

# 10 4 Inscribed Angles Answer Key

NAME KEY DATE \_\_\_\_\_ PERIOD \_\_\_\_\_

## 10-4 Skills Practice

### Inscribed Angles

In  $\odot S$ ,  $m\widehat{KL} = 80$ ,  $m\widehat{LM} = 100$ , and  $m\widehat{MN} = 60$ . Find the measure of each angle.

- $m\angle 1 = 50$
- $m\angle 2 = 60$
- $m\angle 3 = 30$
- $m\angle 4 = 40$
- $m\angle 5 = 40$
- $m\angle 6 = 30$

ALGEBRA Find the measure of each numbered angle for each figure.

7.  $m\angle 1 = 5x - 2$ ,  $m\angle 2 = 2x + 8$

8.  $m\angle 1 = 5x$ ,  $m\angle 3 = 3x + 10$ ,  
 $m\angle 4 = y + 7$ ,  $m\angle 6 = 3y + 11$

$5x - 2 + 2x + 8 + 90 = 180$   
 $5x - 2 + 2x + 8 = 90$   
 $7x + 6 = 90$   
 $7x = 84$   
 $x = 12$

$5x + 3x + 10 = 90$   
 $8x = 80$   
 $x = 10$

$5x + 3x + 10 + y + 7 + 3y + 11 = 360$   
 $8x + 10 + 4y + 18 = 360$   
 $8x + 4y = 332$   
 $4y + 18 = 90$   
 $4y = 72$   
 $y = 18$

$\angle 1 = 58$   
 $\angle 2 = 32$

$\angle 1 = 50$   
 $\angle 2 = 40$   
 $\angle 3 = 25$   
 $\angle 4 = 65$

Quadrilateral  $RSTU$  is inscribed in  $\odot P$  such that  $m\widehat{STU} = 220$  and  $m\angle S = 95$ . Find each measure.

- $m\angle R = 110$
- $m\angle T = 70$
- $m\angle U = 85$
- $m\widehat{SRU} = 140$
- $m\widehat{RUT} = 190$
- $m\widehat{RST} = 170$

Chapter 10

29

Glencoe Geometry

Lesson 10-4

**10 4 inscribed angles answer key** is a topic that often arises in geometry, particularly when studying the properties of circles. Inscribed angles are formed by two chords in a circle that share an endpoint. Understanding these angles is crucial because they play a vital role in many geometric proofs and real-world applications. In this article, we will explore the concept of inscribed angles, their properties, and provide a comprehensive answer key for the "10 4 inscribed angles" exercise.

## Understanding Inscribed Angles

An inscribed angle is defined as an angle formed by two chords in a circle that meet at a point on the circle.

The vertex of the inscribed angle lies on the circumference of the circle. The two chords create an angle that intercepts an arc on the circle.

## Properties of Inscribed Angles

Inscribed angles have several important properties:

1. **The Inscribed Angle Theorem:** The measure of an inscribed angle is half the measure of the arc it intercepts. If an inscribed angle intercepts an arc that measures  $x^\circ$  degrees, then the inscribed angle itself measures  $\frac{x}{2}^\circ$  degrees.
2. **Angles Subtended by the Same Arc:** Inscribed angles that intercept the same arc are equal. For example, if two inscribed angles intercept the same arc, they will measure the same.
3. **Angles in a Semicircle:** An inscribed angle that intercepts a semicircle (i.e., it opens to a diameter) is a right angle (90 degrees).
4. **Cyclic Quadrilaterals:** In a cyclic quadrilateral (a four-sided figure where all vertices lie on a circle), opposite angles are supplementary (they add up to 180 degrees).

## Applications of Inscribed Angles

Inscribed angles are not only theoretical; they have practical applications in various fields, including:

- **Architecture:** Understanding the properties of circles and angles can help architects design structures that require circular elements.
- **Engineering:** Engineers use these principles to analyze forces in circular structures and mechanical systems.
- **Astronomy:** The concept of inscribed angles can be applied in celestial navigation and the study of orbits.

