _____

Date _____



DISTRIBUTIVE PROPERTY MIXED QUESTIONS 6:2

Use the distributive property to work out the answers to these questions.

EXPRESSION	ANSWER
1) Factorize $4a + 18$	
2) Expand $8(6 + 3b)$	
3) Work out the value of $5(3c - 2)$ when $c=4$.	
4) Work out the value of $7(3^2 - 2^2)$	
5) Factorize $55 - 10d$	
6) Expand $7(3e - 8)$	
7) Work out the value of $12(20 - f)$ when $f=17$	
8) Factorize $21g - 36$	
9) Expand $\frac{1}{2}(12 - 6h)$	
10) Work out the value of $\frac{1}{2}(3i - 6)$ when $i=4$	
11) Work out the value of $2^2(16 - 3^2)$	
12) Factorize $240 - 150j$	
13) Expand $8(40k - 25k)$	
14) Work out the value of $3(1.5 - l)$ when $l=0.6$	
15) Factorize $56m + 35$	
16) Find the value of $6(3 + 5) \div 2^2$	
17) Expand $0.3(6 - 5n)$	
18) Work out the value of $11(2 - p)$ when $p=1.2$	
19) Factorize $24q + 16r + 12s$	
20) Expand $\frac{1}{2}(6s - 9t)$	



6th grade math distributive property is a fundamental concept that forms the basis for understanding more complex mathematical operations. As students enter the sixth grade, they encounter various mathematical topics, and mastering the distributive property is crucial for their success in algebra and beyond. This article will explore the distributive property in detail, providing examples, applications, and tips for mastering this essential skill.

What is the Distributive Property?

The distributive property is a mathematical rule that describes how to multiply a number by a sum or difference. It states that:

$$[a(b + c) = ab + ac]$$

In this expression:

- a is the number being distributed,
- b and c are the terms inside the parentheses,
- ab and ac are the products of a with each term.

This property is not only useful for simplifying expressions but also essential for solving equations. Understanding how to apply the distributive property can help students break down complex problems into more manageable parts.

Why is the Distributive Property Important?

The distributive property plays a crucial role in various areas of mathematics. Here are some reasons why it is important for 6th graders:

1. Foundation for Algebra: The distributive property is one of the first steps toward understanding algebraic expressions and equations.
2. Simplifying Expressions: It allows students to simplify expressions and make calculations easier.
3. Problem-Solving Skills: Mastering this property helps students develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
4. Real-World Applications: Understanding the distributive property can help students tackle real-world problems involving proportions, ratios, and percentages.

How to Apply the Distributive Property

Applying the distributive property involves a few simple steps. Here's how students can use it effectively:

Step 1: Identify the Expression

First, locate the expression that involves multiplication of a term by a sum or difference. For example:

$$3(4 + 5)$$

Step 2: Distribute the Number

Next, multiply the number outside the parentheses by each term inside the parentheses:

1. Multiply 3 by 4 :
 - $3 \times 4 = 12$
2. Multiply 3 by 5 :
 - $3 \times 5 = 15$

Step 3: Combine the Results

Finally, combine the results of the multiplications:

$$\backslash 12 + 15 = 27 \backslash$$

Thus, $\backslash 3(4 + 5) = 27 \backslash$.

Examples of the Distributive Property

Let's illustrate the distributive property with more examples.

Example 1: Simple Addition

Consider the expression:

$$\backslash 2(6 + 3) \backslash$$

Step 1: Distribute $\backslash 2 \backslash$ to both terms:

$$- \backslash 2 \times 6 = 12 \backslash$$

$$- \backslash 2 \times 3 = 6 \backslash$$

Step 2: Combine the results:

$$\backslash 12 + 6 = 18 \backslash$$

So, $\backslash 2(6 + 3) = 18 \backslash$.

Example 2: Using Subtraction

Now let's look at an expression that involves subtraction:

$$\backslash 4(10 - 2) \backslash$$

Step 1: Distribute $\backslash 4 \backslash$ to both terms:

$$- \backslash 4 \times 10 = 40 \backslash$$

$$- \backslash 4 \times -2 = -8 \backslash$$

Step 2: Combine the results:

$$\backslash 40 - 8 = 32 \backslash$$

Thus, $4(10 - 2) = 32$.

