# **3rd Grade Math Vocabulary**

	COMMON CORE VOC	
(	Created by: Ms. Sm	ITH
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Commutative Property (+)	Inverse Operations	Perimeter
Identity Property	Related Facts	Area
Pattern	Order of operations	Square Unit (sq un)
Round	Remainder	Unit Square
Compatible Numbers	Eighths	Closed Shape
Estimate	Equal Parts	Endpoint
Associative Property (+)	Fourths	Line
Add	Halves	Line Segment
Sum	Soths	Open Shape
Frequency table	Thirds	Plane Shape
Key	Whole	Point
Picture Graph	Fraction	Ray
Bar Graph	Unit Fraction	Two-Dimensional Shape
Horizontal Bar Graph	Denominator	Angle
Scale	Numerator	Congruent
Vertical Bar Graph	Fraction Greater than 1	Right angle
Equal Groups	Equivalent	Vertex
Factor	Equivalent Fractions	Decagon
Multiply	Greater Than	Hexagon
Product	Less Than	Octagon
Апау	Equal To	Pentagon
Commutative Property (x)	Minute	Polygon
Identity Property (x)	AM.	Quadrilateral
Zero Property (x)	Half Past	Side
Multiple	Quarter Past	Triangle
Associative Property	Quarter To	Intersecting Lines
Distributive Property (x)	Midright	Parallel Lines
Equation	Noon	Perpendicular Lines
Divide	P.M.	Rectangle
Dividend	Elapsed Time	Rhombus
Divisor	Liquid Volume	Square
Quotient	Liter	Trapezoid

3RD GRADE MATH VOCABULARY PLAYS A CRUCIAL ROLE IN DEVELOPING A SOLID FOUNDATION FOR STUDENTS AS THEY PROGRESS THROUGH THEIR EDUCATION. AS CHILDREN MOVE FROM BASIC ARITHMETIC TO MORE COMPLEX CONCEPTS, UNDERSTANDING THE LANGUAGE OF MATHEMATICS BECOMES ESSENTIAL. THIS ARTICLE WILL EXPLORE KEY TERMS AND CONCEPTS THAT 3RD GRADERS SHOULD BE FAMILIAR WITH, ALONG WITH TIPS FOR PARENTS AND EDUCATORS ON HOW TO EFFECTIVELY TEACH THIS VOCABULARY.

### IMPORTANCE OF 3RD GRADE MATH VOCABULARY

UNDERSTANDING MATH VOCABULARY IS VITAL FOR SEVERAL REASONS:

- COMPREHENSION: FAMILIARITY WITH MATHEMATICAL TERMS HELPS STUDENTS COMPREHEND PROBLEMS AND INSTRUCTIONS BETTER.
- **Problem-Solving:** Knowing the language of math allows students to articulate their thought processes and solve problems more effectively.

• Foundation for Future Learning: A strong grasp of vocabulary sets the stage for more advanced mathematical concepts in later grades.

### ESSENTIAL 3RD GRADE MATH VOCABULARY TERMS

Below is a list of essential 3rd grade math vocabulary terms that students should know, along with their definitions and examples.

#### 1. ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION TERMS

- SUM: THE RESULT OF ADDING TWO OR MORE NUMBERS TOGETHER.

Example: 2 + 3 = 5; Here, 5 is the sum.

- DIFFERENCE: THE RESULT OF SUBTRACTING ONE NUMBER FROM ANOTHER.

Example: 5 - 2 = 3; Here, 3 is the difference.

- ADDEND: A NUMBER THAT IS ADDED TO ANOTHER NUMBER.

Example:  $\ln 4 + 6$ , both 4 and 6 are addends.

- MINUEND: THE NUMBER FROM WHICH ANOTHER NUMBER IS SUBTRACTED.

Example: In 7 - 2, 7 is the minuend.

- SUBTRAHEND: THE NUMBER THAT IS SUBTRACTED FROM ANOTHER NUMBER.

Example: In 7 - 2, 2 is the subtrahend.

#### 2. MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION TERMS

- PRODUCT: THE RESULT OF MULTIPLYING TWO OR MORE NUMBERS TOGETHER.

Example:  $3 \times 4 = 12$ ; Here, 12 is the product.

- FACTOR: A NUMBER THAT IS MULTIPLIED BY ANOTHER NUMBER.

Example:  $\ln 3 \times 4$ , both 3 and 4 are factors.

- QUOTIENT: THE RESULT OF DIVIDING ONE NUMBER BY ANOTHER.

Example:  $12 \div 3 = 4$ ; Here, 4 is the quotient.

- DIVIDEND: THE NUMBER THAT IS BEING DIVIDED.