## Exploring the "10 4 Inscribed Angles" Exercise

The "10 4 inscribed angles" exercise typically involves finding the measures of various inscribed angles based on given arcs. Below, we will discuss the steps to solve these types of problems and provide an answer key.

# Solving Inscribed Angle Problems

To successfully solve problems related to inscribed angles:

1. Identify the Inscribed Angle: Determine which angle is inscribed and which arc it intercepts.
2. Measure the Intercepted Arc: Find the measure of the arc that the inscribed angle is intercepting.
3. Apply the Inscribed Angle Theorem: Use the theorem to find the measure of the angle. Remember that the inscribed angle is half of the intercepted arc.
4. Check for Additional Properties: If there are multiple angles or arcs, check if they share the same arc or are subtended by the same points.

## Answer Key for "10 4 Inscribed Angles" Exercise

Here is a hypothetical answer key for a "10 4 inscribed angles" exercise, assuming various intercepted arcs and angles:

1. Angle A intercepts arc BC measuring 80 degrees.  
- Measure of Angle A:  $(80/2 = 40)$  degrees.
2. Angle B intercepts arc DE measuring 60 degrees.  
- Measure of Angle B:  $(60/2 = 30)$  degrees.
3. Angle C intercepts arc FG measuring 120 degrees.  
- Measure of Angle C:  $(120/2 = 60)$  degrees.
4. Angle D intercepts arc HI measuring 150 degrees.  
- Measure of Angle D:  $(150/2 = 75)$  degrees.
5. Angle E intercepts the same arc as Angle C (arc FG).  
- Measure of Angle E:  $(60)$  degrees (same as Angle C).
6. Angle F intercepts arc JK measuring 90 degrees.  
- Measure of Angle F:  $(90/2 = 45)$  degrees.
7. Angle G intercepts arc LM measuring 40 degrees.  
- Measure of Angle G:  $(40/2 = 20)$  degrees.
8. Angle H intercepts arc NO measuring 180 degrees (semicircle).

- Measure of Angle H:  $\left( \frac{180}{2} = 90 \right)$  degrees.

9. Angle I intercepts arc PQ measuring 100 degrees.

- Measure of Angle I:  $\left( \frac{100}{2} = 50 \right)$  degrees.

10. Angle J intercepts arc RS measuring 70 degrees.

- Measure of Angle J:  $\left( \frac{70}{2} = 35 \right)$  degrees.

## Conclusion

**10 4 inscribed angles answer key** serves as a valuable resource for students and educators alike, enhancing understanding of inscribed angles and their properties. By applying the inscribed angle theorem and recognizing the relationships between angles and arcs, one can solve various problems related to circles. Mastery of these concepts not only aids in academic success but also equips individuals with essential skills applicable in real-world scenarios. Whether in architecture, engineering, or astronomy, the principles of inscribed angles are fundamental to understanding and manipulating circular geometry.

## Frequently Asked Questions

### What is an inscribed angle in a circle?

An inscribed angle is formed by two chords in a circle that share an endpoint. The vertex of the angle is on the circle, and the sides of the angle are formed by the two chords.

### How do you calculate the measure of an inscribed angle?

The measure of an inscribed angle is half the measure of the intercepted arc. If the arc measures 80 degrees, the inscribed angle measures 40 degrees.

### What is the relationship between inscribed angles that intercept the same arc?

Inscribed angles that intercept the same arc are always equal. This means if two different inscribed angles open to the same arc, they will have the same measure.

### Can an inscribed angle be larger than 90 degrees?

Yes, an inscribed angle can be larger than 90 degrees. However, the arc it intercepts must be less than 180 degrees; otherwise, the angle will be considered obtuse.

## What is the significance of the inscribed angle theorem in geometry?

The inscribed angle theorem is significant because it helps in solving various geometric problems related to circles, especially in finding unknown angle measures and arc lengths.

## How are inscribed angles used in real-world applications?

Inscribed angles are used in various fields, including engineering and architecture, to design curved structures and ensure accurate measurements in circular designs.

## What are some common mistakes when working with inscribed angles?

Common mistakes include miscalculating the measure of the intercepted arc, forgetting that inscribed angles that intercept the same arc are equal, and confusing inscribed angles with central angles.

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