Example 3: Distributing Variables

The distributive property also applies to expressions with variables:

$$x(3y + 2)$$

Step 1: Distribute x :

$$x \times 3y = 3xy$$

$$x \times 2 = 2x$$

Step 2: Combine the results:

$$x(3y + 2) = 3xy + 2x$$

Practice Problems

To help solidify students' understanding of the distributive property, here are some practice problems:

1. $5(2 + 7)$

2. $6(4 - 1)$

3. $3(x + 5)$

4. $2(y - 3)$

5. $8(1 + 6)$

Answers:

1. $5(2 + 7) = 5 \times 2 + 5 \times 7 = 10 + 35 = 45$

2. $6(4 - 1) = 6 \times 4 - 6 \times 1 = 24 - 6 = 18$

3. $3(x + 5) = 3x + 15$

4. $2(y - 3) = 2y - 6$

5. $8(1 + 6) = 8 \times 1 + 8 \times 6 = 8 + 48 = 56$

Common Mistakes to Avoid

When learning the distributive property, students may encounter some common pitfalls:

- Forgetting to Distribute to Both Terms: Always remember to multiply the outside number by every term inside the parentheses.
- Neglecting Negative Signs: Pay attention to negative signs when distributing. For instance, in $2(3 - 5)$, the result should be $2 \times 3 - 2 \times 5$.
- Not Combining Like Terms: After distributing, always combine like terms when applicable.

Real-World Applications of the Distributive Property

The distributive property is not just a theoretical concept; it has practical applications in everyday life. Here are some scenarios where the distributive property can be applied:

- Shopping: If an item costs \$10 and there's a discount of \$3 for each item purchased, the total cost for n items can be expressed as:

$$n(10 - 3) = 10n - 3n$$

- Meal Planning: If you are planning meals for a week and need to buy x pounds of chicken at \$5 and y pounds of vegetables at \$2, the total cost can be calculated as:

$$5x + 2y$$

- Construction Projects: If a builder needs a sheets of plywood costing \$20 each and b sheets of drywall costing \$15 each, the total cost can be expressed as:

$$20a + 15b$$

In each of these examples, using the distributive property simplifies calculations and helps in budgeting and planning.

Conclusion

Understanding the 6th grade math distributive property is essential for students as they advance in their mathematical studies. By grasping this concept, students build a solid foundation for algebra, enhance their problem-solving skills, and apply math in real-world scenarios. With consistent practice, students can master the distributive property and use it effectively in their academic and daily lives. Encouraging students to practice with various problems, recognize common mistakes, and understand real-world applications will reinforce their learning and confidence in mathematics.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the distributive property in math?

The distributive property states that $a(b + c) = ab + ac$. This means you can multiply a number by a sum by distributing the multiplication over each addend.

How can I use the distributive property to simplify $3(4 + 5)$?

You can apply the distributive property by multiplying 3 by both 4 and 5. So, $3(4 + 5) = 3 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 5 = 12 + 15 = 27$.

Can the distributive property be used with subtraction?

Yes, the distributive property can also be used with subtraction. For example, $a(b - c) = ab - ac$.

What is an example of using the distributive property with variables?

If you have $2(x + 3)$, you can distribute to get $2x + 23$, which simplifies to $2x + 6$.

How do you apply the distributive property to the expression $5(2x + 4)$?

You distribute 5 to both terms inside the parentheses: $5(2x) + 5(4) = 10x + 20$.

What is the purpose of using the distributive property?

The distributive property helps to simplify expressions and make calculations easier, especially when dealing with parentheses.

Can the distributive property help in solving equations?

Yes, the distributive property can be used to simplify equations, making it easier to isolate variables and solve for unknowns.

How does the distributive property relate to combining like terms?

After using the distributive property to expand an expression, you can combine like terms to simplify it further.

What are some real-life applications of the distributive property?

The distributive property can be used in budgeting, calculating areas, and when making purchases that involve discounts or group pricing.

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