

100 Most Common French Verbs

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accepter	to accept	empêcher	to prevent	rappeler	to call back
agir	to act	entendre	to hear	recevoir	to receive
aimer	to like	entrer	to enter	reconnaître	to recognise
ajouter	to add	essayer	to try	refuser	to refuse
aller	to go	être	to be	relever	to raise
appartenir	to belong	exister	to exist	remettre	to replace
appeler	to call	expliquer	to explain	rencontrer	to meet
apporter	to bring	faire	to make	rendre	to give back
apprendre	to learn	falloir	to have to	répondre	to reply
arriver	to arrive	gagner	to win	reprandre	to resume
assurer	to secure	importer	to import	représenter	to represent
atteindre	to reach	jouer	to play	rester	to stay
attendre	to wait	laisser	to leave	retrouver	to find
avoir	to have	lire	to read	réussir	to succeed
changer	to change	mener	to lead	revenir	to return
chercher	to look for	mettre	to put	risquer	to risk
choisir	to choose	montrer	to show	savoir	to know
commencer	to begin	obtenir	to obtain	sembler	to seem
comprendre	to understand	occuper	to occupy	servir	to serve
compter	to count	ouvrir	to open up	sortir	to go out
concerner	to affect	parler	to speak	sulvre	to follow
connaître	to know	partir	to leave	tenir	to hold
considérer	to consider	passer	to pass	tenter	to tempt
continuer	to continue	penser	to think	tirer	to pull
créer	to create	perdre	to lose	toucher	to touch
croire	to believe in	permettre	to allow	travailler	to work
décider	to decide	porter	to wear	trouver	to find
défendre	to defend	poser	to put down	utiliser	to use
demander	to ask	pouvoir	to be able to	venir	to come
devenir	to become	prendre	to take	vivre	to live
devoir	to have to	préparer	to prepare	voir	to see
dire	to say, to tell	présenter	to present	vouloir	to want
donner	to give	produire	to produce		
écrire	to write	proposer	to suggest		

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The 100 most common French verbs are essential for anyone looking to learn the language or improve their proficiency. Understanding these verbs can significantly enhance your communication skills, enabling you to express everyday actions, thoughts, and emotions. In this article, we will explore the list of the 100 most common French verbs, their meanings, conjugations, and usage in sentences, along with tips for mastering them.

Why Learning Common French Verbs is Important

Learning the most common French verbs is crucial for several reasons:

1. **Foundation of Communication:** Verbs are the backbone of sentences, expressing actions or states of being. Knowing these verbs allows you to form basic sentences and questions.
2. **Improved Understanding:** A solid grasp of common verbs helps in understanding conversations, books, films, and other media in French.
3. **Building Vocabulary:** Mastering these verbs can serve as a stepping stone to learning more complex structures and vocabulary.
4. **Cultural Insight:** Many verbs are deeply embedded in French culture and idiomatic expressions, enhancing your cultural understanding.

The 100 Most Common French Verbs

Here is a list of the 100 most common French verbs, along with their English translations:

1. être - to be
2. avoir - to have
3. faire - to do/make
4. dire - to say/tell
5. aller - to go
6. voir - to see
7. savoir - to know (facts)
8. pouvoir - to be able to/can
9. vouloir - to want
10. venir - to come
11. devoir - to have to/must
12. prendre - to take
13. trouver - to find

14. donner - to give
15. parler - to speak
16. mettre - to put
17. demander - to ask
18. répondre - to answer
19. sembler - to seem
20. laisser - to leave/let
21. rester - to stay
22. penser - to think
23. entendre - to hear
24. regarder - to watch/look at
25. réussir - to succeed
26. sortir - to go out/leave
27. vivre - to live
28. chercher - to search for
29. appeler - to call
30. arriver - to arrive
31. connaître - to know (people)
32. croire - to believe
33. avoir besoin de - to need
34. penser à - to think about
35. travailler - to work
36. utiliser - to use
37. jouer - to play
38. manger - to eat
39. acheter - to buy

40. vendre - to sell
41. fermer - to close
42. ouvrir - to open
43. rester - to remain
44. devenir - to become
45. apprendre - to learn
46. montrer - to show
47. écrire - to write
48. lire - to read
49. réfléchir - to reflect
50. préciser - to specify
51. réserver - to reserve
52. expliquer - to explain
53. réparer - to repair
54. porter - to wear/carry
55. passer - to pass/spend (time)
56. décider - to decide
57. changer - to change
58. commencer - to start
59. finir - to finish
60. demander - to request
61. saluer - to greet
62. rappeler - to remind/call back
63. toucher - to touch
64. réussir à - to manage to
65. parvenir à - to reach