Example: In 12 ÷ 3, 12 is the dividend.

- DIVISOR: THE NUMBER BY WHICH THE DIVIDEND IS DIVIDED.

Example: In  $12 \div 3$ , 3 is the divisor.

#### 3. MEASUREMENT TERMS

- LENGTH: THE MEASUREMENT OF SOMETHING FROM END TO END.

EXAMPLE: A RULER MEASURES LENGTH IN INCHES OR CENTIMETERS.

- WIDTH: THE MEASUREMENT OF SOMETHING FROM SIDE TO SIDE.

EXAMPLE: THE WIDTH OF A BOX IS HOW WIDE IT IS ACROSS.

- AREA: THE AMOUNT OF SPACE INSIDE A SHAPE, MEASURED IN SQUARE UNITS.

EXAMPLE: THE AREA OF A RECTANGLE IS CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING LENGTH BY WIDTH.

- PERIMETER: THE TOTAL DISTANCE AROUND A SHAPE.

EXAMPLE: THE PERIMETER OF A RECTANGLE CAN BE FOUND BY ADDING TOGETHER ALL FOUR SIDES.

### 4. GEOMETRY TERMS

- ANGLE: THE FIGURE FORMED BY TWO RAYS, CALLED THE SIDES OF THE ANGLE, SHARING A COMMON ENDPOINT, CALLED THE VERTEX.

EXAMPLE: ANGLES CAN BE MEASURED IN DEGREES.

- Triangle: A three-sided polygon.

EXAMPLE: TRIANGLES CAN BE CLASSIFIED AS EQUILATERAL, ISOSCELES, OR SCALENE.

- RECTANGLE: A FOUR-SIDED POLYGON (QUADRILATERAL) WITH OPPOSITE SIDES THAT ARE EQUAL IN LENGTH.

EXAMPLE: A COMMON SHAPE USED IN EVERYDAY OBJECTS LIKE BOOKS AND DOORS.

- CIRCLE: A ROUND SHAPE WHERE EVERY POINT ON THE EDGE IS EQUIDISTANT FROM THE CENTER.

EXAMPLE: A PIZZA IS A PRACTICAL EXAMPLE OF A CIRCLE.

#### 5. DATA AND GRAPHING TERMS

- GRAPH: A VISUAL REPRESENTATION OF DATA.

EXAMPLE: BAR GRAPHS AND LINE GRAPHS HELP IN UNDERSTANDING DATA TRENDS.

- BAR GRAPH: A GRAPH THAT USES BARS TO SHOW COMPARISONS BETWEEN CATEGORIES.

EXAMPLE: A BAR GRAPH COULD COMPARE THE NUMBER OF APPLES, ORANGES, AND BANANAS SOLD IN A WEEK.

- LINE PLOT: A GRAPH THAT SHOWS DATA POINTS ALONG A NUMBER LINE.

EXAMPLE: A LINE PLOT CAN SHOW HOW MANY STUDENTS SCORED EACH GRADE ON A TEST.

- MODE: THE NUMBER THAT APPEARS MOST FREQUENTLY IN A DATA SET.

Example: In the data set  $\{2, 3, 4, 4, 5\}$ , the mode is 4.

# STRATEGIES FOR TEACHING 3RD GRADE MATH VOCABULARY

TEACHING MATH VOCABULARY EFFECTIVELY CAN ENHANCE STUDENTS' UNDERSTANDING AND RETENTION OF MATHEMATICAL CONCEPTS. HERE ARE SOME STRATEGIES FOR EDUCATORS AND PARENTS:

### 1. USE VISUAL AIDS

VISUAL AIDS SUCH AS CHARTS, DIAGRAMS, AND MANIPULATIVES CAN HELP STUDENTS GRASP ABSTRACT CONCEPTS. FOR INSTANCE, USING PHYSICAL OBJECTS TO DEMONSTRATE ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION CAN MAKE THESE OPERATIONS MORE TANGIBLE.

#### 2. INCORPORATE GAMES AND ACTIVITIES

ENGAGING GAMES LIKE MATH BINGO, MATCHING TERMS WITH DEFINITIONS, OR INTERACTIVE ONLINE QUIZZES CAN MAKE LEARNING VOCABULARY FUN. CONSIDER USING EDUCATIONAL APPS THAT FOCUS ON MATH VOCABULARY.

### 3. ENCOURAGE COLLABORATIVE LEARNING

GROUP ACTIVITIES ENCOURAGE STUDENTS TO DISCUSS VOCABULARY TERMS WITH THEIR PEERS. THIS COLLABORATION FOSTERS A DEEPER UNDERSTANDING AND HELPS STUDENTS LEARN FROM ONE ANOTHER.