66. réduire - to reduce
67. atteindre - to reach/attain
68. réagir - to react
69. revenir - to come back
70. s'occuper de - to take care of
71. souhaiter - to wish
72. apporter - to bring
73. exiger - to demand
74. accepter - to accept
75. refuser - to refuse
76. savoir faire - to know how to do
77. obtenir - to obtain/get
78. perdre - to lose
79. gagner - to win/earn
80. se souvenir de - to remember
81. rester - to remain
82. regretter - to regret
83. comprendre - to understand
84. exiger - to require
85. promettre - to promise
86. considérer - to consider
87. rechercher - to search
88. mouvoir - to move
89. présenter - to present
90. montrer - to show
91. réunir - to gather

- 92. interroger - to question
- 93. nourrir - to feed
- 94. partager - to share
- 95. trouver - to find
- 96. proposer - to propose
- 97. confirmer - to confirm
- 98. réaliser - to realize
- 99. apaiser - to calm
- 100. engager - to engage
- 101. rappeler - to recall

Conjugation Patterns of Common French Verbs

Understanding the conjugation of these verbs is vital to using them correctly in sentences. French verbs are categorized into three main groups based on their endings:

1. -ER Verbs: The most common group (e.g., parler, aimer).
2. -IR Verbs: The second most common group (e.g., finir, choisir).
3. -RE Verbs: The least common group (e.g., vendre, attendre).

Example Conjugations

Here are examples of how to conjugate these verbs in the present tense:

- Parler (to speak) - Regular -ER Verb
 - Je parle (I speak)
 - Tu parles (You speak)
 - Il/Elle/On parle (He/She/One speaks)
 - Nous parlons (We speak)
 - Vous parlez (You speak)
 - Ils/Elles parlent (They speak)
- Finir (to finish) - Regular -IR Verb
 - Je finis (I finish)
 - Tu finis (You finish)

- Il/Elle/On finit (He/She/One finishes)
- Nous finissons (We finish)
- Vous finissez (You finish)
- Ils/Elles finissent (They finish)
- Vendre (to sell) - Regular -RE Verb
- Je vends (I sell)
- Tu vends (You sell)
- Il/Elle/On vend (He/She/One sells)
- Nous vendons (We sell)
- Vous vendez (You sell)
- Ils/Elles vendent (They sell)

Tips for Mastering French Verbs

1. Practice Regularly: Consistent practice is key. Use flashcards or apps to reinforce your memory.
2. Use in Context: Form sentences using the verbs you learn. This helps in remembering their meanings and conjugations.
3. Engage with French Media: Watch French movies or listen to French music. Pay attention to how verbs are used in context.
4. Speak with Native Speakers: Engage in conversation

Frequently Asked Questions

What are the top three most common French verbs?

The top three most common French verbs are 'être' (to be), 'avoir' (to have), and 'aller' (to go).

How can I effectively learn the 100 most common French verbs?

To effectively learn the 100 most common French verbs, use flashcards, practice conjugation, engage in conversation, and immerse yourself in French media.

Why are the 100 most common French verbs important for language learners?

The 100 most common French verbs are essential for language learners because they form the foundation of everyday conversations and are frequently used in various contexts.

What is the difference between 'avoir' and 'être' in French?

'Avoir' (to have) is used to indicate possession or to form compound tenses, while 'être' (to be) is used to describe states of being and as an auxiliary verb for certain verbs in the passé composé.

Can you name five regular French verbs?

Five regular French verbs are 'parler' (to speak), 'finir' (to finish), 'vendre' (to sell), 'aimer' (to love), and 'travailler' (to work).

What is a common mistake learners make with French verb conjugation?

A common mistake learners make is confusing the conjugation of irregular verbs, especially in the passé composé, where they may not apply the correct auxiliary verb or past participle.

How do reflexive verbs differ from regular verbs in French?

Reflexive verbs in French require a reflexive pronoun (like 'me', 'te', 'se') that indicates the subject performs the action on itself, whereas regular verbs do not have this requirement.

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