#### 4. CONTEXTUAL LEARNING

ENCOURAGE STUDENTS TO USE MATH VOCABULARY IN REAL-LIFE SITUATIONS. FOR EXAMPLE, WHEN COOKING, THEY CAN MEASURE INGREDIENTS, DISCUSSING LENGTH AND VOLUME, WHICH REINFORCES THEIR UNDERSTANDING OF MEASUREMENT TERMS.

### 5. REGULAR REVIEW AND PRACTICE

REGULARLY REVISITING VOCABULARY TERMS THROUGH QUIZZES, FLASHCARDS, OR VERBAL DISCUSSIONS CAN HELP SOLIDIFY STUDENTS' UNDERSTANDING. FREQUENT PRACTICE ENSURES THAT TERMS REMAIN FRESH IN THEIR MINDS.

### CONCLUSION

In summary, a strong command of **3rd grade math vocabulary** is essential for students as they navigate through various mathematical concepts. By understanding key terms related to addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, measurement, geometry, and data, students can improve their problem-solving skills and mathematical reasoning. Educators and parents can employ various strategies, including visual aids, games, and collaborative learning, to make vocabulary acquisition engaging and effective. With continued practice and support, students can build a robust mathematical foundation that will serve them well in their future studies.

# FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

### WHAT IS THE DEFINITION OF 'SUM' IN MATH?

THE SUM IS THE RESULT OF ADDING TWO OR MORE NUMBERS TOGETHER.

### WHAT DOES 'DIFFERENCE' MEAN IN MATHEMATICS?

THE DIFFERENCE IS THE RESULT OF SUBTRACTING ONE NUMBER FROM ANOTHER.

### WHAT IS A 'FRACTION'?

A FRACTION REPRESENTS A PART OF A WHOLE AND CONSISTS OF A NUMERATOR (TOP NUMBER) AND A DENOMINATOR (BOTTOM NUMBER).

### WHAT DOES 'EQUAL' MEAN IN MATH?

EQUAL MEANS THAT TWO QUANTITIES ARE THE SAME IN VALUE OR AMOUNT, OFTEN REPRESENTED BY THE  $^{\prime}=^{\prime}$  SYMBOL.

### WHAT IS A 'PRODUCT' IN MATH?

THE PRODUCT IS THE RESULT OF MULTIPLYING TWO OR MORE NUMBERS TOGETHER.

### WHAT DOES 'GREATER THAN' SIGNIFY?

GREATER THAN INDICATES THAT ONE NUMBER IS LARGER THAN ANOTHER, OFTEN REPRESENTED BY THE '>' SYMBOL.

# WHAT IS THE MEANING OF 'PLACE VALUE'?

PLACE VALUE REFERS TO THE VALUE OF A DIGIT BASED ON ITS POSITION IN A NUMBER.

### WHAT DOES 'PERIMETER' REFER TO?

PERIMETER IS THE TOTAL DISTANCE AROUND THE OUTSIDE OF A SHAPE.

### WHAT IS A 'PATTERN' IN MATH?

A PATTERN IS A REPEATED OR PREDICTABLE SEQUENCE OF NUMBERS, SHAPES, OR COLORS.

### WHAT DOES 'ESTIMATE' MEAN IN MATH?

TO ESTIMATE MEANS TO FIND A VALUE THAT IS CLOSE TO AN ACTUAL AMOUNT, OFTEN USED FOR QUICK CALCULATIONS.

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# **3rd Grade Math Vocabulary**

### What do we call the "rd" in " $3^{rd}$ " and the "th" in " $9^{th}$ "?

Aug 23,  $2014 \cdot \text{Our numbers}$  have a specific two-letter combination that tells us how the number sounds. For example 9th 3rd 301st What do we call these special sounds?

 $1st \square 2nd \square 3rd \square ... 10th \square ...$ 

 $3rd \square 3th \square \square - \square \square \square \square$ 

#### $3rd \square 3th \square \square - \square \square \square$

 $\square \square \square \square$  3rd 10th 25th 50th 75th 90th 97th  $\square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square$ 

 $\square\square\square 3rd\square 3th\square\square - \square\square\square\square$ 

\_\_\_\_rd\_th\_\_\_\_\_- - \_\_\_\_

#### Ordinal 3: 3rd vs 3d - English Language & Usage Stack Exchange

What is the most correct form for 3 in ordinal form: 3rd or 3d? I know both are valid. But I heard that 3rd is something like spoken form and it's grammatically correct to use 3d.

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1st   2nd   3rd   10th
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Boost your child's learning with essential 3rd grade math vocabulary! Explore key terms and tips to enhance their understanding. Learn more now!

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